## ACF-OPRE Report Data Tables for FACES 2006

A Year in Head Start Report



OCTOBER, 2010


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# ACF-OPRE Report: <br> Data Tables for FACES 2006 A Year in Head Start Report 

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## InTRODUCTION

The Head Start Family and Child Experiences Survey (FACES) was first launched in 1997 as a periodic longitudinal study of program performance. Successive nationally representative samples of Head Start children, their families, classrooms, and programs provide descriptive information on the population served; staff qualifications, credentials, beliefs and opinions; classroom practices and quality measures; and child and family outcomes. FACES includes a battery of direct child assessments across multiple domains. It also comprises interviews with the child's parents, teachers and program managers, as well as direct observations of classroom quality. (For background information on FACES 2006, see West et al. 2007, Tarullo et al. 2008 and West et al. 2008.)

FACES is a tool for measuring Head Start program performance at the national level. This recurring data collection provides the means to assess how the program is performing currently and over time.

This set of tables is designed to accompany a research brief which profiles the 3- and 4-yearold Head Start children and families who were newly enrolled in the program in fall 2006 and are still attending in spring 2007 (see Aikens et al. 2010). Following this introduction to the study methodology and sample, the tables in the first section provide information on the children's characteristics, family demographics, and home life, including language background, educational environment of the home, family routines, and socioeconomic risk status in spring 2007. These tables also include information on parent involvement in Head Start and level of satisfaction with their own and their children's Head Start experiences. The next sections, on cognitive and social-emotional/health outcomes in spring 2007, chronicle children's developmental progress over the Head Start year. They examine whether these outcomes vary by age, gender, race/ethnicity, or risk status. The following section presents the characteristics of their teachers and classrooms,
including measures of observed quality in spring 2007. Subsequent sections provide information on fall-spring change in family environment, child cognitive, social-emotional, and health outcomes. The next section examines the relationships among child, family, and classroom factors and children's outcomes; the methods used for those analyses appear in advance of the tables in that section. The final section provides tables of standard deviations and standard errors.

## Methods

The FACES 2006 sample provides information at the national level about Head Start programs, centers, classrooms, and the children and families they serve. A sample of Head Start programs was selected from the 2004-2005 Head Start Program Information Report (PIR), ${ }^{1}$ and approximately two centers per program and three classrooms per center were selected for participation. Within each classroom, an average of nine newly enrolled 3- and 4-year-old children were randomly selected for the study. ${ }^{2}$ Sixty programs, 135 centers, 410 classrooms, 365 teachers and 3,315 children participated in the study in the fall of 2006. Children in the study were administered a battery of direct child assessments, their parents and teachers were interviewed, and interviews were conducted with the directors of the programs and centers in the sample and with education coordinators.

In spring 2007, data were collected again from the group of children who were completing their first year of the Head Start program. ${ }^{3}$ Data were collected over a four-month period in spring 2007 (March - June). Mathematica data collection teams assessed the children at their Head Start centers, interviewed the children's lead teachers, observed their classrooms, and interviewed children's parents during week-long site visits. ${ }^{4}$ Teachers were asked to complete a set of ratings for each sampled child in their classroom using either a Web-based or a paper instrument. ${ }^{5}$

A total of 3,296 children were eligible for the spring 2007 follow up ${ }^{6}$ and 88 percent of the
eligible children participated. ${ }^{7}$ Child assessments were completed for 98 percent of these children and 92 percent of their parents were interviewed. A Head Start teacher completed a set of teacher ratings for 96 percent of the children. An interview was completed with 99 percent of children's lead teachers. ${ }^{8}$ In spring 2007, Mathematica staff also completed observations in 335 Head Start classrooms. ${ }^{9}$ Data from the direct child assessments are used here to report on children's cognitive and physical outcomes at the beginning and end of their first year in Head Start. Parent and teacher ratings provide information about children's social skills, approaches to learning, problem behaviors and academic and non-academic accomplishments during the Head Start year. Assessor ratings are another source of information about children's social-emotional outcomes. We use parent interview data to describe children's backgrounds and home environments; teacher interview data to describe children's first Head Start classroom experiences; and classroom observation data to describe Head Start classroom quality.

Direct child assessments. The spring battery of direct child assessments, like the fall battery, included a set of standardized preschool assessments designed to measure children's cognitive outcomes (language, literacy, and mathematics) and physical outcomes (height and weight) through an untimed, one-on-one assessment of each child. The actual measures used are described below, where we report on children's cognitive scores at the end of the Head Start year and changes in scores over children's first year in the program.

Except for a few differences, the procedures used to administer the direct child assessments were the same as those used in the fall. The direct assessment began with a language screening to determine whether children from households where English was not the primary spoken language should be assessed in English, assessed in Spanish, or not assessed at all. ${ }^{10}$ However, if a child had been assessed in English in the fall, he or she was assessed in English in the spring regardless of his or her
spring score on the language screener. The assessments themselves used the same standard materials that were used in the fall (for example, stimulus and response pages from the PPVT-4 and Woodcock-Johnson measures). Computer-assisted personal interviewing (CAPI) was used again when administering the assessments to facilitate the movement from one measure to the next without the assessor's having to calculate stopping or starting points (that is, basals and ceilings). Assessors read the questions and instructions from a computer screen. The child responded by pointing to the correct answers on the assessment easel or by giving a verbal response. Assessors entered the child's responses into a laptop computer using software that ensured that all basal and ceiling rules were followed.

Parent interviews. FACES 2006 used a computer-assisted interview to collect information from Head Start parents in a variety of areas, including the characteristics of households (such as household income, number of adult household members, languages spoken in the home) and household members (including age, race/ethnicity, and relationship to study child). ${ }^{11}$ Information was also collected on aspects of the child's home life, children's childcare arrangements, and parents' ratings of their children's social skills, problem behaviors, and language, literacy, and mathematics accomplishments. New to the spring interview were questions that asked parents about (1) their involvement and satisfaction with Head Start, (2) access to and use of community services and sources of social support, (3) outdoor spaces near their home where their child could play, and (4) household members' use of alcohol, tobacco, and drugs.

Teacher interviews and teacher child reports. In spring 2007, FACES 2006 again conducted computer-assisted personal interviews with lead teachers about their educational backgrounds, professional experience, and credentials. Teachers reported on the learning activities that are scheduled in their classrooms. They were asked to estimate the amount of time they spend on both teacher-directed activities and child-
selected activities in a typical day, as well as frequency of various language and literacy development and mathematics activities. Teachers were asked whether they have a principal curriculum guiding the classroom activities and, if so, whether they received training in how to use it. They were also asked how they assess the children's level of achievement and progress over the Head Start year. In the spring interview, teachers were asked about the management climate: the policies and procedures in their Head Start program. They were also asked about the strengths and weaknesses of the main curriculum, whether they have a regular mentor, their experiences with their mentor, and their involvement in training or technical assistance during this program year.

As in the fall, using a Teacher Child Report form, teachers were asked to rate each FACES child in their classroom on a set of items that assess the child's accomplishments, cooperative classroom behavior, behavior problems, and approaches to learning. Teachers also provided reports of children's health, developmental conditions, and absences during the program year.

Interviewer ratings. At the end of the one-onone testing sessions with children in the fall and spring, the assessor completed a set of rating scales evaluating the child's behavior in the assessment situation, including the child's approaches to learning and any problem behaviors. Four subscales from the Leiter-R Examiner Rating Scales were used in FACES 2006: (1) attention, (2) organization/impulse control, (3) activity level, and (4) sociability. The 27 items and four subscales make up the cognitive/social scale.

Classroom observations. In FACES 2006, measures of the classroom environment were obtained from a four-hour observation in the spring. The observation protocols included the Early Childhood Environment Rating ScaleRevised (ECERS-R; Harms, Clifford, and Cryer 1998), the Instructional Support domain from the Classroom Assessment Scoring System
(CLASS; Pianta et al. 2008), and the Arnett Caregiver Interaction Scale (Arnett 1989). Classroom observations also provided information on child-adult ratios and group sizes. Observer ratings are used to produce a set of scores that capture global characteristics of Head Start classrooms as well as indicators of classroom resources and teacher-child interactions. More information on the three measures is found in the section on classroom quality.

Twenty-four observers were trained to rate key characteristics of children's classrooms using the ECERS-R, CLASS Instructional Support, and Arnett. Observers participated in an 8-day training that included lectures and discussion, classroom practice and videotaped certification, practice in early childhood classrooms, and field certification.

Population estimates. The statistics found in these tables are estimates of key characteristics of the population of newly entering Head Start children who were still enrolled in the program in spring 2007 and their parents and families, as well as the population of their Head Start teachers and classrooms. The data used to report on child and family characteristics and child outcomes are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 who were still enrolled in spring 2007. ${ }^{12}$ Teacher data are weighted to represent all teachers serving children who entered Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in their classrooms in spring 2007. Classroom observation data are weighted to represent all classrooms in spring 2007 that were serving children who entered Head Start for the first time in fall 2006.

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## Notes

${ }^{1}$ Migrant and Seasonal Worker programs (MSHS), American Indian and Alaska Native (AI/AN) programs, programs in Puerto Rico and other U.S. territories, and programs not directly providing services to 3-, 4-, and 5-year-olds (such as Early Head Start) were excluded from the frame. The Office of Head Start provided information about any defunded (or soon-to-be defunded) programs before sampling and these programs were then deleted from the sample frame. Thirteen programs affected by Hurricanes Katrina and Rita in August 2005 were unable to provide information for the 2004-2005 PIR data and thus were not eligible for sample selection.
${ }^{2}$ Children who were 3 years old and attending their first year of Head Start were sampled at a higher rate to ensure comparable sample sizes between 3-year-olds and 4-year-olds at the end of the kindergarten year, given the longer follow-up time for this younger group.
${ }^{3}$ Children who were no longer enrolled in the program where they were sampled in fall 2006 and who were not enrolled in one of the other FACES 2006 programs were not included in the spring 2007 data collection.
${ }^{4}$ Parents who were not interviewed in person during the week-long visit were interviewed by phone, either before or after site visits. About 44 percent of the parent interviews were conducted in person.
${ }^{5}$ About 80 percent of the teacher rating forms were completed using the Web instrument.
${ }^{6}$ This total represents 88 percent of the children who were sampled and eligible for the fall 2006 baseline data collection.
${ }^{7}$ These are all weighted marginal response rates, not accounting for prior stages of sampling and participation. The cumulative weighted response rates, which take into account the response rate for prior stages of the sample (such as, program, center, and child response rates), as well as fall 2006 consent rates, are by definition lower. The cumulative child response rate through spring 2007 is 81 percent. The corresponding response rates associated with completing the child assessments, parent interviews, and teacher ratings in spring 2007 are 78 percent, 79 percent, and 78 percent, respectively. At the teacher level, among participating classes, the marginal weighted response rate for the teacher interview was 98 percent. At the child level, among children whose parents gave consent, the rate for child assessments was 96 percent, the rate for parent interviews was 96 percent, and the rate for teacher-child reports was 95 percent.
${ }^{8}$ The cumulative teacher interview response rate is 92 percent.
${ }^{9}$ This represents 100 percent of the classrooms that were selected for observation. The cumulative response rate for the observations, which takes into account nonresponse at the program level, was 92 percent. Due to the smaller-than-expected classroom sizes encountered when selecting the FACES 2006 sample in the fall, we selected more classrooms than anticipated, and decided to subsample classrooms for observation. When two of a teacher's classes were in our sample, we randomly subsampled either the morning or afternoon session for observation. Analysis weights that include classroom observations were adjusted to account for the subsampling of classrooms. The classroom observation sample included 350 of the 390 eligible classrooms ( 90 percent). To be eligible for observation, the classroom must meet three criteria: (1) it must be a classroom in a center-based program (home-based services were not observed); (2) it must be one of the originally sampled classrooms (classrooms that children moved to in the spring were not eligible); and (3) it must have at least two sampled, eligible children whose parents gave consent.
${ }^{10}$ The screening process and cognitive assessment measures are described in the section of the accompanying research brief that describes children's cognitive outcomes (see Aikens et al. 2010).
${ }^{11}$ The preferred respondent for the spring interview was the child's biological mother or the fall 2006 respondent. Ninety-two percent of the spring interviews were completed by the same respondent who had been interviewed in the fall (and 89 percent were the child's biological mother). For 3 percent of the children, the first parent interview was completed in the spring; 97 percent completed the first parent interview in the fall.
${ }^{12}$ Weights are used to compensate for the differential probabilities of selection at the sampling stage (for example, 3 -year-olds were sampled at a higher rate than 4 -year-olds) and to adjust for the effects of nonresponse.

Table A. 1
Demographic Characteristics of Children Entering Head Start in Fall 2006

|  | Percent of Children |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Demographic Characteristic | 3-Year- 4-Year- |  |  |
| Age as of September 1, 2006 |  | All Children | Olds $^{\mathrm{a}}$ |
| Olds $^{\mathrm{a}}$ |  |  |  |
| 3 years old or younger |  |  |  |
| 4 years old or older | 62.80 |  |  |
| Race/Ethnicity | 37.20 |  |  |
| White |  |  |  |
| African American, Non-Hispanic | 22.79 | 19.88 | 27.72 |
| Hispanic/Latino | 32.98 | 37.63 | 25.20 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 35.28 | 33.48 | 38.38 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 1.51 | 1.58 | 1.41 |
| Multi-Racial/Bi-Racial, Non-Hispanic | 1.73 | 1.56 | 1.87 |
| Other | 5.16 | 5.25 | 5.01 |
| Gender | 0.54 | 0.62 | 0.41 |
| Female |  |  |  |
| Male | 48.64 | 49.91 | 46.56 |

Source: Fall 2006 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Table A. 2
Primary Language Spoken to the Child at Home

|  | Percent of Children |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All | 3-Year- | 4-Year- |
| Primary Language Spoken to the Child at Home | Children | Olds $^{\mathrm{a}}$ | Olds $^{\mathrm{a}}$ |
| English | 72.30 | 74.98 | 67.88 |
| Spanish | 22.88 | 20.91 | 26.24 |
| Other | 4.82 | 4.11 | 5.88 |

Source: Fall 2006 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Table A. 3
Household Size

|  | Percent of Children |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All | $3-$ Year- | $4-$ Year- |
| Household Size and Membership | Children | Olds $^{\text {a }}$ | Olds $^{\text {a }}$ |
| Number of Adults in Household |  |  |  |
| 1 | 30.21 | 31.61 | 27.82 |
| 2 | 50.57 | 49.46 | 52.46 |
| 3 or more | 19.23 | 18.94 | 19.72 |
| Mean Number of Adults | 1.98 | 1.96 | 2.03 |
| Number of Children in Household |  |  |  |
| 1 | 17.92 | 18.31 | 17.27 |
| 2 | 36.26 | 35.70 | 37.21 |
| 3 | 25.63 | 26.27 | 24.52 |
| 4 or more | 20.19 | 19.72 | 21.00 |
| Mean Number of Children | 2.59 | 2.58 | 2.60 |
| Total Number of Persons in Household |  |  |  |
| 2 | 5.62 | 5.87 | 5.19 |
| 3 | 18.12 | 18.23 | 17.92 |
| 4 | 28.07 | 28.47 | 27.38 |
| 5 | 23.42 | 23.60 | 23.11 |
| 6 | 13.31 | 12.68 | 14.38 |
| 7 | 11.47 | 11.15 | 12.02 |
| 7 or more | 4.65 | 4.61 | 4.71 |

Source: Fall 2006 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

This table shows the total number of adults in children's households, including biological/adoptive parents and other adults, such as parents' romantic partners, step-parents, foster parents, and grandparents.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Table A. 4
Family Structure

| Children Living with | Percent of Children |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All <br> Children | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3-Year- } \\ & \text { Olds }^{\mathrm{b}} \end{aligned}$ | 4-YearOlds ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |
| Biological ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Mother and Biological ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Father | 46.37 | 45.89 | 47.18 |
| Married | 31.87 | 31.73 | 32.14 |
| Unmarried | 13.41 | 13.25 | 13.70 |
| Marital status not reported | 0.17 | 0.20 | 0.13 |
| Biological ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Mother Only | 47.32 | 48.15 | 45.90 |
| Biological ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Father Only | 2.13 | 1.76 | 2.76 |
| Neither Biological ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Mother Nor Biological ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Father | 4.18 | 4.20 | 4.16 |

Source: Fall 2006 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

While the previous table (Table III.E.3) shows the total number of adults in children's households, this table focuses on biological/adoptive parents and does not include other adults, such as parents' romantic partners, step-parents, foster parents, or grandparents. Thus, for example, the "Biological mother only" category does not mean that the biological mother is the only adult in the household, but that she is the only biological parent in the household.
${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Includes both biological and adoptive parents.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Table A. 5
Mother's Age at Child's Birth

|  | Percent of Children |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All | 3-Year- | 4-Year- |
| Age, in Years | Children | Olds $^{\text {a }}$ | Olds $^{\text {a }}$ |
| 17 or under | 4.50 | 3.89 | 5.54 |
| $18-19$ | 10.02 | 9.84 | 10.32 |
| $20-24$ | 38.13 | 39.02 | 36.65 |
| $25-29$ | 24.03 | 22.92 | 25.89 |
| 30 or older | 23.32 | 24.33 | 21.61 |
| Mean Age | 25.37 | 25.47 | 25.20 |

Source: Fall 2006 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Table A. 6
Parent Education

| Highest Level of Education of Biological or Adoptive Parents Living with Child | Percent of Children |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Children | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3-Year- } \\ & \text { Olds }^{\text {b }} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4-Year- } \\ & \text { Olds }^{\text {b }} \end{aligned}$ |
| Percentage of Children Living with their Mother ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 93.69 | 94.05 | 93.08 |
| Highest Level of Education Completed by those Mothers ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |
| Less than high school diploma | 36.82 | 35.25 | 39.51 |
| High school diploma or GED | 32.51 | 33.08 | 31.53 |
| Some college/vocational/technical | 24.55 | 25.36 | 23.16 |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 6.12 | 6.31 | 5.80 |
| Percentage of Children Living with their Father ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 48.50 | 47.65 | 49.94 |
| Highest Level of Education Completed by those Fathers ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |
| Less than high school diploma | 45.46 | 43.13 | 49.41 |
| High school diploma or GED | 32.28 | 32.63 | 31.69 |
| Some college/vocational/technical | 14.93 | 16.06 | 13.02 |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 7.33 | 8.19 | 5.88 |
| Percentage of Children Living with Either Parent ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 95.82 | 95.80 | 95.84 |
| Highest Level of Education Completed by those Parents ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |
| Less than high school diploma | 31.40 | 29.81 | 34.18 |
| High school diploma or GED | 34.24 | 34.52 | 33.74 |
| Some college/vocational/technical | 26.10 | 27.04 | 24.48 |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 8.26 | 8.63 | 7.60 |

Source: Fall 2006 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Households that do not include a mother and/or father are not included in the relevant percentage calculations.
${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Includes both biological and adoptive parents.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Table A. 7
Parent Employment Status


Source: Fall 2006 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Households that do not include a mother and/or father are not included in the relevant percentage calculations.
${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Includes both biological and adoptive parents.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Table A. 8
Household Income as a Percentage of the Federal Poverty Threshold

|  | Percent of Children |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income as a Percentage of Poverty | All | 3 -Year- | 4-Year- |
| 50 percent or less | Children | Olds $^{\text {a }}$ | Olds $^{\mathrm{a}}$ |
| 50 to 100 percent | 16.34 | 16.82 | 15.52 |
| 101 to 130 percent | 41.10 | 40.45 | 42.22 |
| 131 to 185 percent | 16.13 | 16.55 | 15.40 |
| 186 to 200 percent | 14.74 | 14.87 | 14.50 |
| 201 percent or above | 2.35 | 2.15 | 2.69 |

Source: Fall 2006 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

This table summarizes household income, and therefore should not be used to estimate eligibility for Head Start. Head Start qualifying criteria are based on family (not household) income, and there are other (non-income) ways to qualify for the program.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Table A. 9
Household Income as a Percentage of the Federal Poverty Threshold, by Race/Ethnicity

|  | Percent of Children |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | African American, |  |  |  |
| Income as a Percentage of Poverty | White | Non-Hispanic | Hispanic/Latino | Other |
| 50 percent or less | 9.69 | 21.46 | 15.80 | 16.96 |
| 50 to 100 percent | 39.58 | 37.89 | 45.85 | 37.56 |
| 101 to 130 percent | 16.44 | 14.98 | 17.31 | 14.52 |
| 131 to 185 percent | 14.96 | 14.71 | 14.33 | 16.13 |
| 186 to 200 percent | 2.64 | 2.47 | 1.91 | 2.93 |
| 201 percent or above | 16.69 | 8.49 | 4.80 | 11.90 |

Source: Fall 2006 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table A. 10
Public Assistance Received by Any Household Member

|  | Percent of Children |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All | 3-Year- | 4-Year- |
| Type of Public Assistance | Children | Olds $^{\text {a }}$ | Olds $^{\text {a }}$ |
| Welfare | 21.53 | 21.81 | 21.05 |
| Food Stamps | 51.68 | 53.88 | 47.92 |
| WIC | 60.49 | 62.40 | 57.24 |
| SSI | 13.35 | 13.66 | 12.83 |

Source: Fall 2006 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Table A. 11
Family Risk Index

| Risk Factors | Percent of Children |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All | 3-Year- | 4-Year- |
|  | Children | Olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Single Parent Household ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 49.78 | 50.86 | 47.94 |
| Mother Does Not Have High School Diploma ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 37.13 | 35.47 | 39.86 |
| Income Below Federal Poverty Threshold | 57.44 | 57.27 | 57.74 |
| Family Risk Index ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |
| 0 risk factors | 17.03 | 17.08 | 16.95 |
| 1 risk factor | 36.32 | 37.09 | 34.98 |
| 2 risk factors | 34.54 | 33.26 | 36.74 |
| 3 risk factors | 12.11 | 12.57 | 11.33 |

Source: Fall 2006 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ A single parent household includes any household where one biological/adoptive parent lives alone or with a partner to whom they are not married. It does not include households where one biological/adoptive parent lives with a partner to whom they are married.
${ }^{\mathrm{c}}$ Households that do not include a mother are excluded from this factor.
${ }^{\mathrm{d}}$ Number of family risks is based on three family characteristics: whether the child resides in a single parent household, whether the household income is below the poverty threshold, and whether the mother has less than a high school diploma.

