

Head Start Program Facts Fiscal Year 2013

Established in 1965, Head Start promotes school readiness for children in low-income families by offering educational, nutritional, health, social, and other services. Since its inception, Head Start has served more than 31 million children, birth to age 5, and their families. In 2013, Head Start was funded to serve nearly one million children and pregnant women in centers, family homes, and in family child care homes in urban, suburban, and rural communities throughout the nation. (More on Head Start)

Throughout this Fact Sheet, unless otherwise specified, the term "Head Start" refers to the Head Start program as a whole, including: Head Start services to preschool children; Early Head Start services to infants, toddlers, and pregnant women; services to families by American Indian and Alaskan Native (AIAN) programs; and services to families by Migrant and Seasonal Head Start (MSHS) programs.

The term "funded enrollment" refers to the number of children and pregnant women that are supported by federal Head Start funds in a program at any one time during the program year; these are sometimes referred to as enrollment slots. Funded enrollment numbers include enrollment slots funded by State or other funds when used by grantees as required nonfederal match. States may provide additional funding to local Head Start programs which is not included in federal Head Start reporting.

The term "cumulative enrollment" refers to the actual number of children and pregnant women that Head Start programs serve throughout the entire program year, inclusive of enrollees who left during the program year and the enrollees who filled those empty places. Due to turnover, more children and families may receive Head Start services cumulatively throughout the program year, all of whom are reported in the Program Information Report (PIR), than indicated by the funded enrollment numbers.

Federal Funding

The Congress of the United States authorizes the amount of federal spending for Head Start each year. The Head Start program is administered by the Administration for Children and Families (ACF) within the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS). Federal grants are awarded directly to public agencies, private nonprofit and for-profit organizations, tribal governments, and school systems for the purpose of operating Head Start programs in local communities.

Head Start Federal Funding

Local Head Start Projects	Appropriation
States and Territories	\$6,756,931,000
American Indian and Alaska Native and Migrant and Seasonal Programs	\$521,264,000
Subtotal	\$7,278,195,000

Support Activities	Appropriation
Training and Technical Assistance	\$189,330,000
Research, Demonstration and Evaluation	\$18,928,000
Monitoring/Program Review	\$39,749,000
Program Support	\$23,332,000
Transition Funding for Designation Renewal System ²	\$23,561,000
Subtotal	\$294,900,000
TOTAL ¹	\$7,573,095,000

¹The total above represents the funding available to the Head Start program after a rescission, the sequestration reduction of 5.27%, and the amount reduced under the Secretary's transfer authority. The initial appropriation was \$8,002,044,000.

Federal Funding and Funded Enrollment by State

The Head Start program serves children, families, and pregnant women in all 50 states, the District of Columbia, and six territories. The table in this section presents the total allocations and funded enrollment of Head Start programs in each state and territory.

American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) funding is awarded to American Indian and Alaska Native tribal governments. AIAN programs operate in 26 states, and in some cases their services cross state lines. Migrant and Seasonal Head Start funding and funded enrollment are shown as one total, as this program supports children and families who receive services in various states during the year. Thus, federal funding and funded enrollment for these services cannot simply be attributed to individual states.

Federal Funding and Funded Enrollment by State

STATE/ TERRITORY	FEDERAL FUNDING by State/Territory	FUNDED ENROLLMENT by State/Territory	FEDERAL FUNDING for AIAN ¹	FUNDED ENROLLMENT for AIAN ¹
Alabama	119,127,435	16,057		
Alaska	13,620,059	1,688	18,501,044	1,605
Arizona	115,364,819	13,266	40,431,007	3,936
Arkansas	71,235,587	11,255		
California	907,791,108	99,025	7,853,709	632
Colorado	76,563,134	10,259	2,124,932	191
Connecticut	55,675,595	6,729		
Delaware	14,537,628	2,120		
District of Columbia	26,406,201	3,185		

²The "Transition Funding for Designation Renewal System" refers to funds available to minimize any disruption in services when there is a change in provider as a result of the Designation Renewal System (DRS).

