Research Connections conducted a comprehensive search of its collection for resources focused on child care decision-making. This Key Topic Resource List includes an overview and listing of selected resources from the literature.

Resources of various types— including reports and papers, fact sheets and briefs, summaries, and reviews are included. Selection criteria included policy relevance and relatively recent publication (from the years 2000 to 2008). Resources prior to 2000 were selected if they were based on studies of national samples. Based on the search results, resources were grouped into the following categories (Note: resources in this literature commonly explored multiple factors of child care choice and often included several of the topics below. Resources were therefore grouped into categories based on the main child care choice determinant of interest in the study):

- Choice by parental characteristics: income, marital status, race/ethnicity, culture, language, immigrant status, mental health, & location
- Choice by child characteristics: age (infants/toddlers and school-age) & special needs
- Choice and parental employment: employment status, work schedule (i.e. full-time, part-time, & non-standard hours) & welfare-to-work participation
- Selection of child care type
- Parent values/perceptions of quality
- Child care market characteristics: price, supply, and regulation
- Financial assistance: subsidy receipt, pre-k, Head Start
- Consumer education
- Research Reviews, guides, and instruments on Parental Choice

Within each category, resources are organized according to publisher type and publication date. Research Connections’ one-sentence descriptions are included for each resource.
Overview:

With the steady rise in the use of non-parental care over the last few decades and evidence that the type, quality, and reliability of care matters for both child outcomes and families’ economic outcomes—researchers have explored how families make child care decisions; how child care preferences are shaped by household, social, and market characteristics; and what constraints families face in selecting care.

Some researchers have tried to assess multiple determinants of child care decisions, while others have focused on isolating single factors affecting decision making (e.g. subsidy use). Various research methods and analytic techniques have been used to understand families’ child care choices including: descriptive, multivariate analysis, quasi-experimental, and some structural equation models and econometric models. Researchers have also mostly focused on child care use patterns, on factors associated with these patterns, or on parental preferences. Research on parents’ actual decision-making process, meaning how they weigh their preferences and other factors to make a child care choice, is more recently emerging. Researchers are still grappling with the best research questions and approaches to understanding child care decision-making.

Research questions include:

- How is child care choice affected by child and family characteristics?
- How does child care cost and maternal employment influence child care choice?
- Do parent values and perceptions of child care quality affect choice?
- Do financial assistance programs influence child care decisions?
- Is there a disconnect between parents’ child care preferences and child care options available to them? How do parents make a child care decision when considering their preferences and other factors?

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Choice by parental characteristics: income, marital status, race/ethnicity, culture, language, immigrant status, mental health, & location

Government


Washington, DC: U.S. Administration for Children and Families

A study of families’ decisions regarding employment and child care arrangements, examining variations by child’s age, mother’s race, and other family characteristics, and assessing the impact of child care subsidies and other state and local policies on families’ choices
A study of the responses of 17 states and 25 communities to the child care needs of low-income families.

Journals

A study of the association between the use of multiple non-parental child care arrangements and factors such as family income, level of maternal labor force participation, child care quality, and parental satisfaction with care, based on a sample of 759 families with working mothers

A study of the relative influence of various features of child care arrangements on maternal choice of arrangements, and a study of the association between these features and the characteristics of mothers, based on the questionnaire responses of 355 mothers

An examination of the relations among child care choices, maternal employment, and regional economic growth, including the importance of community work/family support systems

An overview of research on the determinants of child care use and choice, including socioeconomic status, demographic characteristics, price, parental employment status, and quality of care

A study using data from the Philadelphia Survey of Child Care and Work (PSCCW) to examine the relationship between depression in low income working mothers and welfare participation, employment, and child care quality

A study of factors affecting low-income parents’ decisions about which type of child care to select, including race, education, local availability of programs, language, marital status, and number of working hours in a sample of 1,974 parents

A study of the ideal child care preferences of low income African-American parents asked to express interest in and assign prices to hypothetical and randomly-generated descriptions of child care settings, based on the responses of 141 parents from Philadelphia


An examination of the influence of income, maternal employment hours, parental preference, and perceived risk to children on the out of school hours care choices of both single mothers and parents in two-working-parent families, based on data collected from a multistage-stratified sample of households from across the United States


An exploration of factors associated with child care choice and maternal perceptions of child care quality, such as maternal demographics, child characteristics, and available child care options, based on data collected from 1,001 low income mothers from each region of one state


A study of child care selection, influenced by family characteristics and parenting practices and beliefs, as a mediating variable in the correlation between child care quality and child developmental outcomes, based on data collected from samples of families in five states


A comparison of the child care practices and preferences of native and foreign-born Latina mothers compared to European-American mothers in southern California


A study of parental selection of center-based child care, focusing on the influences of ethnicity, family structure, parental beliefs, and home language


A study of the relationship between the selection of center-based child care and household composition, race, and parenting beliefs, based on data collected from a sample of families from across the United States
A review of data from the 1990 National Child Care Survey examining the relationship between parents' personal characteristics and child care arrangement choices