Table A. 12
Family Risk Index, by Child Characteristics

|  | Percent of Children with Different <br> Numbers of Family Risk Factors ${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | N risk <br> factors | 1 risk <br> factor | 2 or more <br> risk factors |
| Child Characteristics |  |  |  |
| Race/Ethnicity | 25.99 | 38.10 | 35.91 |
| White | 12.23 | 36.79 | 50.98 |
| African American, Non-Hispanic | 14.41 | 34.32 | 51.27 |
| Hispanic/Latino | 23.01 | 38.33 | 38.66 |
| Other |  |  |  |
| Gender | 16.10 | 37.30 | 46.61 |
| Female | 17.91 | 35.40 | 46.69 |
| Male |  |  |  |
| Home Language Minority (English is Not the Primary Language |  |  |  |
| Spoken to Child at Home) | 14.99 | 34.26 | 50.75 |
| Yes | 17.86 | 37.14 | 45.00 |
| No |  |  |  |

Source: Fall 2006 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{a}$ Number of family risks is based on three family characteristics: whether the child resides in a single parent household, whether the household income is below the poverty threshold, and whether the mother has less than a high school diploma.

Table A. 13
Frequency of Reading to Child

|  | Number of times family member read to child in past week |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Child and Family Characteristics | Not at all | Once or twice | Three or more times, but not every day | Every day |
| All Children | 2.68 | 21.78 | 40.15 | 35.40 |
| Age as of September 1, 2006 |  |  |  |  |
| 3 years old or younger | 2.53 | 23.13 | 40.50 | 33.84 |
| 4 years old or older | 2.77 | 19.54 | 39.62 | 38.07 |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |
| White | 1.94 | 14.62 | 37.84 | 45.60 |
| African American, Non-Hispanic | 2.22 | 24.07 | 42.47 | 31.23 |
| Hispanic/Latino | 3.51 | 25.03 | 40.27 | 31.19 |
| Other | 2.83 | 17.92 | 36.74 | 42.51 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |
| Female | 2.00 | 21.60 | 38.60 | 37.80 |
| Male | 3.32 | 21.95 | 41.63 | 33.10 |
| Family Risk Index |  |  |  |  |
| 0 risk factors | 2.11 | 19.29 | 38.19 | 40.42 |
| 1 risk factor | 3.42 | 18.46 | 39.98 | 38.15 |
| 2 or more risk factors | 2.09 | 25.54 | 40.79 | 31.59 |
| Home Language Minority (English is Not the Primary Language |  |  |  |  |
| Spoken to Child at Home) |  |  |  |  |
| Yes | 3.51 | 26.86 | 40.12 | 29.51 |
| No | 2.35 | 19.78 | 40.16 | 37.72 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table A. 14
Family Members' Activities with Child in Past Week

| Type of Activity | Percent of Children |
| :--- | :---: |
| Told child a story | 82.79 |
| Taught child letters, words, or numbers | 96.52 |
| Taught child songs or music | 86.41 |
| Worked with child on arts and crafts | 68.43 |
| Played with toys or games indoors | 97.99 |
| Played a game, sport, or exercised together | 91.29 |
| Took child along on errands | 95.43 |
| Involved child in household chores | 93.14 |
| Talked about what happened in Head Start | 96.21 |
| Talked about TV programs or videos | 79.61 |
| Played counting games | 88.13 |
| Mean number of activities | 9.76 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table A. 15
Family Members' Activities with Child in Past Month

| Type of Activity | Percent of Children |
| :--- | :---: |
| Visited a library | 36.42 |
| Went to a movie | 43.71 |
| Went to a play, concert, or other live show | 20.02 |
| Went to a mall | 78.58 |
| Visited an art gallery, museum, or historical site | 19.07 |
| Visited a playground or park or had a picnic | 89.47 |
| Visited a zoo or aquarium | 23.17 |
| Talked about family history or ethnic heritage | 52.69 |
| Attended event sponsored by community group | 47.42 |
| Attended athletic or sporting event | 34.62 |
| Attended church activity | 57.52 |
| Mean number of activities | 5.03 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table A. 16
Physical Activity and Screen Time

|  | Percent of Children |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All <br> Children | 3-YearOlds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 4-YearOlds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Amount of Time Child Spent Watching Television on a Typical Weekday |  |  |  |
| None | 7.98 | 8.45 | 7.20 |
| Less than one hour | 22.32 | 21.10 | 24.41 |
| One to two hours | 50.73 | 49.47 | 52.76 |
| More than two hours | 18.97 | 20.98 | 15.63 |
| Amount of Time Child Spent Watching a Video or DVD |  |  |  |
| None | 24.68 | 24.22 | 25.35 |
| Less than one hour | 20.73 | 20.71 | 20.80 |
| One to two hours | 44.77 | 44.14 | 45.90 |
| More than two hours | 9.82 | 10.93 | 7.96 |
| Child Has Access to a Computer in the Home |  |  |  |
| Yes | 58.78 | 58.09 | 60.01 |
| No | 41.22 | 41.91 | 39.99 |
| Amount of Time Child Spent Playing Computer Games |  |  |  |
| None | 42.79 | 44.42 | 40.12 |
| Less than one hour | 37.51 | 35.95 | 40.07 |
| One to two hours | 17.40 | 17.30 | 17.56 |
| More than two hours | 2.30 | 2.33 | 2.24 |
| Amount of Time Child Spent Playing Outside |  |  |  |
| None | 9.31 | 9.57 | 8.73 |
| Less than one hour | 12.58 | 12.96 | 11.98 |
| One to two hours | 40.22 | 41.13 | 38.76 |
| More than two hours | 37.89 | 36.34 | 40.54 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Table A. 17
Household Routines

|  | Percent of Children |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All <br> Children | $3-$ Year- <br> Olds $^{\text {a }}$ | $4-$ Year- <br> Olds $^{\text {a }}$ |
| Have Regular Bedtime | 85.11 | 84.04 | 86.90 |
| Number of Days Per Week Family Eats Dinner Together |  |  |  |
| $0-2$ | 7.11 | 7.43 | 6.59 |
| $3-4$ | 23.10 | 25.28 | 19.49 |
| $5-6$ | 23.28 | 23.86 | 22.34 |
| 7 | 46.51 | 43.43 | 51.57 |
| Mean | 5.37 | 5.26 | 5.56 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Table A. 18
Discipline

|  | Percent of Children |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All | 3-Year- | 4-Year- |
|  | Children | Olds $^{\text {a }}$ | Olds $^{\text {a }}$ |
| Parent spanked child in past week | 31.88 | 34.27 | 27.92 |
| Parent used "time out" in past week | 68.45 | 68.37 | 68.70 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Table A. 19
Child Nutrition

|  | Percent of Children |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All | 3-Year- | 4-Year- |
| Child's Nutrition During Past Week | Children | Olds $^{\text {a }}$ | Olds $^{\mathrm{a}}$ |
| Drank milk at least twice a day | 66.31 | 66.44 | 66.02 |
| Drank no soda, sports drinks, or non-100\%-juice drinks | 22.15 | 19.76 | 26.01 |
| Ate no fast food | 22.47 | 23.26 | 21.03 |
| Ate sweets less than once a day | 69.42 | 68.35 | 71.15 |
| Ate salty snacks less than once a day | 77.05 | 75.66 | 79.32 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

The nutritional guidelines in this table were determined a priori, based on conversations with a member of an Office of Head Start expert panel.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Table A. 20
Child's Health Care

|  | Percent of Children |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All <br> Children | $3-$ Year- <br> Olds $^{\mathrm{a}}$ | $4-$ Year- <br> Olds $^{\mathrm{a}}$ |
| Regular Medical Checkup in Past Year | 98.27 | 98.46 | 97.96 |
| Regular Dental Checkup in Past Year | 94.30 | 94.34 | 94.23 |
| Has Health Insurance | 94.91 | 95.73 | 93.54 |
| Private | 51.94 | 52.28 | 51.29 |
| Medicaid |  |  |  |
| SCHIP $^{\mathrm{b}}$ | 23.68 | 24.66 | 22.07 |
| Other government | 4.13 | 3.89 | 4.55 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ State Children's Health Insurance Program.

Table A. 21
Child's Health Care, by Race/Ethnicity

|  | Percent of Children |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | African American, |  |  |
| Non-Hispanic | Hispanic/Latino | Other |  |  |
| Regular Medical Checkup in Past Year | 97.26 | 99.09 | 97.85 | 99.45 |
| Regular Dental Checkup in Past Year | 91.28 | 95.33 | 95.99 | 91.04 |
| Has Health Insurance | 96.06 | 96.73 | 92.32 | 95.77 |
| Private | 53.88 | 52.67 | 50.53 | 50.90 |
| Medicaid | 60.82 | 69.97 | 68.31 | 63.97 |
| SCHIP $^{\text {a }}$ | 21.53 | 26.72 | 22.68 | 22.34 |
| Other government | 3.43 | 3.10 | 2.82 | 14.82 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ State Children's Health Insurance Program.

Table A. 22
Depressive Symptoms Among Parents ${ }^{\text {a }}$

|  | Percent of Children |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All <br> Children | $3-$ Year- <br> Olds $^{\mathrm{b}}$ | 4 -Year- <br> Olds $^{\mathrm{b}}$ |
| Degree of Depressive Symptoms |  |  |  |
| Not depressed | 59.04 | 58.18 | 60.41 |
| Mildly depressed | 21.87 | 21.08 | 23.22 |
| Moderately depressed | 11.07 | 12.15 | 9.28 |
| Severely depressed | 8.03 | 8.59 | 7.10 |
| Mean Number of Depressive Symptoms | 5.27 | 5.45 | 4.98 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ In this table, the term "parent" is used to refer to the primary caregiver who responded to the survey. Most are parents, but some are grandparents or other primary caregivers.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Table A. 23
Depressive Symptoms Among Parents ${ }^{\text {a }}$, by Race/Ethnicity

|  | Percent of Children |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | African American, |  |  | Other |
| Degree of Depressive Symptoms |  |  |  |  |
| Not depressed | 52.44 | 55.11 | 68.69 | 50.81 |
| Mildly depressed | 22.35 | 23.77 | 18.80 | 25.67 |
| Moderately depressed | 14.32 | 11.89 | 7.77 | 13.53 |
| Severely depressed | 10.90 | 9.22 | 4.74 | 9.99 |
| Mean Number of Symptoms | 6.29 | 5.74 | 4.00 | 6.23 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ In this table, the term "parent" is used to refer to the primary caregiver who responded to the survey. Most are parents, but some are grandparents or other primary caregivers.

Table A. 24
Child Care Arrangements in Addition to Head Start

|  | Percent of Children |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All <br> Children | 3-Year- <br> Olds $^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 4-Year- <br> Olds $^{\mathrm{a}}$ |  |
| Type of Primary Child Care Arrangement |  |  |  |  |
| Center-based care | 9.73 | 9.11 | 10.79 |  |
| Relative | 26.39 | 28.28 | 23.27 |  |
| Non-relative | 3.08 | 2.71 | 3.55 |  |
| Equal time in multiple types of care | 1.23 | 1.64 | 0.54 |  |
| Any Child Care | 40.43 | 41.74 | 38.14 |  |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Table A. 25
Child Care Arrangements in Addition to Head Start, by Race/Ethnicity

|  | Percent of Children |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | African American, |  |  |
| Non-Hispanic | Hispanic/Latino | Other |  |  |
| Type of Primary Child Care Arrangement |  |  |  |  |
| Center-based care | 10.34 | 11.42 | 7.26 | 11.63 |
| Relative | 22.19 | 32.37 | 23.87 | 25.50 |
| Non-relative | 5.89 | 2.09 | 2.53 | 2.08 |
| Equal time in multiple types of care | 0.84 | 1.82 | 0.58 | 2.66 |
| Any Child Care | 39.25 | 47.69 | 34.24 | 41.87 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table A. 26
Amount of Time in Child Care and Head Start

|  | Mean Number of Hours Per Week |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sample <br> size | All <br> Children | 3-Year- <br> Olds $^{\mathrm{a}}$ | $4-$ Year- <br> Olds $^{\mathrm{a}}$ |
| Head Start | 2674 | 23.70 | 24.89 | 21.70 |
| Among all households |  |  |  |  |
| Child Care | 1064 | 17.29 | 17.01 | 17.71 |
| Among those in child care | 2669 | 6.95 | 7.05 | 6.73 |
| Among all households |  |  |  |  |
| Total Head Start and Child Care | 2678 | 30.34 | 41.34 | 38.47 |
| Among those in child care |  |  |  | 31.92 |
| Among all households |  |  | 28.37 |  |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Table A. 27
Parent Health Behaviors

|  | Percent of Children |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
|  | All | 3-Year- | 4-Year- |  |
| Health Behavior | 65.09 | 65.39 | 64.53 |  |
| Parent Has Health Insurance | 23.78 | 21.60 | 27.48 |  |
| Parent Smokes Tobacco | 32.45 | 29.91 | 36.74 |  |
| Any Household Member Smokes Tobacco |  |  |  |  |
| Any Household Member Has Gotten into Trouble Due to | 1.83 | 1.79 | 1.90 |  |
| Alcohol in Past Year |  |  |  |  |
| Any Household Member Has Gotten into Trouble Due to <br> Drugs in Past Year | 0.15 | 0.16 | 0.13 |  |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Table A. 28
Parenting Approaches and Attitudes


Table A. 28 (contd.)
Parenting Approaches and Attitudes

| How Much Parent Agrees with Statement | Percent of Children |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 4-Year- |
|  | All Children | 3-Year-Olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| I have little or no difficulty sticking with my rules for my child even when close relatives are there ( J ) |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 35.51 | 36.22 | 34.40 |
| Very much | 27.13 | 26.44 | 28.16 |
| Somewhat | 27.75 | 27.68 | 27.91 |
| Not much | 4.69 | 5.10 | 4.01 |
| Not at all | 4.92 | 4.56 | 5.53 |
| I encourage my child to be independent of me (K) |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 41.97 | 43.61 | 39.31 |
| Very much | 35.87 | 35.14 | 36.98 |
| Somewhat | 17.35 | 16.90 | 18.13 |
| Not much | 2.63 | 2.32 | 3.15 |
| Not at all | 2.18 | 2.03 | 2.43 |
| Once I decide how to deal with a misbehavior, I follow through (L) |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 39.10 | 38.86 | 39.50 |
| Very much | 34.74 | 33.75 | 36.39 |
| Somewhat | 21.90 | 22.78 | 20.45 |
| Not much | 2.56 | 2.98 | 1.87 |
| Not at all | 1.69 | 1.63 | 1.80 |
| I believe physical punishment to be the best way of disciplining (M) |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 3.10 | 3.03 | 3.23 |
| Very much | 3.66 | 4.07 | 3.00 |
| Somewhat | 13.61 | 14.70 | 11.81 |
| Not much | 16.13 | 16.61 | 15.34 |
| Not at all | 63.50 | 61.59 | 66.61 |
| Mean Parental Warmth Score ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |
| Mean | 4.26 | 4.25 | 4.28 |
| Possible response range | 1-5 | 1-5 | 1-5 |
| Mean Parental Energy Score ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |  |  |
| Mean | 3.90 | 3.89 | 3.92 |
| Possible response range | 1-5 | 1-5 | 1-5 |
| Mean Parental Authoritative Score ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  |
| Mean | 3.44 | 3.44 | 3.43 |
| Possible response range | 1-5 | 1-5 | 1-5 |
| Mean Parental Authoritarian Score ${ }^{\text {e }}$ |  |  |  |
| Mean | 2.19 | 2.22 | 2.13 |
| Possible response range | 1-5 | 1-5 | 1-5 |

## Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{a}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ The Parental Warmth Score is an average based on items C, E, G, I, and M.
${ }^{\text {c }}$ The Parental Energy Score is an average based on items B, J, and L.
${ }^{\mathrm{d}}$ The Parental Authoritative Score is an average based on items A, D, E, and K.
${ }^{\mathrm{e}}$ The Parental Authoritarian Score is an average based on items F, H and M.

Table A. 29
Parenting Approaches and Attitudes, by Race/Ethnicity

| How Much Parent Agrees with Statement | Percent of Children |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | African American, NonHispanic | Hispanic/ Latino | Other |
| I control my child by warning about bad things that can happen (A) |  |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 27.42 | 32.29 | 28.94 | 28.25 |
| Very much | 34.69 | 30.03 | 36.48 | 29.18 |
| Somewhat | 27.50 | 27.35 | 28.57 | 30.71 |
| Not much | 5.74 | 4.07 | 3.93 | 5.48 |
| Not at all | 4.65 | 6.26 | 2.08 | 6.38 |
| At times I just don't have the energy to make my child behave (B) |  |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 3.97 | 5.54 | 8.22 | 4.33 |
| Very much | 6.11 | 7.49 | 8.61 | 6.70 |
| Somewhat | 26.35 | 20.24 | 35.61 | 30.05 |
| Not much | 22.88 | 14.96 | 17.65 | 20.71 |
| Not at all | 40.69 | 51.77 | 29.91 | 38.21 |
| My child and I have warm intimate moments together ( C) |  |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 48.76 | 47.60 | 41.23 | 49.30 |
| Very much | 39.50 | 36.40 | 46.27 | 36.75 |
| Somewhat | 9.76 | 12.45 | 9.73 | 11.54 |
| Not much | 1.28 | 0.69 | 1.77 | 1.62 |
| Not at all | 0.69 | 2.85 | 1.00 | 0.80 |
| I teach my child that misbehavior will always be punished (D) |  |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 44.09 | 44.12 | 36.92 | 35.68 |
| Very much | 31.62 | 36.77 | 28.50 | 37.08 |
| Somewhat | 17.08 | 14.56 | 21.78 | 14.95 |
| Not much | 3.81 | 1.74 | 6.94 | 6.33 |
| Not at all | 3.40 | 2.81 | 5.86 | 5.95 |
| I encourage my child to be curious, to explore, and to question things (E) |  |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 49.46 | 43.48 | 36.90 | 48.47 |
| Very much | 36.24 | 38.19 | 40.28 | 33.65 |
| Somewhat | 11.96 | 14.68 | 17.16 | 15.44 |
| Not much | 1.13 | 2.66 | 3.79 | 0.63 |
| Not at all | 1.21 | 1.00 | 1.88 | 1.81 |
| I do not allow my child to get angry with me (F) |  |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 10.52 | 23.85 | 18.77 | 19.13 |
| Very much | 11.39 | 16.21 | 18.43 | 12.39 |
| Somewhat | 46.96 | 29.63 | 35.40 | 30.41 |
| Not much | 14.21 | 14.31 | 14.32 | 17.71 |
| Not at all | 16.92 | 16.00 | 13.08 | 20.37 |
| I am easygoing and relaxed with my child (G) |  |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 28.49 | 37.50 | 32.62 | 32.45 |
| Very much | 33.06 | 32.84 | 34.46 | 30.89 |
| Somewhat | 36.64 | 25.66 | 26.82 | 32.78 |
| Not much | 1.20 | 1.80 | 5.30 | 3.62 |
| Not at all | 0.61 | 2.20 | 0.80 | 0.26 |
| I believe that a child should be seen and not heard (H) |  |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 3.26 | 12.73 | 12.79 | 7.63 |
| Very much | 2.39 | 8.73 | 9.47 | 4.42 |
| Somewhat | 6.05 | 14.38 | 14.67 | 9.60 |
| Not much | 7.69 | 10.91 | 10.13 | 9.67 |
| Not at all | 80.61 | 53.25 | 52.93 | 68.69 |
| I make sure my child knows I appreciate accomplishments (I) |  |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 62.10 | 62.99 | 54.90 | 67.09 |
| Very much | 37.21 | 34.80 | 41.28 | 30.45 |
| Somewhat | 0.69 | 2.12 | 3.06 | 2.46 |
| Not much | 0.09 | 0.71 |  |  |
| Not at all | 0.05 |  |  |  |

Table A. 29 (contd.)
Parenting Approaches and Attitudes, by Race/Ethnicity

| How Much Parent Agrees with Statement | Percent of Children Alrican |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | American, NonHispanic | Hispanic/ Latino | Other |
| I have little or no difficulty sticking with my rules for my child even when close relatives are there ( J ) |  |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 34.87 | 42.10 | 28.96 | 38.94 |
| Very much | 28.26 | 25.17 | 28.51 | 26.40 |
| Somewhat | 32.92 | 23.59 | 29.47 | 23.18 |
| Not much | 1.90 | 3.15 | 6.76 | 8.93 |
| Not at all | 2.05 | 5.98 | 6.30 | 2.55 |
| I encourage my child to be independent of me (K) |  |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 38.38 | 47.79 | 38.14 | 44.62 |
| Very much | 35.30 | 33.53 | 39.24 | 32.72 |
| Somewhat | 21.60 | 14.46 | 16.99 | 18.65 |
| Not much | 1.64 | 2.17 | 3.60 | 2.90 |
| Not at all | 3.08 | 2.05 | 2.03 | 1.11 |
| Once I decide how to deal with a misbehavior, I follow through (L) |  |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 39.93 | 43.05 | 35.00 | 38.77 |
| Very much | 33.82 | 35.63 | 35.42 | 31.57 |
| Somewhat | 23.42 | 18.38 | 23.05 | 26.26 |
| Not much | 2.16 | 1.77 | 3.77 | 1.60 |
| Not at all | 0.68 | 1.17 | 2.76 | 1.80 |
| I believe physical punishment to be the best way of disciplining (M) |  |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 2.10 | 3.20 | 3.89 | 2.09 |
| Very much | 1.76 | 5.71 | 2.91 | 3.92 |
| Somewhat | 10.68 | 19.49 | 10.73 | 11.02 |
| Not much | 18.04 | 19.23 | 12.74 | 13.36 |
| Not at all | 67.41 | 52.37 | 69.73 | 69.60 |
| Mean Parental Warmth Score ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Mean | 4.32 | 4.24 | 4.23 | 4.30 |
| Possible response range | 1-5 | 1-5 | 1-5 | 1-5 |
| Mean Parental Energy Score ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Mean | 3.97 | 4.04 | 3.73 | 4.26 |
| Possible response range | 1-5 | 1-5 | 1-5 | 1-5 |
| Mean Parental Authoritative Score ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Mean | 3.39 | 3.49 | 3.43 | 3.18 |
| Possible response range | 1-5 | 1-5 | 1-5 | 1-5 |
| Mean Parental Authoritarian Score ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Mean | 2.03 | 2.29 | 2.21 | 1.57 |
| Possible response range | 1-5 | 1-5 | 1-5 | 1-5 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ The Parental Warmth Score is an average based on items C, E, G, I, and M.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ The Parental Energy Score is an average based on items B, J, and L.
${ }^{\text {c }}$ The Parental Authoritative Score is an average based on items A, D, E, and K.
${ }^{\mathrm{d}}$ The Parental Authoritarian Score is an average based on items F, H and M.