STATE/ TERRITORY	FEDERAL FUNDING by State/Territory	FUNDED ENROLLMENT by State/Territory	FEDERAL FUNDING for AIAN ¹	FUNDED ENROLLMENT for AIAN ¹
Florida	296,886,652	37,468		
Georgia	188,185,745	23,829		
Hawaii	24,252,595	3,107		
Idaho	25,823,967	2,904	3,791,404	309
Illinois	297,848,105	40,183		
Indiana	109,182,574	14,820		
Iowa	56,161,053	7,416		
Kansas	56,665,929	8,130	998,390	84
Kentucky	118,926,772	16,164		
Louisiana	159,175,043	21,061		
Maine	29,881,312	3,007	700,345	60
Maryland	84,707,856	10,475		
Massachusetts	116,291,273	11,631		
Michigan	253,637,405	34,282	7,397,746	596
Minnesota	79,395,066	10,702	9,684,791	932
Mississippi	170,863,528	26,148	2,041,968	268
Missouri	131,680,424	16,695		
Montana	22,728,186	2,888	16,443,907	1,692
Nebraska	39,976,290	5,079	1,792,863	226
Nevada	28,389,666	2,858	3,226,497	362
New Hampshire	14,726,242	1,618		
New Jersey	141,738,929	14,701		
New Mexico	59,271,662	7,470	15,260,827	1,689
New York	468,088,685	48,348	1,192,923	143
North Carolina	162,733,497	19,853	2,561,118	246
North Dakota	19,008,227	2,318	9,162,083	1,000
Ohio	271,641,292	36,608		
Oklahoma	92,546,734	13,862	21,554,406	2,788
Oregon	66,619,228	12,081	3,363,834	380
Pennsylvania	248,077,875	34,307		
Rhode Island	23,731,021	2,561		
South Carolina	94,007,553	12,866	854,493	80
South Dakota	20,472,763	2,867	14,697,929	1,690
Tennessee	129,934,956	16,597		
Texas	530,284,863	69,033	402,292	34
Utah	42,748,187	6,249	1,708,103	215
Vermont	14,349,584	1,368		
Virginia	109,243,252	13,761		
Washington	111,301,412	12,513	14,260,678	1,331
West Virginia	55,150,049	7,673		

STATE/ TERRITORY	FEDERAL FUNDING by State/Territory	FUNDED ENROLLMENT by State/Territory	FEDERAL FUNDING for AIAN ¹	FUNDED ENROLLMENT for AIAN ¹
Wisconsin	99,670,343	12,949	9,569,061	1,048
Wyoming	12,733,819	1,687	2,577,940	295
Subtotal Indian Tribes			212,154,294	21,832
Migrant Program	309,266,112	28,974		
American Samoa	2,146,605	1,332		
Guam	2,349,935	534		
No. Marianas	1,661,469	462		
Palau	1,331,245	483		
Puerto Rico	263,475,474	35,327		
Virgin Islands	8,930,321	1,014		
Total States/Territories	\$7,280,376,635	903,679		

¹AIAN funding is awarded to American Indian and Alaska Native tribes. For reference, the funding and enrollment has been split out by the state in which the tribe is headquartered. Some tribes serve children across state lines.

Program Year Statistics

Each year, Head Start programs are required to submit Program Information Reports (PIRs) on the services they have provided to children and families throughout the program year, including child, family and staff demographics and program characteristics.

For a copy of the PIR form, detailed reports and data sets for the 2013 PIR and prior years, and for further information, please visit: http://eclkc.ohs.acf.hhs.gov/pir.

Program Characteristics:

- Forty-three percent of grantees operated Head Start preschool services only.
- Thirteen percent of grantees operated Early Head Start (EHS) services only.
- Forty-four percent of grantees operated both Head Start and Early Head Start services.

Most Head Start preschool services were provided in center-based settings that, based on local design, vary in the number of days per week and hours per day classes are in session. About half of EHS services were provided in center-based settings, and half were offered in home-based program settings.

Head Start Preschool Program Option

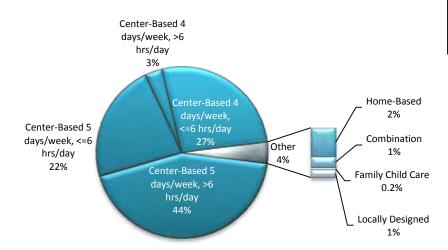
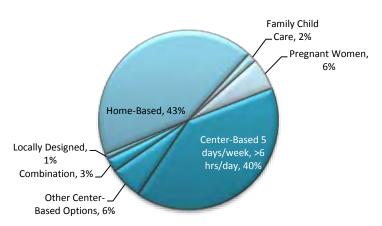


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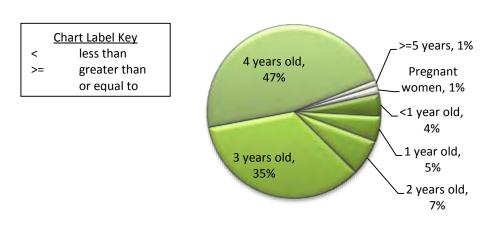
Early Head Start Program Option



Child and Family Demographics:

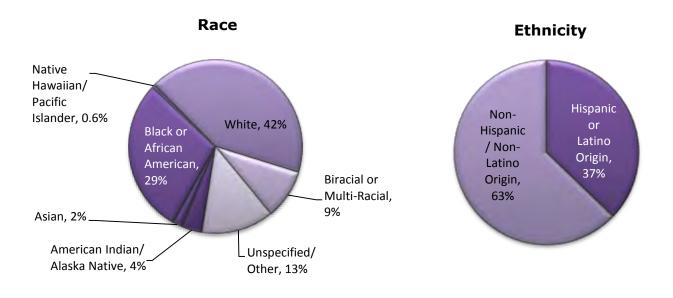
Head Start programs cumulatively served 1,130,000 children ages birth to 5 and pregnant women throughout the 2012-2013 program year.





Head Start served a diverse group of children, families, and pregnant women. Thirty-seven percent identified themselves as Hispanic/Latino, and almost 29 percent were Black/African American.

Families were asked to self-identify both an ethnicity and a race category based on U.S. Census Bureau measures. For example, a family that identifies their child as Black and Cuban was counted in the "Black or African American" race category for the race question and counted in the "Hispanic or Latino" category for the separate question on ethnicity.

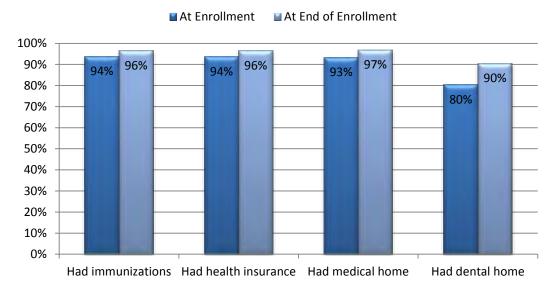


Twenty nine percent of participants were from families that primarily spoke a language other than English at home. Nearly 25 percent of participants were from families that primarily spoke Spanish at home.

Services to Children and Families:

Head Start programs work with families to help ensure children have access to needed services and resources. The number of children who received immunizations increased from the beginning of the program year to the end of the program year. Also, more families had health insurance and medical and dental homes for their children at the end of the 2012-13 program year than at the beginning.





Head Start programs work with families to ensure they have the means to obtain health insurance, services for children with disabilities, adequate housing, job training, and more. In FY 2013:

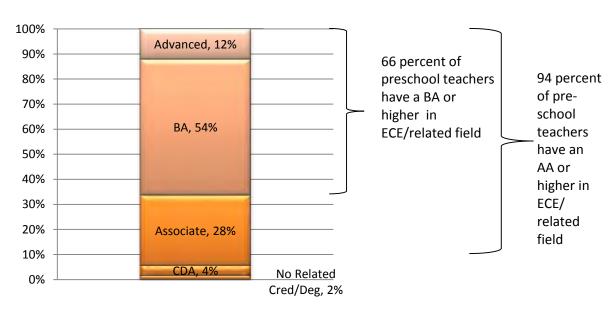
- Most children had public health insurance. At the end of the program year, 89 percent of children were enrolled in Medicaid, CHIP, or a state funded child health insurance program.
- Twelve percent of Head Start cumulative enrollment was made up of children with disabilities, defined as children having special plans under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA). In comparison, nationally, about three percent of infants and toddlers and six percent of preschool-age children have identified disabilities. Head Start serves a greater percentage of children with disabilities than found in the overall population.
- Among pregnant women enrolled in EHS, approximately 91 percent received prenatal education on fetal development and 20 percent had medically high risk pregnancies.
- Head Start served about 1,034,000 families cumulatively throughout the program year. The number of families served is a little less than the number of participants served, since some families have more than one child enrolled.
- Approximately 47,000 families served during the enrollment year experienced homelessness.
 Of those families, 34 percent found housing during the program year. Nearly 108,000 Head
 Start families received housing assistance such as subsidies, utilities, and repairs.
- Approximately 245,000 families, or 24 percent, received services related to job training and adult education such as GED programs and college selection.

Program Staff:

Head Start programs employed and contracted with 250,000 staff. Parents of current or former Head Start children made up 23 percent of Head Start staff.