A study on the importance of child care characteristics in parental child care decisions, using data from the National Longitudinal Survey of the High School Class of 1972

**Universities & Research Organizations**

An examination of child care arrangements among families in low-income urban neighborhoods, using longitudinal data from interviews with 42 mothers of preschool children in New York City

**Other**

A qualitative study of the child care arrangements of 42 low income single working mothers in New York City, based on interviews and observations collected over three years in the period following passage of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act (PRWORA) OF 1996

An overview of factors influencing child care decisions of working mothers and the implications on public policy, in the late-1980s

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**Choice by child characteristics: age (infants/toddlers & school-age) & special needs**

**Infants**

**Journals**

A qualitative study of British mothers' beliefs in terms of infant child care and employment, examining reasons for returning to work, process of selecting child care, range and type of advice received, and involvement of fathers
Riley, Lisa & Glass, J. L. (2002). *You can't always get what you want: Infant care preferences and use among employed mothers* Journal of Marriage and the Family, 64(1), 2-15
An exploration of mothers’ preferences for child care, the care they use, and reasons for their choices, based on a regional Midwest sample of 247 pregnant women who returned to paid employment within the first year postpartum and used non-maternal child care

An examination of the quality of attachment representations of mothers who enrolled their child in a child care center as opposed to mothers who remained at home with their child

Universities & Research Organizations

A study of the types of child care used, the hours spent in child care, and number of child care arrangements experienced by infants and toddlers with working mothers, and a study of variations in child care use in this population by maternal education, family structure, income, and parental availability, based on a 1997 nationwide data set

School-age

Universities & Research Organizations

A study examining patterns of adolescent sibling child care usage by single- and two-parent families, using data from the 1996 Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP)

A report on the before- and after-school child care arrangements of working mothers in the United States and 12 states

Special Needs

Journals

Four vignettes, from the parental perspective, about the involvement of families and professionals in care decisions for children with disabilities

A multi-method study, focusing predominantly on Maine, of the challenges and barriers facing low-income working families with special needs children in finding and retaining child care services and in balancing work and family, based on parent interviews and focus groups, a field study, a child care provider survey, a parent survey, and an analysis of data from the 1997, 1999, and 2002 rounds of the National Survey of America's Families.

Choice and parental employment: employment status, work schedule, & welfare-to-work participation

Employment Status

Journals


Estimates of the effects of child-care subsidies, child care prices, income taxes, welfare payments, and wage rates on the employment and child care choices of single parents using Canadian and United States data.


An analysis of the relationship between non-maternal child care costs, quality, and availability and maternal employment, focusing on the probability that a mother of a young child will leave her current job.

Universities & Research Organizations


Work schedule (i.e. full-time, part-time, & non-standard hours)

Journals

A study of the relationship between parents’ work schedules and child care arrangements, using longitudinal data collected by the National Institute on Child Health and Human Development (NICHD) Early Child Care Research Network

A study on the relationship between child care price and the employment decisions of married and unmarried mothers.

Universities & Research Organizations

A quantitative study conducted with mothers on the relationship between child care and their employment outcomes

A presentation of two econometric models describing decision making processes of married working mothers: the type of care chosen by mothers working nonstandard work hours, and the choice to work non-standard hours when making employment and child care decisions simultaneously

Connelly, Rachel, Kimmel, Jean (2000). Marital status and full-time/part-time work status in child care choices: Changing the rules of the game Kalamazoo, MI: W.E. Upjohn Institute for Employment Research
Econometric models of marital status and full-time and part-time work status on child care choices utilizing the Survey of Income and Program Participation

Welfare-to-work participation

Journals

A study of the child care search and selection process of a convenience sample of 33 CalWORKS welfare-to-work participants in rural areas of Northern California
A study of cognitive and mental health outcomes of the children of several groups of teen mothers choosing different types of child care and different forms of education and training as part of the New Chance welfare-to-work program

An examination of factors affecting the child care decisions of mothers participating in welfare to work programs

Universities and Research Organizations

A study examining the behavior of single women moving from welfare to work as a result of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act (PRWORA) and their ability to find and provide child care during employment hours in Cleveland, Ohio

Hirshberg, Diane, Huang, Danny S.-C., Fuller, Bruce (2002). Welfare to work and child care selection: Which families use subsidies and home-based or center care? CA: Policy Analysis for California Education.
A study of child care subsidy use and use of home-based or center-based child care for 1,974 parents in California.

Selection of child care type

Government

A study of subsidized license-exempt child care providers through the Illinois Child Care Assistance program (CCAP) in home care settings for 3 or fewer children, with a focus on the perspectives of subsidized caregivers and parents

Journals

An investigation of child care choice, use, quality, and satisfaction among low income mothers participating in Wisconsin's welfare-to-work program

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An examination of the variables low-income mothers use when selecting child care.


An examination of urban, low-income mothers’ disproportionate use of informal child care arrangements

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**Universities & Research Organizations**


A study of the influence of financial and material resources, social network supports, interpersonal balance in the family, family goals and values, and the stability of the daily routine in changes or stability in child care choices, using data from the New Hope intervention


A study of the impact of family and child characteristics on low income parents’ use of child care, child care quality and receipt of child care subsidies.