Table A. 30
Parenting Approaches and Attitudes, by Number of Family Risks

| How Much Parent Agrees with Statement | Percent of Children with Different Numbers of Family Risk Factors ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 risk <br> factors | 1 risk factor | 2 or more risk factors |
| I control my child by warning about bad things that can happen (A) |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 14.51 | 37.30 | 48.19 |
| Very much | 18.87 | 33.64 | 47.49 |
| Somewhat | 19.03 | 37.03 | 43.94 |
| Not much | 18.07 | 38.44 | 43.49 |
| Not at all | 17.65 | 36.04 | 46.31 |
| At times I just don't have the energy to make my child behave (B) |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 12.61 | 36.08 | 51.31 |
| Very much | 11.01 | 36.45 | 52.54 |
| Somewhat | 15.49 | 35.39 | 49.12 |
| Not much | 23.52 | 32.97 | 43.51 |
| Not at all | 18.20 | 37.97 | 43.83 |
| My child and I have warm intimate moments together ( C) |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 17.38 | 38.25 | 44.37 |
| Very much | 18.29 | 35.26 | 46.45 |
| Somewhat | 17.19 | 32.72 | 50.09 |
| Not much | 3.34 | 31.35 | 65.31 |
| Not at all | 13.80 | 28.75 | 57.46 |
| I teach my child that misbehavior will always be punished (D) |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 16.61 | 38.82 | 44.56 |
| Very much | 19.32 | 33.33 | 47.35 |
| Somewhat | 16.82 | 32.23 | 50.95 |
| Not much | 18.39 | 41.61 | 40.00 |
| Not at all | 13.46 | 38.97 | 47.57 |
| I encourage my child to be curious, to explore, and to question things (E) |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 17.53 | 39.18 | 43.30 |
| Very much | 18.53 | 30.95 | 50.52 |
| Somewhat | 17.88 | 39.09 | 43.03 |
| Not much | 3.57 | 38.16 | 58.27 |
| Not at all | 11.05 | 42.04 | 46.91 |
| I do not allow my child to get angry with me (F) |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 14.59 | 35.60 | 49.81 |
| Very much | 17.44 | 31.35 | 51.21 |
| Somewhat | 17.69 | 38.07 | 44.24 |
| Not much | 22.32 | 35.30 | 42.37 |
| Not at all | 15.68 | 37.39 | 46.93 |
| I am easygoing and relaxed with my child (G) |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 15.41 | 36.92 | 47.66 |
| Very much | 19.32 | 33.76 | 46.92 |
| Somewhat | 19.14 | 38.24 | 42.63 |
| Not much | 8.56 | 28.14 | 63.30 |
| Not at all | 6.90 | 42.09 | 51.00 |
| I believe that a child should be seen and not heard (H) |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 11.84 | 38.78 | 49.38 |
| Very much | 13.45 | 34.15 | 52.40 |
| Somewhat | 14.53 | 33.90 | 51.57 |
| Not much | 14.60 | 36.91 | 48.49 |
| Not at all | 19.93 | 36.01 | 44.06 |
| I make sure my child knows I appreciate accomplishments (I) |  |  |  |
| Exactly | 18.36 | 37.97 | 43.67 |
| Very much | 16.50 | 32.74 | 50.76 |
| Somewhat | 13.71 | 35.24 | 51.05 |
| Not much | 58.92 | 41.08 |  |
| Not at all | 100.00 |  |  |

Table A. 30 (contd.)
Parenting Approaches and Attitudes, by Number of Family Risks

|  | Percent of Children with Different |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Numbers of Family Risk Factors ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |$]$

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Number of family risks is based on three family characteristics: whether the child resides in a single parent household, whether the household income is below the poverty threshold, and whether the mother has less than a high school diploma.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ The Parental Warmth Score is an average based on items C, E, G, I, and M.
${ }^{\text {c }}$ The Parental Energy Score is an average based on items B, J, and L.
${ }^{\mathrm{d}}$ The Parental Authoritative Score is an average based on items A, D, E, and K.
${ }^{\mathrm{e}}$ The Parental Authoritarian Score is an average based on items F, H and M.

Table A. 31
Parent Involvement in Head Start

|  | Percent of Children |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | All <br> Children | $3-$ Year- <br> Olds $^{\mathrm{a}}$ | $4-$ Year- <br> Olds $^{\mathrm{a}}$ |
| Ways Parent Participated This Year |  |  |  |
| Volunteered in classroom (A) | 60.10 | 60.94 | 58.79 |
| Prepared food/materials for special events (C) | 52.81 | 54.62 | 49.86 |
| Helped with field trips or special events (D) | 42.28 | 41.68 | 43.34 |
| Participated in Head Start policy council or planning group (K) | 24.65 | 25.32 | 23.56 |
| Prepared or distributed Head Start newsletters or materials (M) | 13.98 | 14.56 | 13.04 |
| Participated in fundraising activities (N) | 27.09 | 30.44 | 21.51 |
| Observed classroom (B) | 71.90 | 73.14 | 69.94 |
| Attended parent/teach conferences (G) | 84.51 | 84.51 | 84.48 |
| HS staff visited home (H) | 69.45 | 70.21 | 68.29 |
| Attended HS social events (E) | 50.35 | 50.70 | 49.84 |
| Attended parent education meetings or workshops (F) | 48.92 | 49.76 | 47.59 |
| Attended HS event with spouse or partner (I) | 40.46 | 40.67 | 40.17 |
| Attended HS event with other adult (J) | 32.21 | 32.46 | 31.85 |
| Called or visited another Head Start parent (L) | 20.53 | 21.17 | 19.48 |
| Number of Issues that Kept Parent From Participating (Mean) |  |  |  |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{a}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Issues that kept parents from participating included school or work schedules, need for support from spouse or partner, and not knowing others at Head Start

Table A. 32
Social Support

|  | Percent of Children |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Children | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 3-Year- } \\ \text { Olds }^{\text {a }} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 4-YearOlds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| If I need to do an errand, I can easily find someone to watch my child |  |  |  |
| Never true | 15.94 | 16.38 | 15.23 |
| Sometimes true | 38.73 | 38.24 | 39.60 |
| Always true | 45.34 | 45.38 | 45.17 |
| If I need a ride to get my child to the doctor, friends or family will help me |  |  |  |
| Never true | 9.71 | 9.65 | 9.82 |
| Sometimes true | 22.08 | 22.67 | 21.13 |
| Always true | 68.21 | 67.67 | 69.05 |
| If my child is sick, friends or family will call or come by |  |  |  |
| Never true | 9.37 | 9.22 | 9.65 |
| Sometimes true | 26.77 | 26.07 | 27.98 |
| Always true | 63.86 | 64.71 | 62.37 |
| If my child is having problems at Head Start, there is a friend, relative, or neighbor I can talk it over with |  |  |  |
| Never true | 9.43 | 9.43 | 9.45 |
| Sometimes true | 20.67 | 21.55 | 19.24 |
| Always true | 69.90 | 69.02 | 71.31 |
| If I have an emergency and need cash, family or friends will loan it to me |  |  |  |
| Never true | 10.99 | 10.60 | 11.65 |
| Sometimes true | 29.24 | 30.67 | 26.88 |
| Always true | 59.77 | 58.72 | 61.46 |
| If I have troubles or need advice, I have someone I can talk to |  |  |  |
| Never true | 4.75 | 4.84 | 4.61 |
| Sometimes true | 21.10 | 22.16 | 19.34 |
| Always true | 74.15 | 72.99 | 76.04 |
| Number of Types Of Help Parent Can Always Get (Mean) | 3.81 | 3.79 | 3.85 |
| Types of People Parent Finds Very Helpful |  |  |  |
| Family member(s) ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 87.91 | 88.45 | 86.99 |
| Friend(s) ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 47.21 | 48.28 | 45.32 |
| Head Start staff | 59.70 | 61.29 | 56.96 |
| Professional(s) other than Head Start staff ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 29.38 | 30.55 | 27.23 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ This measure combines responses to questions about the helpfulness of the respondent's current spouse or partner; the child's mother, father, and grandparents; and other relatives
${ }^{\text {c }}$ This measure combines responses to questions about the helpfulness of friends, co-workers, other Head Start parents, and religious or social group members
${ }^{\mathrm{d}}$ This measure combines responses to questions about the helpfulness of professional helpgivers like counselors or social workers and other child care providers

Table A. 33
Satisfaction with Head Start

|  | Percent of Children |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{c}\text { All } \\ \text { Children }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}3-\text { Year } \\ \text { Olds }\end{array}$ |
| Olds $^{\mathrm{a}}$ |  |  |$]$

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ The Child Related Subscale is based on items A, D, F, and G. For each item, a response of "Very Dissatisfied" contributed point to the scale, "Somewhat Dissatisfied" contributed 2 points, "Somewhat Satisfied" contributed 3 points, and "Very Satisfied" contributed 4 points to the scale.
${ }^{\text {c }}$ The Family Related Subscale is based on items B, C, E, and H. For each item, a response of "Very Dissatisfied" contribute 1 point to the scale, "Somewhat Dissatisfied" contributed 2 points, "Somewhat Satisfied" contributed 3 points, and "Very Satisfied" contributed 4 points to the scale.

[^0]Table A. 34
Types of Services Head Start Families Receive

|  | Percent of Children |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All <br> Children | 3-Year- <br> Olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 4-Year- <br> Olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Services received by any household member: |  |  |  |
| Housing | 9.32 | 9.36 | 9.27 |
| Job training, Job search assistance, Transportation to or from work or training | 5.49 | 5.11 | 6.12 |
| School assistance | 5.80 | 5.88 | 5.66 |
| ESL classes | 4.86 | 4.75 | 5.05 |
| Child care | 7.50 | 7.44 | 7.61 |
| Counseling or other assistance (includes Alcohol or drug treatment or counseling, Legal advice, Mental health services, Help dealing with family violence, and Help or counseling for other family problems) |  |  |  |
| family problems) | 6.18 | 5.76 | 6.90 |
| Dental or orthodontic care | 11.69 | 11.20 | 12.53 |
| Any of these services | 32.43 | 31.79 | 33.55 |
| Head Start made parents aware of or helped them obtain any of these services | 12.09 | 12.51 | 11.42 |
| Head Start helped parent find a regular health care provider for child: | 7.04 | 7.22 | 6.77 |
| Head Start provided information on health care providers | 4.61 | 4.38 | 5.02 |
| Head Start made referrals to health care providers | 1.92 | 2.17 | 1.50 |
| Head Start provided health care directly | 0.35 | 0.45 | 0.16 |
| Head Start provided other type of assistance in finding health care providers | 0.12 | 0.14 | 0.09 |
| Mother takes programs, courses, classes, or workshops | 26.69 | 29.43 | 22.10 |
| Head Start helped mother take or locate programs, courses, classes, or workshops | 3.71 | 3.76 | 3.63 |
| Father takes programs, courses, classes, or workshops | 13.18 | 14.40 | 11.24 |
| Head Start helped father take or locate programs, courses, classes, or workshops | 0.50 | 0.65 | 0.25 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Table B.1. Reliability of Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Data -- English and Spanish Language Assessments

|  | Spring 2007 (Total sample) |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scales | Number of items | Number of cases | Cronbach alphas |
| PPVT-4 | 168 | 2754 | 0.95 |
| TVIP | 74 | 626 | 0.94 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification | 34 | 2675 | 0.86 |
| WJ3: Spelling | 23 | 2680 | 0.81 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems | 33 | 2677 | 0.87 |
| ECLS-B Math IRT Score | 22 | 2672 | 0.87 |
| ECLS-B Number/Shape Proficiency |  | 2672 | 0.51 |
| Combined ECLS-B/WJ3 Applied Problems | 22 | 2672 | 0.87 |
| Story and Print Concepts | 44 | 2621 | 0.70 |
| WM3: Letter Word Identification | 13 | 162 | 0.82 |
| WM3: Spelling | 14 | 162 | 0.67 |
| WM3: Applied Problems | 19 | 162 | 0.88 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ This reliability coefficient is split-half.
Some children were administered the assessments in Spanish in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007. Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal in the fall but were able to by the spring. Data in this table reflect the performance of all children assessed in spring 2007, regardless of performance or language of assessment in the fall.

Table B.2. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Raw Score Data For Children Taking the Assessment in English

| Scales | Spring 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | SD | R respo | orted <br> e range | Possible response range |
| PPVT-4 | 2648 | 51.11 | 22.24 | 6 | - 131 | 0-228 |
| TVIP ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 467 | 15.96 | 11.56 | 0 | - 50 | 0-82 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification | 2675 | 5.90 | 4.27 | 0 | - 29 | 0-76 |
| WJ3: Spelling | 2680 | 6.28 | 3.18 | 0 | - 19 | 0-59 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems | 2677 | 7.81 | 4.58 | 0 | - 24 | 0-63 |
| ECLS-B Counting | 2672 | 11.14 | 5.40 | 0 | - 20 | 0-20 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Raw scores are displayed.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ These scores are for children from Spanish speaking households who passed the language screener and took the remainder of the assessment in English.

Some children were administered the assessments in Spanish in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007. Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal in the fall but were able to by the spring. Data in this table reflect the performance of all children assessed in spring 2007, regardless of performance or language of assessment in the fall.

Table B.3. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Raw Score Data by Age For Children Taking the Assessment in English

| Scales | Spring 2007 (3-year-olds) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Spring 2007 (4-year-olds) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number of } \\ \text { cases } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Mean | SD |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { rted } \\ & \text { e range } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Possible response range | Number of cases | Mean | SD | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{Re} \\ \text { respo } \end{array}$ | orted <br> e range | Possible response range |
| PPVT-4 | 1677 | 44.48 | 19.25 | 6 | 125 | 0-228 | 953 | 61.72 | 22.60 | 10 | 131 | 0-228 |
| TVIP ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 262 | 12.41 | 9.79 | 0 | - 40 | 0-82 | 200 | 19.97 | 12.09 | 1 | 50 | 0-82 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification | 1698 | 4.96 | 3.83 | 0 | - 24 | 0-76 | 959 | 7.41 | 4.49 | 0 | - 29 | 0-76 |
| WJ3: Spelling | 1702 | 5.18 | 2.79 | 0 | - 19 | 0-59 | 960 | 8.06 | 2.97 | 0 | - 16 | 0-59 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems | 1700 | 6.45 | 4.23 | 0 | - 23 | 0-63 | 959 | 9.99 | 4.26 | 0 | - 24 | 0-63 |
| ECLS-B Counting | 1695 | 9.76 | 5.06 | 0 | - 20 | 0-20 | 959 | 13.35 | 5.20 | 0 | - 20 | 0-20 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.

Note: $\quad$ Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
Raw scores are displayed.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ These scores are for children from Spanish speaking households who passed the language screener and took the remainder of the assessment in English.
Some children were administered the assessments in Spanish in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007. Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal in the fall but were able to by the spring. Data in this table reflect the performance of all children assessed in spring 2007, regardless of performance or language of assessment in the fall.

Table B.4. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Standardized Score Data For Children Taking the Assessment in English

| Scales | Number of cases | Reported response range |  | Possible response range | Mean (SD) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Overall | SD | Bottom quartile | $\begin{gathered} \text { Top } \\ \text { quartile } \end{gathered}$ |
| PPVT-4 Standard Score | 2648 | 41 | - 150 |  | 20-160 | 85.50 | 14.5 | 67.6 | 104.2 |
| TVIP Standard Score ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 452 | 55 | - 119 | 55-145 | 82.50 | 14.3 | 65.2 | 103.1 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification Standard | 2600 | 62 | - 165 | $0-200$ | 98.60 | 16.9 | 78.0 | 121.0 |
| WJ3: Spelling Standard Score | 2635 | 43 | - 151 | 0-200 | 95.90 | 15 | 77.3 | 114.7 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems Standard Score | 2483 | 38 | - 154 | 0-200 | 90.10 | 14.6 | 71.4 | 107.9 |
| ECLS-B Math IRT Score | 2672 | 3.20 | - 21.20 | 0-22 | 9.50 | 3.2 | 5.50 | 13.80 |
| ECLS-B Number/Shape Proficiency | 2672 | 0.00 | - 1.00 | 0-1.00 | 0.50 | 0.3 | 0.10 | 0.90 |
| Combined ECLS-B/WJ3 Applied Problems | 2672 | 3.90 | - 43.70 | 0-48 | 18.50 | 7.3 | 9.20 | 27.90 |
| Story and Print Concepts IRT Scale Score | 2479 | 0.00 | - 12.00 | 0-100 | 4.70 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 8.0 |
| PPVT-4 W Score | 2648 | 54 | - 161 | 12-271 | 105.50 | 17.4 | 83.5 | 128.1 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification W Ability | 2600 | 276 | - 427 | NA | 320.60 | 26.1 | 288.1 | 355.8 |
| WJ3: Spelling W Ability Score | 2635 | 287 | - 451 | NA | 362.00 | 31.7 | 326.6 | 406.4 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems W Ability Score | 2483 | 332 | - 458 | NA | 387.20 | 23.2 | 360.3 | 415.8 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ These scores are for children from Spanish speaking households who passed the language screener and took the remainder of the assessment in English.

Some children were administered the assessments in Spanish in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007. Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal in the fall but were able to by the spring. Data in this table reflect the performance of all children assessed in spring 2007, regardless of performance or language of assessment in the fall.

Table B.5. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Child Standardized Score Data by Age For Children Taking the Assessment in English

| Scales | Spring 2007 (3-year-olds) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | Spring 2007 (4-year-olds) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | SD | Number of cases | Mean | SD |
| PPVT-4 Standard Score | 1677 | 85.30 | 14.20 | 953 | 85.90 | 14.90 |
| TVIP Standard Score ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 256 | 83.10 | 13.50 | 191 | 81.70 | 15.30 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification Standard Score | 1633 | 100.10 | 18.40 | 949 | 96.10 | 14.00 |
| WJ3: Spelling Standard Score | 1658 | 96.20 | 14.80 | 959 | 95.60 | 15.20 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems Standard Score | 1528 | 91.60 | 15.10 | 937 | 87.90 | 13.40 |
| ECLS-B Math IRT Score | 1695 | 8.30 | 2.80 | 959 | 11.3 | 3.00 |
| ECLS-B Number/Shape Proficiency Probability Score | 1695 | 0.30 | 0.30 | 959 | 0.70 | 0.30 |
| Combined ECLS-B/WJ3 Applied Problems IRT Score | 1695 | 16.00 | 6.50 | 959 | 22.5 | 6.50 |
| Story and Print Concepts IRT Scale Score | 1553 | 3.90 | 2.20 | 908 | 5.90 | 2.20 |
| PPVT-4 W Score | 1677 | 100.40 | 15.80 | 953 | 113.5 | 16.90 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification W Ability Score | 1633 | 315.00 | 24.70 | 949 | 329.4 | 25.80 |
| WJ3: Spelling W Ability Score | 1658 | 351.50 | 29.30 | 959 | 378.4 | 28.00 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems W Ability Score | 1528 | 380.60 | 22.70 | 937 | 397.1 | 20.10 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ These scores are for children from Spanish speaking households who passed the language screener and took the remainder of the assessment in English.

Some children were administered the assessments in Spanish in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007. Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal in the fall but were able to by the spring. Data in this table reflect the performance of all children assessed in spring 2007, regardless of performance or language of assessment in the fall.

Table B.6. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Raw Score Data For Children Taking the Assessment in Spanish

| Scales | Spring 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | SD | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{Re} \\ \text { respo } \end{array}$ | orted <br> e range | Possible response range |
| PPVT-4 | 106 | 16.23 | 7.22 | 5 | 47 | 0-228 |
| TVIP ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 159 | 10.80 | 8.56 | 0 | - 50 | 0-82 |
| WM: Letter Word Identification | 162 | 2.01 | 1.97 | 0 | - 11 | 0-76 |
| WM: Spelling | 162 | 4.03 | 1.99 | 0 | - 16 | 0-59 |
| WM: Applied Problems | 162 | 3.97 | 3.70 | 0 | - 23 | 0-63 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Raw scores are displayed.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ These scores are for children from Spanish speaking households who failed the language screener and took the remainder of the assessment in Spanish.

Some children were administered the assessments in Spanish in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007. Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal in the fall but were able to by the spring. Data in this table reflect the performance of all children assessed in spring 2007, regardless of performance or language of assessment in the fall.

Table B.7. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Raw Score Data by Age For Children Taking the Assessment in Spanish

| Scales | Spring 2007 (3-year-olds) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Spring 2007 (4-year-olds) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | SD | Reported response range |  | Possible response range | Number of cases | Mean | SD | Reported response range |  |  |  |
| PPVT-4 | 82 | 15.96 | 6.57 | 5 | 41 | 0-228 | 24 | 17.26 | 9.27 | 5 | - | 47 | 0-228 |
| TVIP ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 124 | 9.74 | 8.40 | 0 | - 50 | 0-82 | 35 | 15.05 | 7.81 | 1 | - | 41 | 0-82 |
| WM: Letter Word | 127 | 1.78 | 1.65 | 0 | - 9 | 0-76 | 35 | 2.95 | 2.76 | 0 | - | 11 | 0-76 |
| WM: Spelling | 127 | 3.77 | 1.69 | 0 | - 9 | 0-59 | 35 | 5.06 | 2.67 | 0 | - | 16 | 0-59 |
| WM: Applied Problems | 127 | 3.69 | 3.31 | 0 | - 16 | 0-63 | 35 | 5.12 | 4.83 | 0 | - | 23 | 0-63 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.

