



Findings from the QRS Assessment Project

November 16, 2011

Presentation at the Joint Meeting of the State and Territory CCDF Administrators and the Child Care Policy Research Consortium



In-Depth Study of Quality Measurement



Questions of Interest

- How is quality measured in QRIS?
 - Are QRIS ratings valid? How well are ratings capturing child care quality?
 - Are QRIS ratings reliable? Are ratings assigned in a consistent and systematic manner?





Are QRIS Ratings Valid Measures of Quality?

- Validity ensures that the ratings are meaningful
- What affects validity?
 - Components of the ratings
 - Breadth and depth
 - Construction of the ratings
 - How components are combined
 - Where the cut-points are for each level

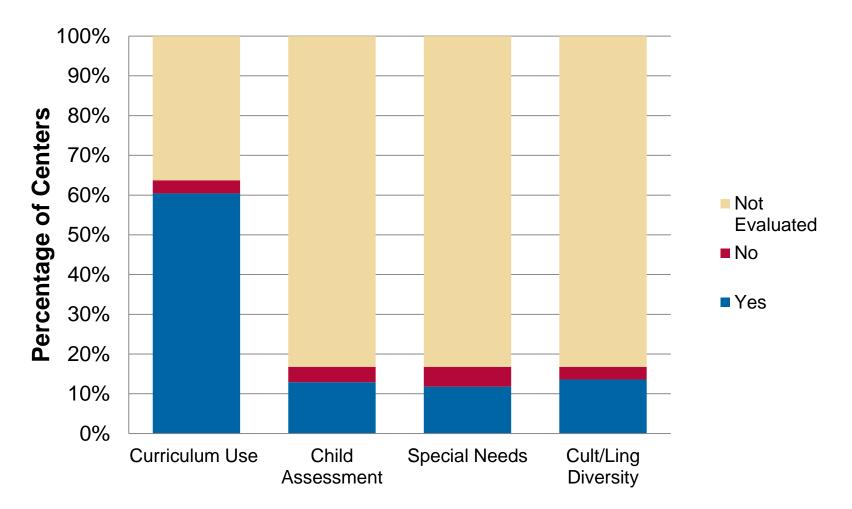


Components of Ratings are Growing Broader

	FL-MD	IL	IN	PA	TN
Ratio and Group Size	\checkmark				\checkmark
Health and Safety		\checkmark		\checkmark	
Staff Qualifications	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Environment	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Family Partnerships	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Administration and Management	\checkmark	✓	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark
Curriculum	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Child Assessment	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Cultural and Linguistic Diversity	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark		
Provisions for Special Needs	✓	✓	~	✓	



Some Components are Not Measured for All Providers



Source: Analysis of data from Illinois, Miami-Dade, Florida and Tennessee conducted as part of the QRS Assessment project.

- Composition of ratings are influenced by accreditation and licensing standards
 - Requirements for the highest rating are similar
 - More variation in requirements at lower levels
- No compelling rationale for number of levels or specific cut-points in intermediate levels



Other Issues Affecting Validity

- Setting high standards vs. encouraging participation
- Creating an inclusive and fair system vs. recognizing fundamental differences between providers
 - Level 2 center = Level 2 family child care provider?
 - Level 2 center = Level 2 Head Start?
- Setting specific requirements at each level vs. providing multiple ways to achieve each

– Level 2 center = Level 2 center?

- Reliability ensures that ratings are assigned systematically and consistently
- What affects reliability?
 - Standardization of procedures
 - Training of assessors and raters
 - Maintaining procedures over time and between raters
 - Sources of data



Procedures for ERS Assessments

- Based on ERS developers' guidance
- Challenges and areas of inconsistency
 - Training to reliability with ERS developers
 - Completing multiple scales
 - Mix of announced/unannounced visits
 - Sampling classrooms

Procedures for Other Components

- Procedures for gathering evidence (apart from ERS) are just beginning to be standardized
- Training protocol for assessment of non-ERS components is less formal
 - No set protocol for maintaining inter-rater reliability
- Varied approaches and data sources
 - Document review
 - Director interview
 - Observation
 - Standardized assessment



- Goals for validity and reliability evolve as systems continue to grow
- Availability of resources influences breadth and depth of measures, and data collection procedures
- Systematic data collection is important for monitoring progress and ongoing refinement
- Transparency and communication with providers is key



For More Information on the QRS Assessment Project

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