A paper examining maternal choices in residential proximity to kin and the likelihood of use of kin provided child care.


A telephone interview survey of United States households with children under age 13 on use of child care and early childhood education

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**Parent values/perceptions of quality**

**Government**


An overview of factors considered by parents when deciding on child care arrangements.

A description of the meaning of program quality for a representative group of parents of children enrolled in public pre-kindergarten programs, with a comparison of educators’ and families’ conceptions of quality


A qualitative study of three mothers living in New York City who served as a source of information on child care and early education for each other, and an analysis of the knowledge and support they gained and the processes they used to acquire and share information


A study of child care selection, influenced by family characteristics and parenting practices and beliefs, as a mediating variable in the correlation between child care quality and child developmental outcomes, based on data collected from samples of families in five states


A study of the features of child care arrangements valued by parents with different demographic and family characteristics, based on the questionnaire responses of 235 parents in the market for child care from a metropolitan area in the Eastern United States

**Universities & Research Organizations**


A study of parents’ child care perceptions, decision-making factors, and processes in Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, and Nebraska


An examination of the relationship between parents' views and beliefs on early childhood development or childcare and the subsequent child care arrangement selected
Child Care market characteristics: price, supply, and regulation

Journals

An analysis of results from a 1999 Minnesota survey conducted by Wilder Research Center of 2450 families with children under 15, focusing on family, child, and market characteristics that predict type of child care used for the youngest child


An investigation of the effects of regulation on parental choice of child care and the indirect effects of regulation through the price, quality, and availability of care from the National Child Care Survey of 1990

Universities & Research Organizations

An overview of the child care market and policies affecting various preschool and after-school programs

An analysis of the effects of child care regulations on the price of child care, the type of care chosen, and the mothers’ decisions to work

Schumacher, Rachel, Irish, Kate, Greenberg, Mark H. (2003). *Untapped potential?: How states contract directly with providers to shore up child care choices for low-income families* Washington, DC: Center for Law and Social Policy
A study of the use of contracts between states and providers to increase the supply and quality of available child care and provide additional child care options for special needs populations and low income families
Financial Assistance: subsidy receipt, pre-k, & Head Start

Subsidy receipt

Journals

A study of the effect of expanded child care options in 13 experimental welfare and employment programs on single parents’ use of different types of child care for toddlers, preschoolers, and 5-8 year old children

An examination of the type and quality of child care arrangements made by parents in low-income families receiving child care subsidies, based on a sample of 111 African-American families in Philadelphia

A study of the relationship between child care subsidy receipt and mothers’ work experiences of welfare recipients in an urban Michigan county.

A four-year, longitudinal study measuring the influence of cultural and ecological factors on low income families' use of child care subsidies.

An analysis of why child care subsidies are underutilized among African-American families in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

Universities & Research Organizations

A study of the influence of subsidy receipt on the employment rates and child care choices of single mothers, based on questionnaire responses, collected in 1999, from 2,226 single mothers in a nationally representative sample of American families
A study of the household and community characteristics associated with the child care choices of families receiving child care subsidies, a presentation of econometric models of child care decision making for subsidy-receiving families, and a study of resulting changes in child care choices following a 2001 reform of subsidy policy, based on data collected from all Rhode Island families receiving child care subsidies between May 1996 and June 2002

A study of the characteristics and services used by children and families receiving child care subsidies, a study of the stability of children's care arrangements while in a subsidy system, and a study of continuity and duration of family subsidy receipt, based on administrative data of the subsidy systems of Illinois, Maryland, Massachusetts, Oregon, and Texas between July 1997 and June 1999

An overview of the effectiveness of child care subsidies in California on child care use

Journals

A description of Georgia’s universal child care system in which vouchers are issued within a regulated market, and a comparison of this approach with the national Head Start system

Universities & Research Organizations

An analysis of regulation, finance and support services of the Voluntary Prekindergarten (VPK) Program in Florida
Consumer education

Unpublished doctoral dissertation, Capella University, Minneapolis, MN
An account of the development and evaluation of a guide to employment and child care decisions for parents of young children, using data from an educational research and development project in the Tolland, CT school district, and addressing issues of brain development, attachment theory, quality care studies, family and medical leave legislation, financial considerations, and alternative work options

Research reviews, guides, and instruments on parental choice

A guide for constructing surveys on factors driving parental use of supplemental child care, including discussions of constructs and variables related to household, parent, work, and child characteristics, child care arrangements, and parent choice

An overview of key findings, methodological developments, and policy implications from selected research projects funded by the Child Care Bureau, focusing on projects that study the use and effects of child care subsidies, parental choice of child care, improving and documenting child care quality, child care and early education partnerships, and characteristics of the child care workforce

A four-year study which developed multiple scales to measure child care quality from parents' perspectives

To suggest additions to this Key Topic Resource List, please email us at contact@researchconnections.org.

The full results came from a search on— choice- exact phrase, and child care selection- all of the words, and child care decision- all of the words.