Note: $\quad$ Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Raw scores are displayed.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ These scores are for children from Spanish speaking households who failed the language screener and took the remainder of the assessment in Spanish.
Some children were administered the assessments in Spanish in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007. Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal in the fall but were able to by the spring. Data in this table reflect the performance of all children assessed in spring 2007, regardless of performance or language of assessment in the fall.

Table B.8. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Standardized Score Data For Children Taking the Assessment in Spanish

| Scales | Number of cases | Reported response range |  | Possible response range | Mean (SD) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Overall | SD | Bottom quartile | Top quartile |
| PPVT-4 Standard Score | 106 | 33 | 85 |  | 20-160 | 59.85 | 10.31 | 47.02 | 73.65 |
| TVIP Standard Score ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 157 | 56 | - 128 | 55-145 | 81.37 | 11.53 | 69.67 | 97.28 |
| WM3: Letter Word Identification Standard Score | 126 | 64 | - 116 | 0-200 | 83.92 | 12.90 | 69.12 | 101.68 |
| WM3: Spelling Standard Score | 157 | 41 | - 120 | 0-200 | 88.28 | 11.96 | 72.51 | 101.56 |
| WM3: Applied Problems Standard Score | 129 | 41 | - 124 | 0-200 | 80.61 | 15.44 | 61.21 | 100.41 |
| Story and Print Concepts IRT Scale Score | 142 | 0 | - 9.9 | 0-100 | 3.14 | 2.07 | 0.93 | 5.84 |
| PPVT-4 W Score | 106 | 51 | - 104 | $12-271$ | 72.99 | 9.91 | 61.02 | 85.98 |
| WM3: Letter Word Identification W Ability Score | 162 | 264 | - 349 | NA | 288.67 | 20.19 | 270.43 | 323.15 |
| WM3: Spelling W Ability Score | 162 | 277 | - 437 | NA | 337.67 | 26.29 | 310.14 | 369.47 |
| WM3: Applied Problems W Ability Score | 162 | 318 | - 453 | NA | 357.91 | 27.66 | 322.78 | 393.58 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ These scores are for children from Spanish speaking households who failed the language screener and took the remainder of the assessment in Spanish.
Some children were administered the assessments in Spanish in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007. Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal in the fall but were able to by the spring. Data in this table reflect the performance of all children assessed in spring 2007, regardless of performance or language of assessment in the fall.

Table B.9. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Standardized Score Data by Age For Children Taking the Assessment in Spanish

|  | Spring 2007 (3-year-olds) ${ }^{a}$ |  |  | Spring 2007 (4-year-olds) ${ }^{a}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of <br> cases | Mean | SD | Number of |  |  |
| cases | Mean | SD |  |  |  |  |
| Pcales | 82 | 62.12 | 9.05 | 24 | 50.96 | 10.14 |
| TVIP-4 Standard Score | 123 | 82.78 | 11.35 | 34 | 75.62 | 10.41 |
| WM: Letter Word Identification Standard Score | 94 | 85.13 | 13.05 | 32 | 79.91 | 11.51 |
| WM: Applied Problems Standard Score | 123 | 89.78 | 10.85 | 34 | 82.10 | 14.15 |
| WM: Spelling Standard Score | 96 | 83.50 | 13.40 | 33 | 70.77 | 17.72 |
| Story and Print Concepts IRT Scale Score | 110 | 2.97 | 1.99 | 32 | 3.75 | 2.24 |
| PPVT-4 W Ability Score | 82 | 72.84 | 9.13 | 24 | 73.57 | 12.48 |
| WM: Letter Word Identification W Ability | 127 | 286.74 | 18.87 | 35 | 296.60 | 23.28 |
| WM: Applied Problems W Ability Score | 127 | 334.96 | 24.45 | 35 | 348.85 | 30.34 |
| WM: Spelling W Ability Score | 127 | 355.95 | 26.81 | 35 | 366.00 | 29.58 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ These scores are for children from Spanish speaking households who failed the language screener and took the remainder of the assessment in Spanish.

Some children were administered the assessments in Spanish in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007. Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal in the fall but were able to by the spring. Data in this table reflect the performance of all children assessed in spring 2007, regardless of performance or language of assessment in the fall.

Table B.10. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Raw Score Data by Gender For Children Taking the Assessment in English or Spanish

| Scales | Spring 2007 (Girls) |  |  | Spring 2007 (Boys) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | SD | Number of cases | Mean | SD |
| PPVT-4 | 1361 | 51.17 | 22.62 | 1393 | 48.96 | 22.81 |
| TVIP ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 331 | 15.35 | 11.47 | 295 | 14.20 | 10.79 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification | 1303 | 6.33 | 4.25 | 1372 | 5.50 | 4.25 |
| WJ3: Spelling | 1306 | 6.82 | 3.16 | 1374 | 5.79 | 3.13 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems | 1304 | 8.17 | 4.48 | 1373 | 7.47 | 4.64 |
| ECLS-B Counting | 1303 | 11.72 | 5.38 | 1369 | 10.59 | 5.36 |
| WM3: Letter Word Identification | 93 | 2.35 | 2.21 | 69 | 1.58 | 1.50 |
| WM3: Spelling | 93 | 4.29 | 2.19 | 69 | 3.69 | 1.64 |
| WM3: Applied Problems | 93 | 4.66 | 3.85 | 69 | 3.08 | 3.29 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ These scores are for all children from Spanish speaking households, regardless of whether the child passed or failed the language screener.

Raw scores are displayed.
Some children were administered the assessments in Spanish in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007. Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal in the fall but were able to by the spring. Data in this table reflect the performance of all children assessed in spring 2007, regardless of performance or language of assessment in the fall.

Table B.11. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Standardized Score Data by Gender For Children Taking the Assessment in English or Spanish

|  | Spring 2007 (Girls) |  |  | Spring 2007 (Boys) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scales | Number of cases | Mean | SD | Number of cases | Mean | SD |
| PPVT-4 Standard Score | 1361 | 85.70 | 15.10 | 1393 | 83.80 | 14.90 |
| TVIP Standard Score ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 321 | 82.70 | 14.20 | 288 | 81.80 | 13.30 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification Standard Score | 1279 | 100.50 | 17.00 | 1321 | 96.70 | 16.60 |
| WJ3: Spelling Standard Score | 1287 | 99.20 | 14.10 | 1348 | 92.90 | 15.10 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems Standard Score | 1225 | 91.30 | 14.40 | 1258 | 88.90 | 14.70 |
| ECLS-B Math IRT Score | 1303 | 9.70 | 3.10 | 1369 | 9.20 | 3.30 |
| ECLS-B Number/Shape Proficiency Probability Score | 1303 | 0.50 | 0.30 | 1369 | 0.40 | 0.30 |
| Combined ECLS-B/WJ3 Applied Problems IRT Score | 1303 | 19.10 | 7.00 | 1369 | 18.00 | 7.40 |
| Story and Print Concepts IRT Scale Score | 1293 | 4.80 | 2.40 | 1328 | 4.40 | 2.40 |
| WM: Letter Word Identification Standard Score | 74 | 86.40 | 13.80 | 52 | 80.60 | 10.70 |
| WM: Spelling Standard Score | 90 | 90.00 | 12.60 | 67 | 86.10 | 10.70 |
| WM: Applied Problems Standard Score | 77 | 83.40 | 15.60 | 52 | 76.60 | 14.30 |
| PPVT-4 W Ability Score | 1361 | 105.40 | 17.90 | 1393 | 103.60 | 18.20 |
| WJ: Letter Word Identification W Ability Score | 1279 | 323.10 | 25.80 | 1321 | 318.30 | 26.20 |
| WJ: Spelling W Ability Score | 1287 | 367.60 | 29.90 | 1348 | 356.60 | 32.40 |
| WJ: Applied Problems W Ability Score | 1225 | 388.80 | 22.60 | 1258 | 385.70 | 23.70 |
| WM: Letter Word Identification W Ability Score | 93 | 292.00 | 21.70 | 69 | 284.40 | 17.20 |
| WM: Spelling W Ability Score | 93 | 340.40 | 28.10 | 69 | 334.10 | 23.20 |
| WM: Applied Problems W Ability Score | 93 | 362.90 | 27.80 | 69 | 351.50 | 26.10 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ These scores are for all children from Spanish speaking households, regardless of whether the child passed or failed the language screener.

Some children were administered the assessments in Spanish in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007. Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal in the fall but were able to by the spring. Data in this table reflect the performance of all children assessed in spring 2007, regardless of performance or language of assessment in the fall.

Table B.12. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Raw Score Data by Race/Ethnicity For Children Taking the Assessment in English

| Scales | Spring 2007 (African American, non- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Spring 2007 (Other) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | SD | Number of cases | Mean | SD | Number of cases | Mean | SD | Number of cases | Mean | SD |
| PPVT-4 | 570 | 64.62 | 22.07 | 925 | 48.08 | 19.78 | 999 | 41.17 | 21.07 | 237 | 54.01 | 21.81 |
| WJ: Letter Word Identification | 573 | 6.04 | 4.21 | 935 | 6.18 | 4.22 | 902 | 5.45 | 4.19 | 242 | 6.09 | 4.75 |
| WJ: Spelling | 574 | 6.43 | 3.24 | 935 | 5.81 | 2.99 | 906 | 6.62 | 3.23 | 242 | 6.45 | 3.36 |
| WJ: Applied Problems | 574 | 9.72 | 4.85 | 935 | 6.91 | 4.09 | 903 | 7.21 | 4.38 | 242 | 8.35 | 4.74 |
| ECLS-B Counting | 571 | 11.21 | 5.61 | 932 | 11.10 | 5.43 | 904 | 11.12 | 5.20 | 242 | 11.18 | 5.52 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.

Note: $\quad$ Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
Raw scores are displayed.

Some children were administered the assessments in Spanish in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007. Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal in the fall but were able to by the spring. Data in this table reflect the performance of all children assessed in spring 2007, regardless of performance or language of assessment in the fall.

Table B.13. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Standardized Score Data by Race/Ethnicity For Children Taking the Assessment in English

| Scales | Spring 2007 (White) |  |  | Spring 2007 (African American, non-Hispanic) |  |  | Spring 2007 (Hispanic/Latino) |  |  | Spring 2007 (Other) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | SD | Number of cases | Mean | SD | Number of cases | Mean | SD | Number o cases | Mean | SD |
| PPVT-4 Standard Score | 570 | 94.40 | 13.30 | 925 | 84.80 | 12.50 | 999 | 77.5 | 14.90 | 237.00 | 87.40 | 13.9 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification Standard Score | 559 | 98.00 | 16.50 | 907 | 101.40 | 17.70 | 878 | 95.8 | 15.70 | 233.00 | 99.00 | 17.4 |
| WJ3: Spelling Standard Score | 564 | 95.60 | 15.80 | 918 | 95.20 | 14.30 | 890 | 96.6 | 15.00 | 240.00 | 96.50 | 14.9 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems Standard Score | 545 | 95.70 | 14.30 | 871 | 88.30 | 14.00 | 823 | 87.00 | 14.20 | 221.00 | 92.90 | 14.4 |
| ECLS-B Math IRT Score | 571 | 10.70 | 3.40 | 932 | 8.80 | 3.00 | 904 | 9.1 | 3.00 | 242.00 | 9.80 | 3.40 |
| ECLS-B Number/Shape Proficiency Probability Score | 571 | 0.60 | 0.30 | 932 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 904 | 0.4 | 0.30 | 242.00 | 0.50 | 0.30 |
| Combined ECLS-B/WJ3 Applied Problems IRT Score | 571 | 21.20 | 7.60 | 932 | 17.10 | 6.80 | 904 | 17.8 | 6.90 | 242.00 | 19.30 | 7.60 |
| Story and Print Concepts IRT Scale Score | 532 | 5.30 | 2.60 | 888 | 4.10 | 2.30 | 962 | 4.60 | 2.30 | 218.00 | 4.60 | 2.3 |
| PPVT-4 W Ability Score | 570 | 115.70 | 16.10 | 925 | 103.40 | 15.50 | 999 | 97.20 | 18.00 | 237.00 | 107.60 | 17.4 |
| WJ: Letter Word Identification W Ability Score | 559 | 321.20 | 25.90 | 907 | 322.40 | 25.90 | 878 | 317.8 | 25.70 | 233.00 | 322.1 | 28.1 |
| WJ: Spelling W Ability Score | 564 | 363.30 | 32.10 | 918 | 357.60 | 30.20 | 890 | 365.1 | 32.40 | 240.00 | 363.2 | 31.5 |
| WJ: Applied Problems W Ability Score | 545 | 396.50 | 22.80 | 871 | 382.10 | 22.10 | 823 | 384.4 | 22.70 | 221.00 | 391.6 | 22.1 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.

Note: $\quad$ Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
Some children were administered the assessments in Spanish in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007. Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal in the fall but were able to by the spring. Data in this table reflect the performance of all children assessed in spring 2007, regardless of performance or language of assessment in the fall.

Table B.14. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Raw Score Data by Number of Family Risks For Children Taking the Assessment in English or Spanish

| Scales | Spring 2007 (0 risks) |  |  | Spring 2007 (1 risk) |  |  | Spring 2007 (2 or more risks) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | SD | Number of cases | Mean | SD | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number of } \\ \text { cases } \end{gathered}$ | Mean | SD |
| PPVT-4 | 412 | 56.01 | 23.31 | 924 | 50.92 | 22.65 | 1178 | 46.35 | 21.79 |
| TVIP ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 72 | 13.34 | 12.32 | 192 | 13.96 | 10.42 | 330 | 15.80 | 11.42 |
| WJ: Letter Word Identification | 404 | 6.47 | 4.63 | 903 | 6.16 | 4.40 | 1132 | 5.35 | 3.95 |
| WJ: Spelling | 404 | 6.35 | 3.33 | 903 | 6.57 | 3.28 | 1137 | 6.03 | 3.02 |
| WJ: Applied Problems | 404 | 8.26 | 4.85 | 903 | 8.04 | 4.75 | 1134 | 7.32 | 4.31 |
| ECLS-B Counting | 403 | 11.19 | 5.52 | 901 | 11.52 | 5.54 | 1132 | 10.80 | 5.22 |
| WM: Letter Word Identification | 21 | 2.50 | 2.04 | 48 | 2.24 | 2.26 | 84 | 1.70 | 1.73 |
| WM: Spelling | 21 | 4.06 | 1.95 | 48 | 4.28 | 2.19 | 84 | 3.95 | 1.87 |
| WM: Applied Problems | 21 | 4.50 | 4.42 | 48 | 4.38 | 3.92 | 84 | 3.44 | 3.12 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{a}$ These scores are for all children from Spanish speaking households, regardless of whether the child passed or failed the language screener.
Raw scores are dislayed.
Some children were administered the assessments in Spanish in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007. Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal in the fall but were able to by the spring. Data in this table reflect the performance of all children assessed in spring 2007, regardless of performance or language of assessment in the fall.

Number of family risks is based on three family characteristics: whether the child resides in a single parent household, whether the household income is below the poverty threshold, and whether the mother has less than a high school diploma.

Table B.15. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Standardized Score Data by Number of Family Risks For Children Taking the Assessment in English or Spanish

| Scales | Spring 2007 (0 risks) |  |  | Spring 2007 (1 risk) |  |  | Spring 2007 (2 or more risks) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of |  |  | Number |  |  | umber |  |  |
|  | cases | Mean | SD | cases | Mean | SD | cases | Mean | SD |
| PPVT-4 Standard Score | 412 | 89.59 | 15.15 | 924 | 85.30 | 14.86 | 1178 | 82.05 | 14.71 |
| TVIP Standard Score ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 71 | 80.61 | 16.59 | 188 | 81.06 | 12.86 | 320 | 83.34 | 13.83 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification Standard Score | 389 | 101.86 | 18.38 | 875 | 99.66 | 16.74 | 1104 | 96.12 | 16.37 |
| WJ3: Spelling Standard Score | 393 | 97.61 | 14.93 | 889 | 97.16 | 15.33 | 1119 | 94.60 | 14.52 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems Standard Score | 373 | 92.85 | 14.85 | 843 | 90.43 | 15.11 | 1041 | 88.49 | 14.03 |
| WM: Letter Word Identification Standard Score | 19 | 84.16 | 15.54 | 38 | 86.08 | 14.48 | 60 | 82.90 | 11.30 |
| WM: Spelling Standard Score | 21 | 87.54 | 12.14 | 47 | 90.23 | 10.64 | 80 | 88.65 | 11.73 |
| WM: Applied Problems Standard Score | 18 | 84.07 | 17.27 | 41 | 81.31 | 14.48 | 63 | 79.35 | 15.73 |
| PPVT-4 W Ability Score | 412 | 109.14 | 17.87 | 924 | 105.19 | 17.92 | 1178 | 101.56 | 17.78 |
| WJ: Letter Word Identification W Ability Score | 389 | 324.53 | 27.43 | 875 | 322.57 | 26.17 | 1104 | 316.72 | 25.14 |
| WJ: Spelling W Ability Score | 393 | 363.63 | 31.82 | 889 | 364.36 | 32.20 | 1119 | 359.64 | 30.54 |
| WJ: Applied Problems W Ability Score | 373 | 389.87 | 23.78 | 843 | 387.80 | 24.15 | 1041 | 385.07 | 22.23 |
| WM: Letter Word Identification W Ability Score | 21 | 293.13 | 21.50 | 48 | 290.42 | 22.19 | 84 | 285.62 | 18.58 |
| WM: Spelling W Ability Score | 21 | 337.07 | 27.22 | 48 | 341.40 | 24.89 | 84 | 336.68 | 26.52 |
| WM: Applied Problems W Ability Score | 21 | 361.22 | 30.07 | 48 | 361.40 | 27.20 | 84 | 354.20 | 26.09 |
| Story and Print Concepts IRT Scale Score | 395 | 4.89 | 2.54 | 878 | 4.75 | 2.38 | 1121 | 4.38 | 2.36 |
| ECLS-B Math IRT Score | 403 | 9.87 | 3.32 | 901 | 9.66 | 3.39 | 1132 | 9.04 | 2.98 |
| Combined ECLS-B/WJ3 Applied Problems IRT Score | 403 | 19.41 | 7.46 | 901 | 18.94 | 7.62 | 1132 | 17.60 | 6.80 |
| ECLS-B Number/Shape Proficiency Probability Score | 403 | 0.51 | 0.35 | 901 | 0.48 | 0.34 | 1132 | 0.42 | 0.32 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table B.16. Reliability of Spring 2007 Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Parent and Teacher Child Report Data Selected Measures

|  | Spring 2007 (Total sample) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scales | Number of <br> items | Number of <br> cases | Cronbach <br> alphas |  |
| Child Literacy Skills (Teacher Report) | 5 | 2698 | 0.84 |  |
| Emergent Literacy Scale (Parent Report) | 5 | 2628 | 0.48 |  |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Raw scores are displayed.

Table B.17. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Parent and Teacher Child Report Data Selected Measures

|  | Spring 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scales | cases | Mean | SE | Reported response <br> range |  |  | Possible <br> response range |
| Child Literacy Skills (Teacher Report) | 2784 | 4.47 | 0.09 | 0 | - | 7 | $0-7$ |
| Emergent Literacy Scale (Parent Report) | 2686 | 3.33 | 0.07 | 0 | - | 5 | $0-5$ |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: $\quad$ Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Raw scores are displayed.

Table B.18. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Parent and Teacher Child Report Data Selected Measures by Age

| Scales | Spring 2007 (3-year-olds) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Spring 2007 (4-year-olds) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | SE |  |  | onse | Number cases | Mean | SEReported response <br> range |  |  |  |
| Child Literacy Skills (Teacher Report) | 1799 | 3.89 | 0.10 | 0 |  | 7 | 965 | 5.46 | 0.10 | 0 | - | 7 |
| Emergent Literacy Scale (Parent Report) | 1734 | 2.94 | 0.08 | 0 | - | 5 | 951 | 3.99 | 0.08 | 0 | - | 5 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
Raw scores are displayed.

Table B.19. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Parent and Teacher Child Report Data Selected Measures by Gender

|  | Spring 2007 (Girls) |  |  | Spring 2007 (Boys) |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of | Number of |  |  |  |  |
| Scales | cases | Mean | SE | cases | Mean | SE |
| Child Literacy Skills (Teacher Report) | 1368 | 4.75 | 0.08 | 1416 | 4.21 | 0.11 |
| Emergent Literacy Scale (Parent Report) | 1318 | 3.58 | 0.06 | 1368 | 3.10 | 0.09 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Raw scores are displayed.

Table B.20. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Parent and Teacher Child Report Data Selected Measures by Race/Ethnicity

| Scales | Spring 2007 (African American, non- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Spring 2007 (White) |  |  | Hispanic) |  |  | Spring 2007 (Hispanic/Latino) |  |  | Spring 2007 (Other) |  |  |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | SE | umber cases | Mean | SE | Number cases | Mean | SE | mber cases | Mean | SE |
| Child Literacy Skills (Teacher Report) | 584 | 4.51 | 0.14 | 894 | 4.24 | 0.13 | 1044 | 4.68 | 0.13 | 238 | 4.40 | 0.19 |
| Emergent Literacy Scale (Parent Report) | 537 | 3.42 | 0.15 | 893 | 3.47 | 0.06 | 1021 | 3.21 | 0.12 | 232 | 3.08 | 0.18 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
Raw scores are displayed.

Table B.21. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Parent and Teacher Child Report Data Selected Measures by Number of Family Risks

| Scales | Spring 2007 (0 risks) |  |  | Spring 2007 (1 risk) |  |  | Spring 2007 (2 or more risks) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of |  |  | Number |  |  | umber |  |  |
|  | cases | Mean | SE | cases | Mean | SE | cases | Mean | SE |
| Child Literacy Skills (Teacher Report) | 420 | 4.51 | 0.16 | 420 | 4.51 | 0.10 | 1188 | 4.35 | 0.10 |
| Emergent Literacy Scale (Parent Report) | 411 | 3.45 | 0.13 | 411 | 3.45 | 0.07 | 1147 | 3.19 | 0.08 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
Raw scores are displayed.
Number of family risks is based on three family characteristics: whether the child resides in a single parent household, whether the household income is below the poverty threshold, and whether the mother has less than a high school diploma.