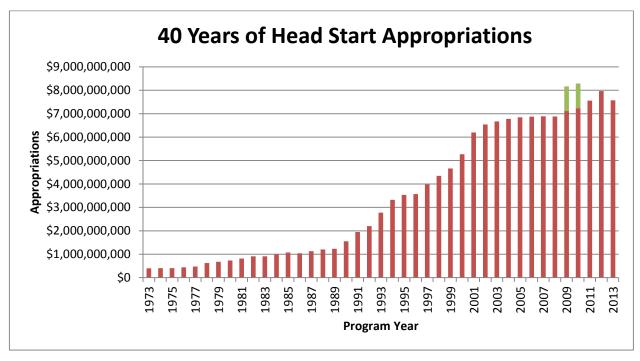
- More than 1.2 million adults volunteered in their local Head Start program. Of these, 818,000 were parents of Head Start children.
- About 122,000 staff members provided child development services to children, including teachers, assistant teachers, home visitors, and family child care providers.
- Among child development staff, 30 percent were proficient in a language other than English.
- Sixty-six percent of all Head Start center-based preschool teachers had a Baccalaureate
 degree or higher in early childhood education, or in a related field with experience. The Head
 Start Act specifies that 50 percent of center-based preschool teachers nationwide should have
 these credentials by 2013.

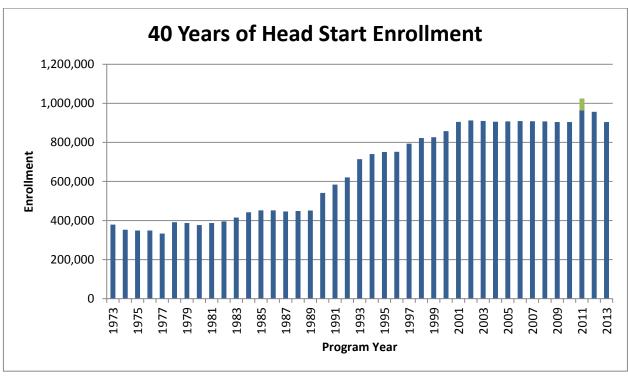
Center-Based Preschool Teachers' Degrees



Head Start Federal Funding and Funded Enrollment History

The graphs and tables below depict the last 40 years of Head Start federal funding and funded enrollment history.





The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA), enacted in February of 2009, appropriated \$2.1 billion to the Head Start program and was available for obligation over a two-year period. These funds are displayed on the graph in green. ARRA funds supported a variety of activities, including for example a cost-of-living adjustment, quality improvement, and an expansion of Head Start and Early Head Start enrollment by 61,000 children, families, and pregnant women. This enrollment increase is also displayed on the graph in green. The funding was primarily for one-time purposes, but Congress provided funding in subsequent appropriations to continue a portion of the funding spent on a cost-of-living adjustment. Additionally, all of the funding necessary to sustain the expansion of Head Start and Early Head Start services to 61,000 additional funded enrollment slots for children, families, and pregnant women was appropriated across fiscal years 2011 and 2012.

Head Start Federal Funding and Funded Enrollment History

Year	Federal Funding	Funded Enrollment
1965	Tunuing	Linoiment
(summer only)	\$96,400,000	561,000
1966	198,900,000	733,000
1967	349,200,000	681,400
1968	316,200,000	693,900
1969	333,900,000	663,600
1970	325,700,000	477,400
1971	360,000,000	397,500
1972	376,300,000	379,000
1973	400,700,000	379,000
1974	403,900,000	352,800
1975	403,900,000	349,000
1976	441,000,000	349,000
1977	475,000,000	333,000
1978	625,000,000	391,400
1979	680,000,000	387,500
1980	735,000,000	376,300
1981	818,700,000	387,300
1982	911,700,000	395,800
1983	912,000,000	414,950
1984	995,750,000	442,140
1985	1,075,059,000	452,080
1986	1,040,315,000	451,732
1987	1,130,542,000	446,523
1988	1,206,324,000	448,464
1989	1,235,000,000	450,970
1990	1,552,000,000	540,930
1991	1,951,800,000	583,471
1992	2,201,800,000	621,078
1993	2,776,286,000	713,903
1994	3,325,728,000	740,493

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***	Federal	Funded
Year	Funding	Enrollment
1995	3,534,128,000	750,696
1996	3,569,329,000	752,077
1997	3,980,546,000	793,809
1998	4,347,433,000	822,316
1999	4,658,151,000	826,016
2000	5,267,000,000	857,664
2001	6,199,123,000	905,235
2002	6,536,570,000	912,345
2003	6,667,533,000	909,608
2004	6,774,848,000	905,851
2005	6,843,114,000	906,993
2006	6,872,062,000	909,201
2007	6,888,571,000	908,412
2008	6,877,975,000	906,992
2009	7,112,786,000	904,153
Recovery Act	2,100,000,000	61,078
2010	7,234,783,000	904,118
2011	7,559,634,000	964,430
2012	7,968,544,000	956,497
2013	\$7,573,095,000	903,679