Table B22. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Raw Score Data for Children with Teacher Reported Disabilities ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Taking the Assessment in English

| Scales | Spring 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | SD |  | orted <br> e range | Possible response range |
| PPVT-4 | 328 | 46.00 | 21.93 | 8 | - 103 | 0-228 |
| TVIP ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 45 | 10.02 | 10.46 | 1 | - 44 | 0-82 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification | 346 | 4.59 | 3.80 | 0 | - 18 | 0-76 |
| WJ3: Spelling | 346 | 5.26 | 3.19 | 0 | - 15 | 0-59 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems | 347 | 6.20 | 4.61 | 0 | - 24 | 0-63 |
| ECLS-B Counting | 338 | 8.87 | 5.07 | 0 | - 20 | 0-20 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Raw scores are displayed.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ In this table, identification of child disability is based on spring 2007 teacher reports.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ These scores are for children from Spanish speaking households who passed the language screener and took the remainder of the assessment in English.

Some children were administered the assessments in Spanish in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007. Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal in the fall but were able to by the spring. Data in this table reflect the performance of all children assessed in spring 2007, regardless of performance or language of assessment in the fall.

Table B23. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Standardized Score Data for Children with Teacher Reported Disabilities ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Taking the Assessment in English

| Scales | Number of cases | Reported response range |  | Possible response range | Mean (SD) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Overall | SD | Bottom quartile | $\begin{gathered} \text { Top } \\ \text { quartile } \end{gathered}$ |
| PPVT-4 Standard Score | 328 | 43.00 | 116.00 |  | 20-160 | 82.20 | 14 | 65.9 | 101 |
| TVIP Standard Score ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 43 | 55.00 | - 111.00 | 55-145 | 79.40 | 13 | 65.1 | 98.2 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification Standard Score | 320 | 64.00 | - 155.00 | 0-200 | 94.00 | 16.8 | 73.7 | 117.4 |
| WJ3: Spelling Standard Score | 326 | 43.00 | - 131.00 | 0-200 | 91.30 | 16 | 70.4 | 110.7 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems Standard Score | 282 | 43.00 | - 131.00 | 0-200 | 86.40 | 14.6 | 67.3 | 104.4 |
| ECLS-B Math IRT Score | 338 | 3.20 | - 19.50 | 0-22 | 8.40 | 3 | 4.70 | 12.40 |
| ECLS-B Number/Shape Proficiency Probability Score | 338 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 0-1.00 | 0.40 | 0.3 | 0.00 | 0.80 |
| Combined ECLS-B/WJ3 Applied Problems IRT Score | 338 | 3.90 | 39.80 | 0-48 | 16.00 | 7 | 7.20 | 25.20 |
| Story and Print Concepts IRT Scale Score | 302 | 0.00 | 9.20 | 0-100 | 4.00 | 2.3 | 1.1 | 6.8 |
| PPVT-4 W Score | 328 | 60.00 | 142.00 | 12-271 | 101.30 | 17.8 | 78.5 | 124.5 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification W Ability Score | 320 | 276.00 | 384.00 | NA | 313.10 | 24.9 | 287 | 348.2 |
| WJ3: Spelling W Ability Score | 326 | 287.00 | 432.00 | NA | 352.50 | 33 | 313.3 | 395.9 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems W Ability Score | 282 | 332.00 | 458.00 | NA | 381.50 | 23.6 | 350.1 | 412.7 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported differences are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ In this table, identification of child disability is based on spring 2007 teacher reports.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ These scores are for children from Spanish speaking households who passed the language screener and took the remainder of the assessment in English.
Some children were administered the assessments in Spanish in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007. Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal in the fall but were able to by the spring. Data in this table reflect the performance of all children assessed in spring 2007, regardless of performance or language of assessment in the fall.

Table B24. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Parent and Teacher Child Report Data Selected Measures for Children with Teacher Reported Disabilities ${ }^{\text {a }}$

| Scales | Spring 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | SE |  |  |  | Possible response range |
| Child Literacy Behaviors (Teacher Report) | Num | 3.57 | 0.12 | 0 |  | 7 | respor 0 -7 |
| Emergent Literacy Scale (Parent Report) | 348 | 2.58 | 0.11 | 0 | - | 5 | 0-5 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported differences are statistically significant at the .05 level.

Raw scores are dislayed.
${ }^{a}$ In this table, identification of child disability is based on spring 2007 teacher reports.

Table C.1. Reliability of Spring 2007 Parent, Teacher, and Assessor Child Report Data

|  | Scales | Spring 2007 (Total sample) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of items | Number of cases | Cronbach alphas |
|  | Teacher Report |  |  |  |
|  | Social Skills | 12 | 2747 | 0.89 |
|  | Total Behavior Problems | 13 | 2748 | 0.86 |
|  | Aggressive Behavior | 4 | 2747 | 0.84 |
|  | Hyperactive Behavior | 6 | 2748 | 0.87 |
|  | Withdrawn Behavior | 6 | 2747 | 0.76 |
|  | PLBS - Total | 25 | 2747 | 0.92 |
|  | PLBS - Attitude toward Learning | 7 | 2747 | 0.74 |
|  | PLBS - Competence Motivation | 10 | 2747 | 0.83 |
|  | PLBS - Attention/Persistence | 9 | 2747 | 0.87 |
| 앙 | Parent Report |  |  |  |
|  | Social Skills/Positive Approaches to Learning | 8 | 2668 | 0.65 |
|  | Total Behavior Problems | 12 | 2663 | 0.72 |
|  | Assessor Rating |  |  |  |
|  | Leiter Cognitive/ Social Raw Score | 4 | 2818 | 0.98 |
|  | Attention | 10 | 2818 | 0.96 |
|  | Organization/Impulse Control | 8 | 2818 | 0.94 |
|  | Activity Level | 4 | 2818 | 0.88 |
|  | Sociability | 5 | 2818 | 0.90 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview, Teacher Child Report, and Assessor Rating.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table C.2. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Parent, Teacher, and Assessor Child Report Data Measures


Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview, Teacher Child Report, and Assessor Rating.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ This score is a T-score set to have a mean of 50 and standard deviation of 10 . T-scores illustrate a child's performance relative to the population as a whole. A high T-score for a subgroup indicates that the subgroup's mastery level is greater than other groups in the population. Scores are anchored to allow comparison with children's performance in fall 2006.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ This standard score has a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15 .
$\mathrm{NA}=$ not applicable

Table C.3. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Parent, Teacher, and Assessor Child Report Data Measures by Age

| $\underline{\text { Scales }}$ | Spring 2007 (3-year-olds) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Spring 2007 (4-year-olds) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | SE | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{Req}_{1} \\ \text { respor } \end{array}$ | orted se range | Possible response range | Number of cases | Mean | SE | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Rep } \\ \text { respon: } \end{array}$ | ported se range | Possible response range |
| Teacher Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills | 1789 | 16.67 | 0.28 | 2 | - 24 | 0-24 | 957 | 18.58 | 0.23 | 0 | - 24 | 0-24 |
| Total Behavior Problems | 1791 | 7.07 | 0.29 | 0 | - 35 | 0-36 | 956 | 5.3 | 0.32 | 0 | - 32 | 0-36 |
| Aggressive Behavior | 1791 | 1.62 | 0.09 | 0 | 8 | 0-8 | 955 | 1.18 | 0.09 | 0 | - 8 | 0-8 |
| Hyperactive Behavior | 1791 | 3.12 | 0.13 | 0 | - 12 | 0-12 | 956 | 2.17 | 0.14 | 0 | - 12 | 0-12 |
| Withdrawn Behavior | 1791 | 1.56 | 0.08 | 0 | - 12.0 | 0-12 | 955 | 1.39 | 0.1 | 0 | - 12.0 | 0-12 |
| PLBS - Total ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1790 | 49.59 | 0.61 | 12.1 | - 63 | NA | 956 | 53.47 | 0.56 | 15.6 | - 63 | NA |
| PLBS - Attitude toward Learning ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1790 | 49.66 | 0.56 | 9.9 | - 60.8 | NA | 956 | 52.88 | 0.54 | 6 | - 60.8 | NA |
| PLBS - Competence Motivation ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1790 | 49.37 | 0.6 | 12.4 | - 62.3 | NA | 956 | 53.23 | 0.53 | 15 | - 62.3 | NA |
| PLBS - Attention/Persistence ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1790 | 50.16 | 0.53 | 15.3 | - 61.7 | NA | 956 | 53.47 | 0.56 | 17.9 | - 61.7 | NA |
| Parent Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills/Positive Approaches to | 1724 | 12.06 | 0.1 | 3 | - 16 | 0-16 | 943 | 12.47 | 0.1 | 3 | - 16 | 0-16 |
| Total Behavior Problems | 1720 | 5.43 | 0.13 | 0 | - 22 | 0-20 | 942 | 5.31 | 0.13 | 0 | - 21 | 0-20 |
| Assessor Rating |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Raw Score | 1829 | 51.73 | 1.29 | 0 | - 81 | 0-81 | 988 | 61.71 | 1.02 | 4 | - 81 | 0-81 |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Standard Score ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 1829 | 87.01 | 1.11 | 40 | - 124 | 40-126 | 988 | 92.89 | 0.98 | 46 | - 117 | 40-126 |
| Attention | 1829 | 18.16 | 0.48 | 0 | - 30 | 0-30 | 988 | 22.21 | 0.38 | 0 | - 30 | 0-30 |
| Organization/Impulse Control | 1829 | 14.52 | 0.41 | 0 | - 24 | 0-24 | 988 | 17.69 | 0.34 | 0 | - 24 | 0-24 |
| Activity Level | 1829 | 7.62 | 0.19 | 0 | - 12 | 0-12 | 988 | 9.1 | 0.19 | 0 | - 12 | 0-12 |
| Sociability | 1829 | 11.44 | 0.24 | 0 | - 15 | 0-15 | 988 | 12.71 | 0.18 | 2 | - 15 | 0-15 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview, Teacher Child Report, and Assessor Rating.
Note: $\quad$ Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ This score is a T-score set to have a mean of 50 and standard deviation of 10 . T-scores illustrate a child's performance relative to the population as a whole. A high T-score for a subgroup indicates that the subgroup's mastery level is greater than other groups in the population. Scores are anchored to allow comparison with children's performance in fall 2006.
${ }^{\mathrm{c}}$ This standard score has a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15 .
$\mathrm{NA}=$ not applicable

Table C.4. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Parent, Teacher, and Assessor Child Report Data Measures by Gender

| Scales | Spring 2007 (Girls) |  |  | Spring 2007 (Boys) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | SE | Number cases | Mean | SE |
| Teacher Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills | 1349 | 18.20 | 0.20 | 1398 | 16.59 | 0.26 |
| Total Behavior Problems | 1349 | 5.15 | 0.28 | 1399 | 7.62 | 0.31 |
| Aggressive Behavior | 1348 | 1.11 | 0.08 | 1399 | 1.79 | 0.09 |
| Hyperactive Behavior | 1349 | 2.20 | 0.13 | 1399 | 3.31 | 0.13 |
| Withdrawn Behavior | 1348 | 1.32 | 0.08 | 1399 | 1.66 | 0.09 |
| PLBS - Total ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1348 | 52.79 | 0.54 | 1399 | 49.33 | 0.62 |
| PLBS - Attitude toward Learning ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1348 | 52.37 | 0.52 | 1399 | 49.39 | 0.54 |
| PLBS - Competence Motivation ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1348 | 52.04 | 0.5 | 1399 | 49.59 | 0.63 |
| PLBS - Attention/Persistence ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1348 | 53.38 | 0.48 | 1399 | 49.47 | 0.54 |
| Parent Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills/Positive Approaches to Learning | 1304 | 12.49 | 0.08 | 1364 | 11.94 | 0.09 |
| Total Behavior Problems | 1301 | 4.97 | 0.12 | 1362 | 5.78 | 0.15 |
| Assessor Rating |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Raw Score | 1383 | 58.31 | 1.18 | 1435 | 52.75 | 1.29 |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Standard Score ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 1383 | 91.40 | 1.07 | 1435 | 87.12 | 1.04 |
| Attention | 1383 | 20.77 | 0.46 | 1435 | 18.62 | 0.48 |
| Organization/Impulse Control | 1383 | 16.55 | 0.38 | 1435 | 14.90 | 0.42 |
| Activity Level | 1383 | 8.69 | 0.18 | 1435 | 7.68 | 0.21 |
| Sociability | 1383 | 12.29 | 0.21 | 1435 | 11.55 | 0.24 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview, Teacher Child Report, and Assessor Rating.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ This score is a T-score set to have a mean of 50 and standard deviation of 10 . T-scores illustrate a child's performance relative to the population as a whole. A high T-score for a subgroup indicates that the subgroup's mastery level is greater than other groups in the population. Scores are anchored to allow comparison with children's performance in fall 2006.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ This standard score has a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15 .

Table C.5. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Parent, Teacher, and Assessor Child Report Data Measures by Race/Ethnicity

| Scales | Spring 2007 (White) |  |  | Spring 2007 (African American, nonHispanic) |  |  | Spring 2007 (Hispanic/Latino) |  |  | Spring 2007 (Other) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | SE | Number of cases | Mean | SE | Number of cases | Mean | SE | Number of cases | Mean | SE |
| Teacher Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills | 582 | 17.25 | 0.40 | 886 | 17.09 | 0.42 | 1040 | 17.94 | 0.24 | 236 | 16.45 | 0.46 |
| Total Behavior Problems | 582 | 7.27 | 0.47 | 887 | 6.74 | 0.48 | 1040 | 5.38 | 0.45 | 236 | 7.16 | 0.64 |
| Aggressive Behavior | 581 | 1.50 | 0.13 | 887 | 1.62 | 0.13 | 1040 | 1.23 | 0.14 | 236 | 1.73 | 0.18 |
| Hyperactive Behavior | 582 | 3.02 | 0.23 | 887 | 3.01 | 0.19 | 1040 | 2.34 | 0.18 | 236 | 2.94 | 0.26 |
| Withdrawn Behavior | 581 | 1.90 | 0.10 | 887 | 1.43 | 0.15 | 1040 | 1.24 | 0.13 | 236 | 1.70 | 0.15 |
| PLBS - Total ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 582 | 50.79 | 0.89 | 886 | 50.34 | 0.93 | 1040 | 52.17 | 0.84 | 236 | 49.51 | 1.07 |
| PLBS - Attitude toward Learning ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 582 | 50.97 | 0.75 | 886 | 49.86 | 0.78 | 1040 | 52.11 | 0.76 | 236 | 48.97 | 1.1 |
| PLBS - Competence Motivation ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 582 | 50.69 | 0.83 | 886 | 50.49 | 0.95 | 1040 | 51.45 | 0.81 | 236 | 49.57 | 1 |
| PLBS - Attention/Persistence ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 582 | 50.97 | 0.82 | 886 | 50.57 | 0.81 | 1040 | 52.69 | 0.71 | 236 | 50.17 | 0.95 |
| Parent Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills/Positive Approaches to Learning | 534 | 12.02 | 0.15 | 886 | 12.3 | 0.14 | 1015 | 12.31 | 0.1 | 230 | 11.92 | 0.33 |
| Total Behavior Problems | 531 | 5.40 | 0.32 | 885 | 4.92 | 0.16 | 1015 | 5.92 | 0.16 | 229 | 4.89 | 0.26 |
| Assessor Rating |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Raw Score | 574 | 57.42 | 2.16 | 932 | 55.04 | 1.68 | 1064 | 54.43 | 2.04 | 245 | 55.95 | 1.85 |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Standard Score ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 574 | 90.62 | 1.67 | 932 | 89.38 | 1.59 | 1064 | 88.15 | 1.62 | 245 | 89.05 | 1.51 |
| Attention | 574 | 20.69 | 0.83 | 932 | 19.41 | 0.65 | 1064 | 19.17 | 0.74 | 245 | 19.98 | 0.72 |
| Organization/Impulse Control | 574 | 16.42 | 0.75 | 932 | 15.56 | 0.56 | 1064 | 15.36 | 0.64 | 245 | 15.75 | 0.58 |
| Activity Level | 574 | 8.04 | 0.26 | 932 | 8.11 | 0.28 | 1064 | 8.31 | 0.33 | 245 | 8.18 | 0.34 |
| Sociability | 574 | 12.27 | 0.35 | 932 | 11.96 | 0.26 | 1064 | 11.59 | 0.35 | 245 | 12.05 | 0.28 |

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007
${ }^{\text {a }}$ This score is a T-score set to have a mean of 50 and standard deviation of 10 . T-scores illustrate a child's performance relative to the population as a whole. A high T-score for a subgroup indicates that the subgroup's mastery level is greater than other groups in the population. Scores are anchored to allow comparison with children's performance in fall 2006.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ This standard score has a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15 .

Table C.6. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Parent, Teacher, and Assessor Child Report Data Measures by Number of Family Risks

| Scales | Spring 2007 (0 risks) |  |  | Spring 2007 (1 risk) |  |  | Spring 2007 (2 or more risks) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | SE | Number of cases | Mean | SE | Number of cases | Mean | SE |
| Teacher Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills | 418 | 17.72 | 0.36 | 926 | 17.49 | 0.24 | 1182 | 17.28 | 0.26 |
| Total Behavior Problems | 419 | 5.73 | 0.44 | 926 | 6.01 | 0.27 | 1183 | 6.69 | 0.31 |
| Aggressive Behavior | 419 | 1.27 | 0.12 | 925 | 1.44 | 0.08 | 1183 | 1.48 | 0.09 |
| Hyperactive Behavior | 419 | 2.53 | 0.21 | 926 | 2.54 | 0.13 | 1183 | 2.89 | 0.13 |
| Withdrawn Behavior | 419 | 1.34 | 0.09 | 925 | 1.38 | 0.08 | 1183 | 1.59 | 0.10 |
| PLBS - Total ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 418 | 51.72 | 0.75 | 926 | 51.86 | 0.57 | 1183 | 50.41 | 0.58 |
| PLBS - Attitude toward Learning ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 418 | 51.82 | 0.68 | 926 | 51.12 | 0.52 | 1183 | 50.51 | 0.57 |
| PLBS - Competence Motivation ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 418 | 51.22 | 0.67 | 926 | 51.72 | 0.6 | 1183 | 50.1 | 0.59 |
| PLBS - Attention/Persistence ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 418 | 52.1 | 0.76 | 926 | 52.16 | 0.52 | 1183 | 50.87 | 0.49 |
| Parent Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills/Positive Approaches to | 410 | 12.25 | 0.14 | 908 | 12.25 | 0.12 | 1138 | 12.16 | 0.13 |
| Learning |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Behavior Problems | 409 | 4.81 | 0.21 | 907 | 5.22 | 0.14 | 1136 | 5.62 | 0.13 |
| Assessor Rating |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Raw Score | 426 | 55.08 | 1.68 | 954 | 56.24 | 1.11 | 1216 | 55.4 | 1.35 |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Standard Score ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 426 | 89.01 | 1.41 | 954 | 89.91 | 0.99 | 1216 | 89.1 | 1.15 |
| Attention | 426 | 19.90 | 0.62 | 954 | 19.91 | 0.45 | 1216 | 19.51 | 0.51 |
| Organization/Impulse Control | 426 | 15.52 | 0.55 | 954 | 16.04 | 0.38 | 1216 | 15.6 | 0.43 |
| Activity Level | 426 | 7.93 | 0.25 | 954 | 8.27 | 0.16 | 1216 | 8.31 | 0.22 |
| Sociability | 426 | 11.73 | 0.31 | 954 | 12.01 | 0.17 | 1216 | 11.98 | 0.24 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview, Teacher Child Report, and Assessor Rating.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ This score is a T-score set to have a mean of 50 and standard deviation of 10 . T-scores illustrate a child's performance relative to the population as a whole. A high T-score for a subgroup indicates that the subgroup's mastery level is greater than other groups in the population. Scores are anchored to allow comparison with children's performance in fall 2006.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ This standard score has a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15 .
Number of family risks is based on three family characteristics: whether the child resides in a single parent household, whether the household income is below the poverty threshold, and whether the mother has less than a high school diploma.

Table C.7. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Parent, Teacher, and Assessor Child Report Data Measures for Children with Teacher Reported Disabilities ${ }^{\text {a }}$

| Scales | Spring 2007 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | SE | Reported response |  |
|  |  |  |  | range | Possible response range |
| Teacher Report |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills | 368 | 15.03 | 0.37 | $0-24$ | 0-24 |
| Total Behavior Problems | 368 | 9.70 | 0.35 | $0-35$ | 0-36 |
| Aggressive Behavior | 368 | 1.90 | 0.13 | $0-8$ | 0-8 |
| Hyperactive Behavior | 368 | 3.81 | 0.16 | $0-12$ | 0-12 |
| Withdrawn Behavior | 368 | 2.27 | 0.17 | 0-12.00 | 0-12 |
| PLBS - Total ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 368 | 47.00 | 0.67 | 12.10-62.99 | n.a. |
| PLBS - Attitude toward Learning ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 368 | 48.46 | 0.57 | 6.03-60.83 | n.a. |
| PLBS - Competence Motivation ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 368 | 46.71 | 0.77 | 15.02-62.34 | n.a. |
| PLBS - Attention/Persistence ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 368 | 47.35 | 0.65 | 15.28-61.65 | n.a. |
| Parent Report |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills/Positive Approaches to Learning | 347 | 11.86 | 0.16 | 3-16 | 0-16 |
| Total Behavior Problems | 346 | 6.29 | 0.25 | 0-20 | 0-20 |
| Assessor Rating |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Raw Score | 360 | 47.09 | 1.61 | 0-81 | 0-81 |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Standard Score ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 360 | 82.94 | 1.29 | 40-124 | 40-126 |
| Attention | 360 | 16.33 | 0.64 | 0-30 | 0-30 |
| Organization/Impulse Control | 360 | 13.13 | 0.51 | 0-24 | 0-24 |
| Activity Level | 360 | 6.76 | 0.25 | 0-12 | 0-12 |
| Sociability | 360 | 10.87 | 0.31 | 0-15 | 0-15 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview, Teacher Interview, and Assessor Rating.
Note: $\quad$ Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported differences are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ In this table, identification of child disability is based on spring 2007 teacher reports.
${ }^{\mathrm{D}}$ This score is a T-score set to have a mean of 50 and standard deviation of 10 . T-scores illustrate a child's performance relative to the population as a whole. A high T-score for a subgroup indicates that the subgroup's mastery level is greater than other groups in the population.
${ }^{\text {c }}$ This standard score has a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15 .
n.a. $=$ not applicable

Table C.8. Disability Categories for Children with Disabilities (Spring 2007)

| Disability Categorizations | Parent Report | Teacher Report |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Percent of Children |  |  |
| Children with Disabilities | 3.59 | 14.73 |
| Percent of Children with Disabilities |  |  |
| Speech or Language Impairment $^{\text {Cognitive Impairment }}{ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 75.16 | 78.99 |
| Behavioral/Emotional Impairment $^{\mathrm{b}}$ | 19.71 | 22.03 |
| Sensory Impairment $^{\mathrm{c}}$ | 2.45 | 13.86 |
| Physical Impairment $^{\mathrm{d}}$ | 18.01 | 8.87 |
| Child has IEP or ISFP $_{\text {Percent of Children with Disabilities having Multiple Impairments }}$ | 1.04 | 9.69 |
|  | NA | 66.10 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview and Teacher Child Report.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Disability items were not asked in a similar way across parent and teacher respondents. Parents were asked a series of questions, including whether the child's activities were restricted because of any problem, whether the child was evaluated and diagnosed by a professional because of the problem, and the diagnosis provided. Together, this information was used to categorize parentreported child disability. Teachers were asked whether a professional had indicated that the child had a developmental problem, delay or other special need, and to indicate the specific need or disability.

Percentages do not add to 100 because children can be reported to have more than one impairment across the impairment categories.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Cognitive Impairment includes the following: mental retardation and autism/pervasive developmental delay. Among teachers, non-categorical developmental delay is also included.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Behavioral/Emotional Impairment was not asked in a similar way across respondents. For parents, this category includes behavioral/emotional disability. Among teachers, the category includes behavior problems, hyperactivity, and ADHD.
${ }^{c}$ Sensory Impairment includes: deafness, other hearing impairment, blindness, and other visual impairment.
${ }^{\text {d }}$ Physical Impairment was not asked in a similar way across respondents. For parents, this category includes cerebral palsy, other physical impairment, and traumatic brain injury. Among teachers, the category includes motor impairment.

NA $=$ Only teacher reports of the child's IEP/ISFP status are included here

Table C.9. Disability Categories for Children with Disabilities by Age (Spring 2007)

| Disability Categorizations | Parent Report |  | Teacher Report |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 4-year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 3 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 4-year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Percent of Children |  |  |  |  |
| Children with Disabilities | 3.81 | 3.22 | 15.03 | 14.25 |
| Percent of Children with Disabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Speech or Language Impairment | 81.92 | 61.14 | 79.37 | 78.30 |
| Cognitive Impairment ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 17.40 | 25.43 | 21.45 | 23.08 |
| Behavioral/Emotional Impairment ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 0.00 | 7.31 | 10.55 | 19.80 |
| Sensory Impairment ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 17.37 | 19.34 | 9.60 | 7.57 |
| Physical Impairment ${ }^{\text {e }}$ | 1.57 | 0.00 | 12.39 | 4.84 |
| Child has IEP or ISFP | NA | NA | 65.08 | 67.94 |
| Percent of Children with Disabilities having Multiple Impairments |  |  |  |  |
|  | 10.86 | 8.82 | 26.90 | 27.53 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview and Teacher Child Report.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Disability items were not asked in a similar way across parent and teacher respondents. Parents were asked a series of questions, including whether the child's activities were restricted because of any problem, whether the child was evaluated and diagnosed by a professional because of the problem, and the diagnosis provided. Together, this information was used to categorize parent-reported child disability. Teachers were asked whether a professional had indicated that the child had a developmental problem, delay or other special need, and to indicate the specific need or disability.

Percentages do not add to 100 because children can be reported to have more than one impairment across the impairment categories.
${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Cognitive Impairment includes the following: mental retardation and autism/pervasive developmental delay. Among teachers, non-categorical developmental delay is also included.
${ }^{c}$ Behavioral/Emotional Impairment was not asked in a similar way across respondents. For parents, this category includes behavioral/emotional disability. Among teachers, the category includes behavior problems, hyperactivity, and ADHD.
${ }^{\mathrm{d}}$ Sensory Impairment includes: deafness, other hearing impairment, blindness, and other visual impairment.

[^1]NA = Only teacher reports of the child's IEP/ISFP status are included here

Table C.10. Disability Categories for Children with Disabilities by Gender (Spring 2007)

| Disability Categorizations | Parent Report |  | Teacher Report |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Girls | Boys | Girls | Boys |
| Percent of Children |  |  |  |  |
| Children with Disabilities | 2.28 | 4.84 | 10.55 | 18.70 |
| Percent of Children with Disabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Speech or Language Impairment | 76.94 | 74.33 | 74.70 | 81.28 |
| Cognitive Impairment ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 16.63 | 21.57 | 15.83 | 25.35 |
| Behavioral/Emotional Impairment ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 1.74 | 2.77 | 12.05 | 14.82 |
| Sensory Impairment ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 13.78 | 19.98 | 10.56 | 7.97 |
| Physical Impairment ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 0.00 | 1.51 | 13.07 | 7.88 |
| Child has IEP or ISFP | NA | NA | 58.12 | 70.38 |
| Percent of Children with Disabilities having Multiple Impairments |  |  |  |  |
|  | 6.20 | 12.00 | 21.46 | 30.16 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview and Teacher Child Report.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Disability items were not asked in a similar way across parent and teacher respondents. Parents were asked a series of questions, including whether the child's activities were restricted because of any problem, whether the child was evaluated and diagnosed by a professional because of the problem, and the diagnosis provided. Together, this information was used to categorize parent-reported child disability. Teachers were asked whether a professional had indicated that the child had a developmental problem, delay or other special need, and to indicate the specific need or disability.

Percentages do not add to 100 because children can be reported to have more than one impairment across the impairment categories.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Cognitive Impairment includes the following: mental retardation and autism/pervasive developmental delay. Among teachers, non-categorical developmental delay is also included.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Behavioral/Emotional Impairment was not asked in a similar way across respondents. For parents, this category includes behavioral/emotional disability. Among teachers, the category includes behavior problems, hyperactivity, and ADHD.
${ }^{\text {c }}$ Sensory Impairment includes: deafness, other hearing impairment, blindness, and other visual impairment.
${ }^{d}$ Physical Impairment was not asked in a similar way across respondents. For parents, this category includes cerebral palsy, other physical impairment, and traumatic brain injury. Among teachers, the category includes motor impairment.

NA = Only teacher reports of the child's IEP/ISFP status are included here

Table C.11. Disability Categories for Children with Disabilities by Race/Ethnicity (Spring 2007)

| Disability Categorizations | Parent Report |  |  |  | Teacher Report |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | African American, non-Hispanic | Hispanic/Latino | Other | White | African American, non-Hispanic | Hispanic/Latino | Other |
| Percent of Children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Children with Disabilities | 6.03 | 3.57 | 1.89 | 4.60 | 23.74 | 11.60 | 9.97 | 20.98 |
| Percent of Children with Disabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Speech or Language Impairment | 76.40 | 79.05 | 77.07 | 57.59 | 77.56 | 79.11 | 85.09 | 73.51 |
| Cognitive Impairment ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 29.89 | 11.97 | 16.15 | 16.29 | 24.06 | 28.15 | 13.16 | 21.13 |
| Behavioral/Emotional Impairment ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 0.00 | 4.69 | 2.04 | 4.71 | 21.79 | 10.07 | 6.91 | 11.24 |
| Sensory Impairment ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 28.24 | 9.10 | 10.41 | 21.42 | 2.92 | 13.88 | 9.86 | 15.02 |
| Physical Impairment ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 0.00 | 3.29 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 10.52 | 5.08 | 7.32 | 18.53 |
| Child has IEP or ISFP | NA | NA | NA | NA | 69.63 | 63.17 | 67.82 | 59.90 |
| Percent of Children with Disabilities having Multiple Impairments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 21.09 | 3.50 | 5.66 | 0.00 | 27.72 | 30.86 | 20.35 | 31.45 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview and Teacher Child Report.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
Disability items were not asked in a similar way across parent and teacher respondents. Parents were asked a series of questions, including whether the child's activities were restricted because of any problem, whether the child was evaluated and diagnosed by a professional because of the problem, and the diagnosis provided. Together, this information was used to categorize parent-reported child disability. Teachers were asked whether a professional had indicated that the child had a developmental problem, delay or other special need, and to indicate the specific need or disability.

Percentages do not add to 100 because children can be reported to have more than one impairment across the impairment categories.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Cognitive Impairment includes the following: mental retardation and autism/pervasive developmental delay. Among teachers, non-categorical developmental delay is also included.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Behavioral/Emotional Impairment was not asked in a similar way across respondents. For parents, this category includes behavioral/emotional disability. Among teachers, the category includes behavior problems, hyperactivity, and ADHD.
${ }^{\mathrm{c}}$ Sensory Impairment includes: deafness, other hearing impairment, blindness, and other visual impairment.
${ }^{\text {d }}$ Physical Impairment was not asked in a similar way across respondents. For parents, this category includes cerebral palsy, other physical impairment, and traumatic brain injury. Among teachers, the category includes motor impairment.

NA = Only teacher reports of the child's IEP/ISFP status are included here

Table C.12. Disability Categories for Children with Disabilities by Number of Family Risks (Spring 2007)

| Disability Categorizations | Parent Report |  |  | Teacher Report |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 risks | 1 risk | 2 or more | 0 risks | 1 risk | 2 or more |
| Percent of Children |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Children with Disabilities | 3.88 | 3.31 | 3.55 | 13.69 | 14.46 | 14.99 |
| Percent of Children with Disabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Speech or Language Impairment | 88.57 | 86.72 | 65.59 | 79.52 | 77.43 | 79.37 |
| Cognitive Impairment ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2.18 | 8.46 | 31.52 | 14.06 | 13.39 | 28.50 |
| Behavioral/Emotional Impairment ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 0.00 | 4.99 | 0.92 | 19.42 | 10.41 | 12.74 |
| Sensory Impairment ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 27.07 | 11.35 | 23.23 | 3.84 | 11.82 | 9.65 |
| Physical Impairment ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 0.00 | 3.42 | 0.00 | 15.39 | 8.80 | 10.55 |
| Child has IEP or ISFP | NA | NA | NA | 67.43 | 68.40 | 66.63 |
| Percent of Children with Disabilities having Multiple Impairments |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 18.42 | 6.87 | 11.74 | 25.06 | 16.93 | 33.23 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview and Teacher Child Report.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Disability items were not asked in a similar way across parent and teacher respondents. Parents were asked a series of questions, including whether the child's activities were restricted because of any problem, whether the child was evaluated and diagnosed by a professional because of the problem, and the diagnosis provided. Together, this information was used to categorize parent-reported child disability. Teachers were asked whether a professional had indicated that the child had a developmental problem, delay or other special need, and to indicate the specific need or disability.

Percentages do not add to 100 because children can be reported to have more than one impairment across the impairment categories.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Cognitive Impairment includes the following: mental retardation and autism/pervasive developmental delay. Among teachers, non-categorical developmental delay is also included.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Behavioral/Emotional Impairment was not asked in a similar way across respondents. For parents, this category includes behavioral/emotional disability. Among teachers, the category includes behavior problems, hyperactivity, and
${ }^{c}$ Sensory Impairment includes: deafness, other hearing impairment, blindness, and other visual impairment.
${ }^{d}$ Physical Impairment was not asked in a similar way across respondents. For parents, this category includes cerebral palsy, other physical impairment, and traumatic brain injury. Among teachers, the category includes motor impairment.

NA $=$ Only teacher reports of the child's IEP/ISFP status are included here

Table C.13. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Child Height and Weight Data

|  | Spring 2007 |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scales | Number of <br> cases | Mean | SE |
| Height (in inches) | 2800 | 41.38 | 0.11 |
| Weight (in pounds) | 2768 | 40.52 | 0.26 |
| Body Mass Index (BMI) | 2726 | 16.50 | 0.04 |
| Percent of Children |  |  |  |
| Child is Underweight |  | 2.70 |  |
| Child is Normal Weight | 61.67 |  |  |
| Child is Overweight | 18.53 |  |  |
| Child is Obese |  | 17.10 |  |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table C.14. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Child Height and Weight Data by Age

|  | Spring 2007 (3-year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ) |  | Spring 2007 (4-year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of <br> cases | Mean | SE | Number of |  |  |
| Scales | 1821 | 40.46 | 0.08 | 978 | 42.92 | 0.08 |
| Height (in inches) | 1805 | 38.76 | 0.23 | 962 | 43.52 | 0.27 |
| Weight (in pounds) | 1783 | 16.51 | 0.05 | 942 | 16.49 | 0.07 |
| Body Mass Index (BMI) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent of Children |  | 2.97 |  | 2.22 |  |  |
| Child is Underweight |  | 62.32 |  | 60.56 |  |  |
| Child is Normal Weight | 17.55 |  | 20.22 |  |  |  |
| Child is Overweight |  | 17.16 |  |  | 17.00 |  |
| Child is Obese |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Table C.15. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Child Height and Weight Data by Gender

| Scales | Spring 2007 (Girls) |  |  | Spring 2007 (Boys) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | SE | umber cases | Mean | SE |
| Height (in inches) | 1374 | 41.19 | 0.11 | 1426 | 41.55 | 0.13 |
| Weight (in pounds) | 1363 | 39.85 | 0.27 | 1405 | 41.15 | 0.34 |
| Body Mass Index (BMI) | 1341 | 16.36 | 0.06 | 1385 | 16.64 | 0.06 |
| Percent of Children |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child is Underweight |  | 2.57 |  |  | 2.82 |  |
| Child is Normal Weight |  | 64.06 |  |  | 59.40 |  |
| Child is Overweight |  | 18.12 |  |  | 18.92 |  |
| Child is Obese |  | 15.25 |  |  | 18.86 |  |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table C.16. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Child Height and Weight Data by Race


Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table C.17. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Child Height and Weight Data by Number of Family Risks

| Scales | Spring 2007 (0 risks) |  |  | Spring 2007 (1 risk) |  |  | Spring 2007 (2 or more risks) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | SE | Number of cases | Mean | SE | Number cases | Mean | SE |
| Height (in inches) | 424 | 41.16 | 0.23 | 944 | 41.53 | 0.14 | 1211 | 41.33 | 0.10 |
| Weight (in pounds) | 420 | 39.94 | 0.49 | 932 | 40.90 | 0.41 | 1196 | 40.41 | 0.28 |
| Body Mass Index (BMI) | 414 | 16.44 | 0.11 | 920 | 16.56 | 0.08 | 1176 | 16.48 | 0.06 |
| Percent of Children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child is Underweight |  | 3.04 |  |  | 2.35 |  |  | 2.94 |  |
| Child is Normal Weight |  | 60.73 |  |  | 62.46 |  |  | 61.60 |  |
| Child is Overweight |  | 20.87 |  |  | 17.38 |  |  | 18.76 |  |
| Child is Obese |  | 15.37 |  |  | 17.81 |  |  | 16.70 |  |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table C.18. Child Health Status as Reported by Parents (Spring 2007)

|  | Percentages |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Excellent/Very Good | Good | Fair/Poor |
| All Children | 77.95 | 16.64 | 5.41 |
| Age $^{\mathrm{a}}$ |  |  |  |
| 3-year-olds | 77.58 | 16.41 | 6.01 |
| 4-year-olds | 78.70 | 16.88 | 4.42 |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |
| $\quad$ White | 85.71 | 10.77 | 3.52 |
| $\quad$ African American, | 79.89 | 14.93 | 5.18 |
| Non-Hispanic |  |  |  |
| Hispanic/Latino | 70.51 | 22.83 | 6.66 |
| Other | 81.37 | 12.65 | 5.98 |
| Gender |  |  |  |
| Female | 80.69 | 14.38 | 4.93 |
| Male | 75.34 | 18.79 | 5.87 |
| Family Risks |  |  |  |
| 0 | 81.43 | 15.69 | 2.87 |
| 1 | 78.11 | 16.95 | 4.94 |
| 2 or More | 76.54 | 17.06 | 6.40 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
Number of family risks is based on three family characteristics: whether the child resides in a single parent household, whether the household income is below the poverty threshold, and whether the mother has less than a high school diploma.

Table C.19. Disability Categories for Children with Disabilities by Poverty Status (Spring 2007)

| Disability Categorizations | Parent Report |  | Teacher Report |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Below <br> Poverty | At or above poverty | Below <br> Poverty | At or above poverty |
| Percent of Children |  |  |  |  |
| Children with Disabilities | 3.17 | 4.24 | 14.29 | 12.65 |
| Percent of Children with Disabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Speech or Language Impairment | 73.89 | 76.66 | 87.56 | 85.09 |
| Cognitive Impairment ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 25.18 | 13.41 | 24.26 | 24.92 |
| Behavioral/Emotional Impairment ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 1.01 | 4.11 | 5.77 | 5.84 |
| Sensory Impairment ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 20.23 | 15.34 | 11.02 | 8.31 |
| Physical Impairment ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 0.00 | 2.24 | 11.58 | 9.94 |
| Child has IEP or ISFP | NA | NA | 72.30 | 67.52 |
| Percent of Children with Disabilities having Multiple Impairments |  |  |  |  |
| Multiple Impairment | 11.03 | 9.15 | 32.50 | 28.08 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview and Teacher Child Report.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Disability items were not asked in a similar way across parent and teacher respondents. Parents were asked a series of questions, including whether the child's activities were restricted because of any problem, whether the child was evaluated and diagnosed by a professional because of the problem, and the diagnosis provided. Together, this information was used to categorize parent-reported child disability. Teachers were asked whether a professional had indicated that the child had a developmental problem, delay or other special need, and to indicate the specific need or disability.

Percentages do not add to 100 because children can be reported to have more than one impairment across the impairment categories.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Cognitive Impairment includes the following: mental
${ }^{c}$ Behavioral/Emotional Impairment was not asked in a
${ }^{\text {d }}$ Sensory Impairment includes: deafness, other hearing
${ }^{e}$ Physical Impairment was not asked in a similar way
NA = Only teacher reports of the child's IEP/ISFP status are included here

Table D.1. Lead Teacher Demographic Characteristics, Fall 2006

| Teacher Background | Percent of Teachers |
| :--- | :---: |
| Gender |  |
| Female | 97.61 |
| Male | 2.39 |
| Age |  |
| $18-29$ | 13.98 |
| $30-39$ | 23.30 |
| $40-49$ | 35.27 |
| $50-59$ | 21.92 |
| 60 or Older | 5.53 |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 39.98 |
| African-American, non-Hispanic | 36.08 |
| Hispanic/Latino | 18.49 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 1.18 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 2.03 |
| Multi-Racial/Bi-Racial, Non-Hispanic | 1.10 |
| Other | 1.07 |

Source: Fall 2006 FACES Teacher Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all teachers serving children who entered Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in their classrooms in spring 2007.

Table D.2. Lead Teacher Education and Credentials, Fall 2006

| Teacher Education and Credentials | Percent of Teachers |
| :--- | :---: |
| Years Teaching in Head Start |  |
| 1-2 Years | 16.04 |
| 3-4 Years | 9.54 |
| 5-9 Years | 38.09 |
| 10+ Years | 36.33 |
| Highest level of Education |  |
| High School Diploma or Equivalent | 3.17 |
| Some College | 15.61 |
| Associate's Degree (AA) | 39.45 |
| Bachelor's Degree (BA) | 38.34 |
| Graduate or Professional Degree | 3.43 |
| Of Those with an AA or Higher, Field of Study Includes Early Childhood Education | 37.75 |
| Of Those with an AA or Higher, Completed 6+ Courses in Early Childhood Education | 91.89 |
| Has a Child Development Associate (CDA) | 53.69 |
| Has a State-Awarded Certificate | 29.32 |
| Has a Teaching Certificate or License | 38.60 |
| Currently Enrolled in Teacher Related Training | 38.71 |
|  |  |
| Mean Years Teaching in Head Start | 8.88 |
| Mean Annual Salary (in dollars) | $\$ 23,189$ |

Source: Fall 2006 FACES Teacher Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all teachers serving children who entered Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in their classrooms in spring 2007.

Table D.3. Lead Teacher Beliefs, Knowledge, and Mental Health

|  | Percent of Teachers |
| :---: | :---: |
| Degree of Depressive Symptoms ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| Not depressed | 63.15 |
| Mildly depressed | 20.96 |
| Moderately depressed | 9.67 |
| Severely depressed | 6.23 |
| Mean Number of Depressive Symptoms (0-36) | 4.77 |
| Mean Developmentally Appropriate Attitudes Scale (1-10) | 8.12 |
| Didactic Subscale (1-5) | 2.47 |
| Child Initiated Subscale (1-5) | 4.47 |
| Mean Program Management Support (1-5) | 3.62 |
| Mean Teacher Satisfaction Scale ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 4.46 |
| Enjoys present teaching job ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 89.21 |
| Is making a difference in the lives of children s/he teaches ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 97.18 |
| $\underline{\text { Would choose teaching again as career }{ }^{\text {c }} \text { ( }}$ | 86.03 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Teacher Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all teachers serving children who entered Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in their classrooms in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Scores ranging from 0 to 4 are coded as not depressed; from 5 to 9 as mildly depressed; from 10 to 14 as moderately depressed; and 15 and above as severely depressed.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Mean score scaled to reflect 1 (strongly disagree) to 5 response (strongly agree) scale.
${ }^{c}$ Percentages reflect teachers who agree or strongly agree with this item.

Table D.4. Frequencies of Reading and Language Activities, as Reported by Classroom Teachers, Spring 2007

|  |  | Percent of Teachers |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reading and language activity | Never | Monthly | Weekly | Daily or almost |
| daily |  |  |  |  |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Teacher Interview.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all teachers serving children who entered Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in their classrooms in spring 2007.

Table D.5. Frequencies of Math Activities, as Reported by Classroom Teachers, Spring 2007

|  |  | Percent of Teachers |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Math activity | Never | Monthly | Weekly |
| Count out loud |  |  |  |
| Work with geometric manipulatives | 0.00 | 2.38 |  |
| daily |  |  |  |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Teacher Interview.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all teachers serving children who entered Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in their classrooms in spring 2007.

Table D.6. Curricula and Assessment Tools Used in Head Start Classrooms, As Reported by Teachers, Spring 2007

| Curricula and Assessment Tools | Percent of Teachers |
| :--- | :---: |
| Curricula $^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| Creative Curriculum | 63.92 |
| High/Scope Curriculum | 15.85 |
| Locally designed Curriculum | 4.85 |
| Widely Available Curriculum | 4.31 |
| Other | 11.07 |
| Assessment Tool |  |
| Creative Curriculum | 39.17 |
| High/Scope Child Observation Record (COR) | 9.40 |
| Desired Results Developmental Profile (DRDP) | 8.62 |
| Other | 42.80 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Teacher Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all teachers serving children who entered Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in their classrooms in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Percentages represent the primary curriculum used by teachers in the classroom, regardless of whether the teacher uses only one curriculum in the classroom or if $s /$ he uses a combination of curricula in the classroom.

Table D.7. Reliability of Spring 2007 FACES Classroom Observation Data

|  | Spring 2007 |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scales | Number of items | Number of classrooms | Alpha |
| ECERS Total | 32 | 331 | 0.85 |
| Personal Care | 6 | 331 | 0.44 |
| Furnishings | 4 | 331 | 0.50 |
| Language | 4 | 331 | 0.73 |
| Motor Skills | 4 | 331 | 0.35 |
| Creative | 6 | 331 | 0.72 |
| Social | 4 | 331 | 0.78 |
| Program Structure | 4 | 331 | 0.58 |
| Arnett Lead Teacher Total | 30 | 330 | 0.90 |
| Sensitivity | 10 | 330 | 0.92 |
| Harshness | 9 | 330 | 0.72 |
| Detachment | 4 | 330 | 0.79 |
| Permissiveness | 3 | 330 | 0.47 |
| Independence | 4 | 330 | 0.17 |
| CLASS Instructional Support | 3 | 329 | 0.89 |
| Concept Development | 3 | 329 | 0.57 |
| Quality of Feedback | 3 | 329 | 0.64 |
| Language Modeling | 3 | 329 | 0.68 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Classroom Observation.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all classrooms in spring 2007 which were serving children who entered Head Start for the first time in fall 2006.

Table D.8. Summary Statistics for Spring 2007 FACES Classroom Observation Data

| Scales | Spring 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of classrooms | Mean | SE | Repor |  | ponse | Possible response range |
| ECERS Total | 331 | 3.6 | 0.0 | 2.2 |  | 5.4 | 1-7 |
| Personal Care | 331 | 2.4 | 0.0 | 1.0 |  | 5.0 | 1-7 |
| Furnishings | 331 | 4.4 | 0.0 | 2.3 |  | 6.8 | 1-7 |
| Language | 331 | 3.8 | 0.1 | 1.3 | - | 7.0 | 1-7 |
| Motor Skills | 331 | 3.4 | 0.0 | 1.0 | - | 6.5 | 1-7 |
| Creative | 331 | 3.5 | 0.0 | 1.8 | - | 6.5 | 1-7 |
| Social | 331 | 4.4 | 0.1 | 1.0 | - | 7.0 | 1-7 |
| Program Structure | 331 | 3.9 | 0.0 | 1.3 | - | 7.0 | 1-7 |
| Arnett Lead Teacher Total | 330 | 66.3 | 0.5 | 23.0 | - | 85.0 | 0-90 |
| Sensitivity | 330 | 17.5 | 0.3 | 4.0 | - | 30.0 | 0-30 |
| Harshness | 330 | 23.6 | 0.2 | 5.0 | - | 27.0 | 0-27 |
| Detachment | 330 | 10.2 | 0.1 | 1.0 | - | 12.0 | 0-12 |
| Permissiveness | 330 | 7.1 | 0.1 | 3.0 | - | 9.0 | 0-9 |
| Independence | 330 | 7.9 | 0.1 | 3.0 | - | 12.0 | 0-12 |
| CLASS Instructional Support | 329 | 1.9 | 0.0 | 1.0 | - | 4.1 | 1-7 |
| Concept Development | 329 | 1.8 | 0.0 | 1.0 | - | 4.0 | 1-7 |
| Quality of Feedback | 329 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | - | 4.7 | 1-7 |
| Language Modeling | 329 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 1.0 | - | 4.3 | 1-7 |
| Child/Adult Ratio | 331 | 6.2 | 0.1 | 2.8 | - | 12.0 | NA |
| Group Size | 331 | 14.5 | 0.2 | 7.0 | - | 21.7 | NA |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Classroom Observation.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all classrooms in spring 2007 which were serving children who entered Head Start for the first time in fall 2006.
$\mathrm{NA}=$ not applicable

## FAMILY ENVIRONMENT, FALL- SPRING CHANGE

Table A.7a

Parent Employment Status

| Employment Status of Biological or Adoptive Parents <br> Living with Child | Percent of children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All children |  |  | 3 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  | 4 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| Percentage of Children Living with their Mother ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 93.8 | 94.3 | 0.6 | 94.1 | 94.6 | 0.5 | 93.1 | 93.7 | 0.6 |
| Employment Status of those Mothers ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Working full-time | 32.0 | 34.2 | 2.2 * | 34.5 | 35.9 | 1.5 | 27.8 | 31.3 | 3.4 * |
| Working part-time | 20.8 | 21.4 | 0.6 | 21.7 | 22.1 | 0.3 | 19.2 | 20.1 | 0.9 |
| Looking for work | 13.4 | 12.0 | -1.4 | 13.5 | 11.4 | -2.1 | 13.3 | 13.0 | -0.3 |
| Not in labor force | 33.8 | 32.4 | -1.3 | 30.3 | 30.6 | 0.3 | 39.7 | 35.6 | -4.1 * |
| Percentage of Children Living with their Father ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 49.2 | 50.1 | 0.9 | 48.4 | 49.3 | 0.9 | 50.5 | 51.5 | 1.0 |
| Employment Status of those Fathers ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Working full-time | 71.9 | 72.9 | 0.9 | 73.3 | 73.6 | 0.2 | 69.7 | 71.7 | 2.0 |
| Working part-time | 14.7 | 9.7 | -5.0 ** | 13.4 | 8.7 | -4.7 ** | 16.8 | 11.2 | -5.6 * |
| Looking for work | 6.4 | 7.6 | 1.2 | 6.6 | 7.1 | 0.5 | 6.1 | 8.6 | 2.4 |
| Not in labor force | 6.9 | 9.8 | 2.9 ** | 6.7 | 10.6 | 4.0 ** | 7.4 | 8.5 | 1.1 |
| Percentage of Children Living with Either Parent ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 95.8 | 96.1 | 0.3 | 95.8 | 96.1 | 0.2 | 95.7 | 96.1 | 0.4 |
| Employment Status of the Most Employed of those |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Working full-time | 59.3 | 61.3 | 2.0 * | 60.6 | 61.6 | 1.0 | 57.2 | 60.8 | 3.6 * |
| Working part-time | 17.7 | 15.6 | -2.1 * | 17.7 | 15.8 | -1.9 | 17.7 | 15.3 | -2.4 |
| Looking for work | 10.8 | 9.6 | -1.2 | 11.0 | 9.3 | -1.7 | 10.6 | 10.3 | -0.3 |
| Not in labor force | 12.2 | 13.4 | 1.3 | 10.7 | 13.3 | 2.6 * | 14.6 | 13.6 | -0.9 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level

Households that do not include a mother and/or father are not included in the relevant percentage calculations.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Includes both biological and adoptive parents
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

- Fathers living with their Head Start child were less likely to work part-time in the spring than in the fall and more likely to be out of the labor force.

Table A.8a

Household Income as a Percentage of the Federal Poverty Threshold

| Percent of children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All children |  |  | 3 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | 4 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
| Income as a Percentage of Poverty | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| 50 percent or less | 16.2 | 23.0 | 6.7 *** | 17.1 | 23.4 | $6.3^{* * *}$ | 14.8 | 22.3 | 7.4 *** |
| 50 to 100 percent | 41.2 | 37.3 | -4.0 ** | 40.6 | 37.5 | -3.1 | 42.2 | 36.8 | -5.4 * |
| 101 to 130 percent | 16.3 | 15.0 | -1.3 | 16.6 | 15.3 | -1.3 | 15.7 | 14.4 | -1.3 |
| 131 to 185 percent | 14.8 | 12.5 | -2.3 * | 14.9 | 11.8 | -3.2 * | 14.5 | 13.7 | -0.8 |
| 186 to 200 percent | 2.3 | 2.0 | -0.4 | 2.1 | 1.7 | -0.3 | 2.8 | 2.4 | -0.4 |
| 201 percent or above | 9.2 | 10.3 | 1.1 | 8.7 | 10.3 | 1.6 * | 10.0 | 10.4 | 0.4 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.

This table summarizes household income, and therefore should not be used to estimate eligibility for Head Start. Head Start qualifying criteria are based on family (not ${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

- The percentage of children living in households with incomes at or below 50 percent of the poverty level increased from 16 percent to 23 percent between fall and spring. The percentage with household incomes between 50 and 100 percent of the poverty level decreased during the same period.

Table A.9a

Household Income as a Percentage of the Federal Poverty Threshold,
by Race/Ethnicity

|  | Percent of children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Whit |  |  | frican-An | erican ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | Hispan |  |  | Othe |  |
| Income as a Percentage of Poverty | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | Spring $2007$ | Fall-Spring Change |
| 50 percent or less | 9.1 | 18.9 | 9.9 *** | 21.5 | 28.4 | 6.9 *** | 15.7 | 19.7 | 4.1 * | 17.2 | 26.2 | 9.0 ** |
| 50 to 100 percent | 39.8 | 33.8 | -5.9 | 38.1 | 32.5 | -5.6 * | 45.8 | 44.5 | -1.3 | 37.1 | 33.1 | -4.1 |
| 101 to 130 percent | 16.8 | 14.3 | -2.5 | 15.1 | 15.2 | 0.1 | 17.4 | 16.8 | -0.6 | 14.0 | 8.6 | -5.4 |
| 131 to 185 percent | 14.9 | 13.8 | -1.1 | 14.7 | 11.9 | -2.7 | 14.4 | 12.2 | -2.1 | 16.8 | 12.6 | -4.1 |
| 186 to 200 percent | 2.6 | 2.1 | -0.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 0.1 | 1.9 | 1.1 | -0.8 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 0.5 |
| 201 percent or above | 16.8 | 17.0 | 0.2 | 8.2 | 9.6 | 1.3 | 4.8 | 5.6 | 0.8 | 11.7 | 15.8 | 4.1 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{a}$ White and African-American race categories include only non-Hispanic.

- The percentage of children living in households with incomes at or below 50 percent of the poverty level increased between fall and spring for all racial/ethnic groups.

Table A.10a
Public Assistance Received by Any Household Member

|  | Percent of children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | All childre |  |  | 3 -year-old |  |  | 4-year-old |  |
| Type of Public Assistance | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| Welfare | 21.1 | 19.3 | -1.8 * | 21.4 | 18.4 | -3.0 ** | 20.5 | 20.7 | 0.3 |
| Food Stamps | 50.8 | 47.6 | -3.2 *** | 53.0 | 48.7 | -4.3 *** | 47.0 | 45.6 | -1.4 |
| WIC | 60.9 | 54.6 | -6.3 *** | 62.6 | 57.8 | -4.8 *** | 58.0 | 49.1 | -8.9 *** |
| SSI | 13.4 | 12.5 | -0.9 | 13.7 | 12.4 | -1.3 | 12.9 | 12.8 | -0.1 |

## Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

- The percentage of children living in households receiving WIC decreased from 61 percent in the fall to 55 percent in the spring.

Table A.11a
Family Risk Index

|  | Percent of children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All children |  |  | 3-year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | 4-year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
| Risk Factors | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | Spring $2007$ | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| Family Risk Index ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 risk factors | 17.5 | 17.5 | 0.0 | 17.6 | 17.6 | 0.0 | 17.2 | 17.2 | -0.1 |
| 1 risk factor | 36.0 | 33.3 | -2.7* | 36.4 | 33.0 | -3.4* | 35.5 | 33.8 | -1.7 |
| 2 risk factors | 34.7 | 37.1 | 2.4 | 33.7 | 36.6 | 2.9 | 36.4 | 38.0 | 1.6 |
| 3 risk factors | 11.8 | 12.2 | 0.4 | 12.3 | 12.8 | 0.5 | 10.9 | 11.1 | 0.2 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
${ }^{b}$ Number of family risks is based on three family characteristics: whether the child resides in a single parent household, whether the household income is below the poverty threshold, and whether the mother has less than a high school diploma.

Table A.12a

Family Risk Index, by Child Characteristics

|  | Percent of Children with Different Numbers of Family Risk Factors ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 risk factors |  |  | 1 risk factor |  |  | 2 or more risk factors |  |  |
| Child Characteristics | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 27.0 | 25.5 | -1.5 | 37.3 | 35.6 | -1.7 | 35.7 | 38.9 | 3.2 |
| African American ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 12.8 | 13.5 | 0.7 | 35.9 | 33.3 | -2.6 | 51.3 | 53.1 | 1.9 |
| Hispanic/Latino | 14.6 | 15.2 | 0.6 | 34.8 | 31.6 | -3.2 | 50.6 | 53.2 | 2.6 |
| Other | 23.6 | 21.9 | -1.7 | 39.0 | 35.3 | -3.7 | 37.4 | 42.8 | 5.4 * |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Female | 16.1 | 16.1 | -0.1 | 36.9 | 34.5 | -2.4 | 47.0 | 49.5 | 2.4 |
| Male | 18.8 | 18.8 | 0.0 | 35.3 | 32.2 | -3.1 | 46.0 | 49.0 | 3.1 * |
| Home Language Minority (English is Not the Primary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Language Spoken to Child at Home) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yes | 15.2 | 13.7 | -1.4 | 34.1 | 32.2 | -1.9 | 50.7 | 54.0 | 3.3 |
| No | 18.5 | 19.0 | 0.5 | 36.8 | 33.7 | -3.1* | 44.7 | 47.3 | 2.5 * |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{\text {N }}$ Number of family risks is based on three family characteristics: whether the child resides in a single parent household, whether the household income is below the poverty threshold, and whether the mother has less than a high school diploma.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ White and African-American race categories include only non-Hispanic.

Table A.13a

Frequency of Reading to Child

| Child and Family Characteristics | Number of times family member read to child in past week |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Not at all |  |  | Once or twice |  |  | Three or more times, but not every day |  |  | Every day |  |  |
|  | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| All Children | 4.1 | 2.6 | -1.5 * | 21.9 | 21.7 | -0.2 | 35.6 | 40.2 | 4.6 ** | 38.4 | 35.4 | -3.0 * |
| Age as of September 1, 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 years old or younger | 4.0 | 2.5 | -1.5 | 23.0 | 23.1 | 0.2 | 35.2 | 40.4 | 5.2 * | 37.8 | 33.9 | -3.9 * |
| 4 years old or older | 4.3 | 2.9 | -1.5 | 20.2 | 19.4 | -0.9 | 36.2 | 39.8 | 3.6 | 39.3 | 38.0 | -1.3 |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 1.8 | 2.0 | 0.2 | 12.5 | 14.6 | 2.1 | 32.6 | 37.7 | 5.1 | 53.1 | 45.7 | -7.4 * |
| African American, Non-Hispanic | 3.2 | 2.3 | -0.9 | 21.8 | 23.8 | 2.0 | 41.6 | 42.9 | 1.3 | 33.4 | 31.0 | -2.4 |
| Hispanic/Latino | 6.7 | 3.5 | -3.2 * | 28.8 | 25.1 | -3.7 | 30.1 | 40.0 | 9.9 *** | 34.4 | 31.4 | -3.0 |
| Other | 2.6 | 2.3 | -0.3 | 18.1 | 17.9 | -0.2 | 43.6 | 37.0 | -6.5 | 35.8 | 42.8 | 7.0 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Female | 4.1 | 2.0 | -2.1 * | 20.3 | 21.5 | 1.2 | 34.6 | 38.6 | 4.0 | 41.0 | 37.9 | -3.0 |
| Male | 4.1 | 3.3 | -0.9 | 23.5 | 21.9 | -1.5 | 36.5 | 41.8 | 5.3 * | 35.9 | 33.0 | -2.9 |
| Family Risk Index ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 risk factors | 3.9 | 2.1 | -1.8 | 18.1 | 19.3 | 1.2 | 38.2 | 38.2 | 0.0 | 39.7 | 40.3 | 0.6 |
| 1 risk factor | 4.6 | 3.4 | -1.1 | 21.5 | 18.4 | -3.0 * | 34.0 | 40.0 | 6.0 * | 40.0 | 38.2 | -1.8 |
| 2 or more risk factors | 4.0 | 2.1 | -1.9 * | 25.0 | 25.4 | 0.5 | 35.5 | 40.9 | 5.3 ** | 35.5 | 31.6 | -3.9 * |
| Home Language Minority (English is Not the Primary Language Spoken to Child at Home) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yes | 8.0 | 3.3 | -4.8 ** | 31.2 | 27.1 | -4.1 | 27.4 | 40.0 | 12.6 *** | 33.3 | 29.6 | -3.7 |
| No | 2.6 | 2.4 | -0.2 | 18.3 | 19.6 | 1.3 | 38.8 | 40.3 | 1.5 | 40.3 | 37.7 | -2.7 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{a}$ Number of family risks is based on three family characteristics: whether the child resides in a single parent household, whether the household income is below the poverty threshold, and whether the mother has less than a high school diploma.

- The percentage of children who are read to three or more times a week, but not every day, increased between fall and spring, while the percentages read to more or less often decreased. This pattern is particularly strong for 3 -year-old children, Hispanic/Latino children, those with more risk factors, and language minority children.
- The percentage who are read to every day decreased most notably for white children.

Table A.14a
Family Members' Activities with Child in Past Week

|  |  | Percent of Children |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of Activity | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| Told child a story | 73.5 | 83.0 | $9.5^{* * *}$ |
| Taught child letters, words, or numbers | 94.0 | 96.7 | $2.7^{* *}$ |
| Taught child songs or music | 80.8 | 86.5 | $5.7^{* * *}$ |
| Worked with child on arts and crafts | 64.6 | 68.4 | $3.8^{*}$ |
| Played with toys or games indoors | 97.4 | 98.0 | 0.6 |
| Played a game, sport, or exercised together | 86.6 | 91.5 | $4.9^{* * *}$ |
| Took child along on errands | 95.7 | 95.6 | $-0.1^{* *}$ |
| Involved child in household chores | 91.4 | 93.3 | $1.9^{* *}$ |
| Talked about what happened in Head Start | 95.3 | 96.3 | 1.0 |
| Talked about TV programs or videos | 73.0 | 79.6 | $6.7^{* * *}$ |
| Played counting games | 85.3 | 88.1 | $2.9^{* *}$ |
| Mean number of activities | 9.4 | 9.8 | $0.4^{* * *}$ |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ; * * \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.

- The percentages of children who had engaged in various activities with their family members increased between the fall and spring for most types of activities. The largest increases were in the percentages who were told a story; taught songs; played games, sports, or exercised; or talked about TV programs with family members.

Table A.15a
Family Members' Activities with Child in Past Month

| Type of Activity | Percent of Children |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| Visited a library | 26.5 | 36.4 | 9.9 *** |
| Went to a movie | 32.9 | 43.8 | 10.9 *** |
| Went to a play, concert, or other live show | 13.4 | 20.1 | 6.7 *** |
| Went to a mall | 74.7 | 78.6 | 4.0 ** |
| Visited an art gallery, museum, or historical site | 11.8 | 19.2 | 7.4 *** |
| Visited a playground or park or had a picnic | 85.4 | 89.4 | 4.0 ** |
| Visited a zoo or aquarium | 20.4 | 23.1 | 2.7 |
| Talked about family history or ethnic heritage | 41.6 | 52.9 | 11.2 *** |
| Attended event sponsored by community group | 39.2 | 47.4 | 8.2 *** |
| Attended athletic or sporting event | 33.9 | 35.0 | 1.1 |
| Attended church activity | 53.9 | 57.7 | 3.7 ** |
| Mean number of activities | 4.3 | 5.0 | 0.7 *** |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ; * * \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.

- The percentages of children who had engaged in activities with their family members outside the home increased between the fall and spring for most types of activities. The largest increases were in the percentages who went to a library, movie, live performance, or museum/historical site; talked about family history or ethnic heritage; or attended a community event or church activity with family members.

Table A.16a
Physical Activity and Screen Time

|  | Percent of children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All children |  |  | 3 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | 4-year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Spring <br> 2007 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall-Spring } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| Amount of Time Child Spent Watching Television on a Typical Weekday |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| None | 8.7 | 8.0 | -0.8 | 8.7 | 8.4 | -0.3 | 8.8 | 7.3 | -1.6 |
| Less than one hour | 22.5 | 22.5 | 0.0 | 22.7 | 21.3 | -1.4 | 22.2 | 24.6 | 2.5 |
| One to two hours | 48.3 | 50.7 | 2.5 | 47.9 | 49.5 | 1.6 | 48.9 | 52.7 | 3.8 |
| More than two hours | 20.5 | 18.8 | -1.7 | 20.7 | 20.8 | 0.1 | 20.1 | 15.4 | -4.7 ** |
| Child Has Access to a Computer in the Home |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yes | 54.0 | 59.0 | 5.0 *** | 53.9 | 58.5 | 4.6 *** | 54.2 | 59.9 | 5.7 ** |
| No | 46.0 | 41.0 | -5.0 *** | 46.1 | 41.5 | -4.6 *** | 45.8 | 40.1 | -5.7 ** |
| Amount of Time Child Spent Playing Outside on a Typical Weekday |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| None | 20.2 | 9.3 | -10.9 *** | 21.9 | 9.7 | -12.2 *** | 17.3 | 8.7 | -8.6 *** |
| Less than one hour | 13.6 | 12.7 | -0.9 | 13.2 | 12.9 | -0.3 | 14.2 | 12.3 | -1.9 |
| One to two hours | 38.1 | 40.3 | 2.2 | 36.1 | 41.0 | 4.9 | 41.6 | 39.2 | -2.4 |
| More than two hours | 28.1 | 37.7 | 9.6 *** | 28.8 | 36.4 | 7.6 *** | 26.9 | 39.8 | $12.9{ }^{* * *}$ |
| Child has access to yard |  | 93.5 |  |  | 92.9 |  |  | 94.6 |  |
| Park/playground within walking distance |  | 66.1 |  |  | 64.8 |  |  | 68.1 |  |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

- The percentage of 4 -year-olds who watch more than two hours of television on a typical weekday decreased from 20 percent in the fall to 15 percent in the spring.
- The percentage of children who have access to a computer at home increased from 54 percent to 59 percent between fall and spring.
- The percentage of children who spend more than two hours playing outside on a typical weekday increased from 28 percent in the fall to 38 percent in the spring.

Table A.17a
Household Routines

|  | Percent of children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All children |  |  | 3 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | 4 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
|  | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| Have Regular Bedtime | 86.5 | 85.0 | -1.5 | 85.3 | 84.1 | -1.2 | 88.5 | 86.5 | -2.0 |
| Number of Days Per Week Family Eats Dinner Together |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0-2 | 8.5 | 7.2 | -1.3 | 8.9 | 7.4 | -1.5 | 7.8 | 6.8 | -1.0 |
| 3-4 | 18.2 | 22.9 | 4.6 *** | 19.7 | 25.1 | 5.3 ** | 15.8 | 19.3 | 3.5 * |
| 5-6 | 18.4 | 23.5 | 5.2 ** | 17.2 | 24.0 | 6.9 ** | 20.4 | 22.7 | 2.2 |
| 7 | 54.9 | 46.4 | -8.5 *** | 54.2 | 43.5 | -10.7 *** | 56.0 | 51.3 | -4.7 |
| Mean | 5.6 | 5.4 | -0.2 ** | 5.5 | 5.3 | -0.2 ** | 5.6 | 5.6 | -0.1 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.
$\odot \quad$ Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

- The percentage of children whose families eat dinner together every day decreased between fall and spring, particularly for 3-year-olds, as did the mean number of days per week the family has dinner together.

Table A.18a

Discipline

|  | Percent of children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All children |  |  | 3 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | 4-year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
|  |  | Spring | Fall-Spring |  | Spring | Fall-Spring |  | Spring | Fall-Spring |
|  | Fall 2006 | 2007 | Change | Fall 2006 | 2007 | Change | Fall 2006 | 2007 | Change |
| Parent spanked child in past week | 36.8 | 32.0 | -4.8 *** | 39.4 | 34.5 | -4.9 ** | 32.5 | 28.0 | -4.5 * |
| Parent used "time out" in past week | 67.4 | 68.4 | 1.0 | 67.5 | 68.3 | 0.8 | 67.4 | 68.5 | 1.2 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ; * * \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
$\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\circ} \quad{ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

- The percentage of children whose parents had spanked them in the week prior to the survey decreased from 37 percent to 32 percent between fall and spring.
- While almost twice as many parents had used "time out," the percentage using that approach did not change significantly.

Table A.19a

Child Nutrition


Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
The nutritional guidelines in this table were determined a priori, based on conversations with a member of an Office of Head Start expert panel.

- The percentage of children who drank milk at least twice a day decreased between fall and spring, particularly for 4-year-olds.
- The percentage of 4-year-olds who ate no fast food in the prior week decreased from 25 percent in the fall to 21 percent in the spring.

Table A.20a

Child's Health Care

|  | Percent of children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All children |  |  | 3 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | 4-year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
|  | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change |
| Regular Medical Checkup in Past Year | 99.1 | 98.3 | -0.7 | 99.4 | 98.6 | -0.8 * | 98.6 | 97.9 | -0.7 |
| Regular Dental Checkup in Past Year | 89.1 | 94.4 | 5.4 *** | 88.6 | 94.6 | 6.0 *** | 89.9 | 94.2 | 4.3 ** |
| Has Health Insurance | 94.9 | 95.0 | 0.1 | 95.5 | 95.8 | 0.3 | 93.8 | 93.7 | -0.2 |
| Private | 49.3 | 51.5 | 2.2 | 48.3 | 51.8 | 3.6 | 51.0 | 51.0 | 0.0 |
| Medicaid | 71.2 | 67.1 | -4.1 * | 71.2 | 67.2 | -4.0 * | 71.1 | 66.9 | -4.2 |
| SCHIP ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 9.4 | 24.1 | 14.7 *** | 11.7 | 25.0 | 13.3 *** | 5.5 | 22.5 | 16.9 *** |
| Other government | 3.5 | 4.1 | 0.5 | 3.2 | 3.9 | 0.7 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 0.2 |

## Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ State Children's Health Insurance Program.

- The percentage of children who had had a dental checkup within the past year increased from 89 percent in the fall to 94 percent in the spring.
- The percentage of children covered by SCHIP increased from 9 percent to 24 percent between fall and spring.

Table A.21a

Child's Health Care, by Race/Ethnicity

|  | Percent of children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | White ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | African-American ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | Hispanic |  |  | Other |  |  |
|  | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| Regular Medical Checkup in Past | 99.0 | 97.2 | -1.8 | 99.4 | 99.1 | -0.3 | 99.0 | 98.1 | -1.0 | 98.1 | 99.4 | 1.3 |
| Regular Dental Checkup in Past | 84.0 | 91.7 | 7.7 ** | 90.0 | 95.2 | 5.2 * | 93.2 | 96.2 | 3.0 * | 80.6 | 90.8 | 10.2 * |
| Has Health Insurance | 94.9 | 96.0 | 1.1 | 97.3 | 97.0 | -0.3 | 92.1 | 92.3 | 0.2 | 96.8 | 95.8 | -1.0 |
| Private | 50.2 | 53.6 | 3.4 | 43.3 | 52.3 | 9.0 | 55.4 | 50.2 | -5.3 | 44.6 | 49.8 | 5.2 |
| Medicaid | 68.8 | 61.3 | $-7.5 * *$ | 76.6 | 70.3 | -6.3 ** | 68.0 | 68.3 | 0.3 | 69.3 | 64.3 | -5.0 |
| SCHIP ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 8.2 | 21.6 | 13.4 ** | 13.0 | 27.4 | 14.5 *** | 7.4 | 22.8 | 15.4 * | 7.8 | 23.6 | 15.8 * |
| Other government | 1.9 | 3.1 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 3.2 | 1.7 * | 4.2 | 2.9 | -1.4 | 12.7 | 15.0 | 2.3 |

## Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ; * * \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{a}$ White and African-American race categories include only non-Hispanic.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ State Children's Health Insurance Program.

- The percentage of children who had had a dental checkup within the past year increased between fall and spring for all racial/ethnic groups.
- The percentage of white and African-American children covered by Medicaid decreased.
- The percentage of children covered by SCHIP increased for all racial/ethnic groups.

Table A.22a

Depressive Symptoms Among Parents ${ }^{\text {a }}$

|  | Percent of children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All children |  |  | 3 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  | 4-year-olds ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |
|  | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change |
| Degree of Depressive Symptoms ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Not depressed | 58.6 | 58.9 | 0.3 | 58.6 | 58.2 | -0.4 | 58.7 | 60.1 | 1.4 |
| Mildly depressed | 22.5 | 22.1 | -0.4 | 22.7 | 21.2 | -1.5 | 22.0 | 23.5 | 1.5 |
| Moderately depressed | 9.9 | 11.1 | 1.1 | 10.0 | 12.1 | 2.1 | 9.7 | 9.2 | -0.5 |
| Severely depressed | 9.0 | 8.0 | -1.0 | 8.6 | 8.4 | -0.2 | 9.6 | 7.2 | -2.4 |
| Mean Number of Depressive Symptoms | 5.3 | 5.3 | -0.1 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 0.1 | 5.3 | 5.0 | -0.3 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{a}$ In this table, the term "parent" is used to refer to the primary caregiver who responded to the survey. Most are parents, but some are grandparents or other primary caregivers.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
${ }^{\text {c }}$ Scores ranging from 0 to 4 are coded as not depressed; from 5 to 9 as mildly depressed; from 10 to 14 as moderately depressed; and 15 and above as severely depressed.

- The degree of depressive symptoms among parents did not change significantly between the fall and spring.

Table A.23a

Depressive Symptoms Among Parents ${ }^{\text {a }}$, by Race/Ethnicity

|  | Percent of children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White ${ }^{\text {b }}$ African-American ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Hispanic |  |  | Other |  |  |
|  | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | FallSpring Change | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Degree of Depressive Symptoms ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Not depressed | 48.6 | 52.4 | 3.9 | 53.3 | 54.8 | 1.5 | 69.3 | 68.8 | -0.4 | 59.2 | 49.3 | -9.9 |
| Mildly depressed | 27.0 | 22.1 | -4.8* | 25.7 | 24.3 | -1.4 | 17.4 | 18.9 | 1.5 | 20.1 | 26.3 | 6.2 |
| Moderately depressed | 11.2 | 14.4 | 3.3 | 11.9 | 11.8 | 0.0 | 7.4 | 7.6 | 0.2 | 10.2 | 14.0 | 3.8 |
| Severely depressed | 13.3 | 11.0 | -2.3 | 9.1 | 9.0 | -0.1 | 5.9 | 4.7 | -1.2 | 10.6 | 10.5 | -0.1 |
| Mean Number of Symptoms | 6.8 | 6.3 | -0.5 | 5.8 | 5.8 | -0.1 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 0.0 | 5.5 | 6.4 | 0.9 |

## Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ In this table, the term "parent" is used to refer to the primary caregiver who responded to the survey. Most are parents, but some are grandparents or other primary caregivers.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ White and African-American race categories include only non-Hispanic.
${ }^{\mathrm{c}}$ Scores ranging from 0 to 4 are coded as not depressed; from 5 to 9 as mildly depressed; from 10 to 14 as moderately depressed; and 15 and above as severely depressed.

Table A.24a
Child Care Arrangements in Addition to Head Start

|  | Percent of children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All children |  |  | 3 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | 4-year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
|  | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change |
| Type of Primary Child Care Arrangement |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Center-based care | 8.9 | 9.6 | 0.8 | 9.3 | 9.2 | -0.1 | 8.1 | 10.4 | 2.2 |
| Relative | 22.6 | 26.5 | 3.9 * | 23.8 | 28.4 | 4.6 * | 20.4 | 23.2 | 2.8 |
| Non-relative | 4.6 | 3.0 | -1.7 * | 4.9 | 2.6 | -2.3 ** | 4.2 | 3.6 | -0.6 |
| Equal time in multiple types of care | 0.3 | 1.3 | 1.0 ** | 0.3 | 1.7 | 1.3 * | 0.1 | 0.6 | 0.4 |
| Any Child Care | 36.3 | 40.3 | 4.0 * | 38.3 | 41.8 | 3.5 | 32.9 | 37.7 | 4.8 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ; * * \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

- The percentage of children in child care before or after Head Start increased between fall and spring. The largest increase was in the percentage primarily in relative care, particularly for 3-year-olds.

Table A.25a
Child Care Arrangements in Addition to Head Start, by Race/Ethnicity

|  | Percent of children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | African-American ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | Hispanic |  |  | Other |  |  |
|  | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change |
| Type of Primary Child Care Arrangement |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Center-based care | 11.4 | 10.3 | -1.1 | 10.5 | 10.9 | 0.4 | 5.2 | 7.3 | 2.1 ** | 11.7 | 12.2 | 0.5 |
| Relative | 19.5 | 22.2 | 2.7 | 30.1 | 32.3 | 2.1 | 18.2 | 23.9 | 5.7 * | 20.6 | 26.7 | 6.2 |
| Non-relative | 6.1 | 5.9 | -0.2 | 2.3 | 2.0 | -0.3 | 5.0 | 2.6 | -2.4* | 8.1 | 1.0 | -7.1 * |
| Equal time in multiple types of care | 0.3 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 1.9 | 1.5 * | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 2.8 | 2.3 |
| Any Child Care | 37.3 | 39.3 | 2.0 | 43.3 | 47.0 | 3.8 | 28.6 | 34.3 | 5.8 * | 40.9 | 42.7 | 1.8 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{a}$ White and African-American race categories include only non-Hispanic.

- The percentage of Hispanic children in any type of child care before or after Head Start increased from 29 percent to 34 percent between fall and spring. More Hispanic children were in relative care and center-based care in the spring, while the percentage in non-relative care decreased.

Table A.26a

Amount of Time in Child Care and Head Start

|  | Mean Number of Hours Per Week in Head Start/Child Care |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All children |  |  | 3 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | 4 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
|  | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| Head Start |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Among all households | 23.6 | 23.7 | 0.0 | 24.8 | 24.9 | 0.1 | 21.7 | 21.7 | 0.0 |
| Child Care |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Among those in child care | 19.5 | 19.3 | -0.2 | 17.1 | 17.0 | -0.1 | 18.2 | 17.7 | -0.5 |
| Among all households | 6.3 | 6.9 | 0.7 | 6.5 | 7.1 | 0.6 | 5.9 | 6.7 | 0.8 |
| Total Head Start and Child Care |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Among those in child care | 40.7 | 40.3 | -0.4 | 41.1 | 41.3 | 0.2 | 39.7 | 38.5 | -1.3 |
| Among all households | 30.0 | 30.6 | 0.6 | 31.3 | 31.9 | 0.6 | 27.7 | 28.3 | 0.6 |

$\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\circ} \quad$ Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
*p $<.05 ; * * \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006

- The average amount of time spent in Head Start and child care did not change significantly between the fall and spring.

CHILD COGNITIVE OUTCOMES, FALL- SPRING CHANGE

Table B.4a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Scores For Children Taking the Assessment in English At Both Waves

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ; * * \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.

Some children were administered the cognitive assessments in Spanish (or not at all) in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007 (N=233). Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal on the PPVT-4 in the fall but were able to by the spring ( $\mathrm{N}=236$ ). Data in this table reflect the performance of children assessed in English in both fall 2006 and spring 2007. In addition, mean scores are only reported for those with valid scores at both occasions (for example, those who established a basal on the PPVT-4 at both waves).

Standard scores allow for comparisons of an individual's performance to others of the same age (or grade). These scores have a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15 .

The ECLS-B IRT scores represent estimates of the number of items children would have answered correctly if they had taken all 22 of the ECLS-B items and all 44 of the FACES ( 22 WJ plus 22 ECLS-B) items, respectively. The ECLS-B number/shape proficiency probability scores indicate the probability that a child would have passed the proficiency level and can be interpreted as the percent of the population who have "mastered" this skill or skill set (e.g., $.25 \times 100=25 \%$ of Head Start children are able to demonstrate these skills at the start of the program year). These scores can take on any value from zero to one. The possible range is from $0-14$ on the Story and Print Concepts IRT score.

W scores allow for measurement of change or growth in performance on the same scale over time. Like raw scores, W scores are an indicator of absolute rather than relative performance. The WJ W scale is centered on 500 , which approximates the average score of a 10 -year-old child. PPVT-4 Growth Score Value (GSV) scores are similar to W scores and can range from 12 to 271.

- Children score below national norms on most measures of language, literacy, and math development in both the fall and spring of their turst year of Head Start. However, in the areas of English receptive vocabulary, letter-word knowledge, and early math, children make progress toward these norms during the year. In fact, children gain almost 6 standard score points in the area of letter-word knowledge during this period and score at the national average in this area by the spring (100.0). On the other hand, children move away from the norms in the area of Spanish receptive vocabulary and score about 3 points lower in the spring.
-In terms of absolute performance, children make progress across developmental areas. For example, children score on average in the low range on the Story and Print Concepts task in both the fall and spring, but they can answer about one more question correctly in this area by the end of the program year.
-On the ECLS-B math items, children also make progress during the program year and can correctly answer more items. For example, while less than 30 percent of children in Head start are able to demonstrate number and shape skills at the start of the program year, by the spring about half are able to. In the ECLS-B national sample, the average number/shape proficiency probability score was 0.63 .

Table B.5a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Scores by Age For Children Taking the Assessment in English at Both Waves

| Scales | 3 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  | 4 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |  | Fall 2006 | Spring <br> 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Number of } \\ \text { cases } \end{gathered}$ | Mean | Mean | Mean | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean |
| PPVT-4 Standard Score | 1400 | 86.3 | 87.3 | 1.0*** | 851 | 83.7 | 87.8 | 4.1*** |
| TVIP Standard Score | 96 | 89.4 | 86.2 | -3.2 | 113 | 84.5 | 81.7 | -2.8 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification Standard Score | 1252 | 95.7 | 102.5 | 6.7*** | 834 | 92.7 | 96.6 | 3.9*** |
| WJ3: Spelling Standard Score | 1351 | 98.7 | 96.8 | -1.9 | 857 | 90.1 | 95.9 | 5.8*** |
| WJ3: Applied Problems Standard Score | 1184 | 93.1 | 93.6 | 0.5 | 819 | 85.1 | 88.9 | 3.8*** |
| ECLS-B Math IRT Score | 1451 | 6.4 | 8.5 | 2.1*** | 868 | 9.0 | 11.4 | 2.4*** |
| ECLS-B Number/Shape Proficiency Probability Score | 1451 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.2*** | 868 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.3*** |
| Combined ECLS-B/WJ3 Applied Problems IRT Score | 1451 | 11.4 | 16.5 | 5.1*** | 868 | 17.5 | 22.9 | 5.4*** |
| Story and Print Concepts IRT Scale Score | 1194 | 3.0 | 4.1 | $1.1{ }^{* * *}$ | 735 | 4.8 | 6.0 | 1.3*** |
| PPVT-4 W Score | 1400 | 92.7 | 102.7 | 10.1*** | 851 | 105.1 | 115.7 | 10.6*** |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification W Ability Score | 1252 | 300.8 | 318.5 | 17.7*** | 834 | 312.2 | 330.4 | 18.2*** |
| WJ3: Spelling W Ability Score | 1351 | 339.6 | 353.0 | 13.4*** | 857 | 353.5 | 379.2 | 25.7*** |
| WJ3: Applied Problems W Ability Score | 1184 | 370.1 | 383.9 | 13.8*** | 819 | 381.3 | 398.8 | 17.4*** |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
Some children were administered the cognitive assessments in Spanish (or not at all) in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007 (N=233). Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal on the PPVT-4 in the fall but were able to by the spring ( $\mathrm{N}=236$ ). Data in this table reflect the performance of children assessed in English in both fall 2006 and spring 2007. In addition, mean scores are only reported for those with valid scores at both occasions (for example, those who established a basal on the PPVT-4 at both waves).

Standard scores allow for comparisons of an individual's performance to others of the same age (or grade). These scores have a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15.

W scores allow for measurement of change or growth in performance on the same scale over time. Like raw scores, W scores are an indicator of absolute rather than relative performance. The WJ W scale is centered on 500, which approximates the average score of a 10 -year-old child. PPVT-4 Growth Score Value (GSV) scores are similar to W scores and can range from 12 to 271.

The ECLS-B IRT scores represent estimates of the number of items children would have answered correctly if they had taken all 22 of the ECLS-B items and all 44 of the FACES ( 22 WJ plus 22 ECLS-B) items, respectively. The ECLS-B number/shape proficiency probability scores indicate the probability that a child would have passed the proficiency level and can be interpreted as the percent of the population who have "mastered" this skill or skill set (e.g., $.25 \times 100=25 \%$ of Head Start children are able to demonstrate these skills at the start of the program year). These scores can take on any value from zero to one. The possible range is from $0-14$ on the Story and Print Concepts IRT score.

W scores allow for measurement of change or growth in performance on the same scale over time. Like raw scores, W scores are an indicator of absolute rather than relative performance. The WJ W scale is centered on 500, which approximates the average score of a 10 -year-old child. PPVT-4 Growth Score Value (GSV) scores are similar to W scores and can range from 12 to 271.
-With the exception of letter-word knowledge, 3 -year-old children score below national norms across measures of language, literacy, and math development in both the fall and spring of their first year of Head Start. However, in the areas of receptive vocabulary ( 1.0 points) and letter-word knowledge ( 6.7 points), children make progress toward these norms during the year. In fact, children gain almost 7 standard score points in the area of letter-word knowledge during this period and score above the national average in this area by the spring (102.5). 4-year-old children score below norms across measures at both the beginning and end of the year. However, these children make progress towards norms in the areas of receptive vocabulary ( 4.1 points), letter-word knowledge ( 3.9 points), early writing ( 5.8 points), and applied problems ( 3.8 points). They make the greatest gains in letter-word knowledge. Compared to same-age peers, 3 -year-olds who took the assessment in English generally perform closer to their same-age peers (nationally) than 4 -year-olds across measures.
-In terms of absolute performance, both 3- and 4-year old children make progress across developmental areas. For example, children score on average in the low range on the Story and Print Concepts task in both the fall and spring, but both 3 - and 4-year-olds can answer about one more question correctly in this area by the end of the program year.

- On the ECLS-B math items, both 3- and 4-year old children make progress during the program year and can correctly answer more items. For example, while less than 20 percent of 3 -year-olds are able to demonstrate number and shape skills at the start of the program year, by the spring about 40 percent are able to. The percentage increases from 41 percent to 67 percent among 4 -year-olds. In the ECLS-B national sample, the average number/shape proficiency probability score was 0.63 .

Table B.8a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Scores For Children Taking the Assessment in Spanish at Both Waves

|  | Fall 2006 |  | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scales | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean |
| PPVT-4 Standard Score | 25 | 61.6 | 63.3 | 1.7 |
| TVIP Standard Score | 132 | 84.8 | 81.5 | -3.3*** |
| WM3: Letter Word Identification Standard Score | 49 | 76.5 | 86.7 | 10.2*** |
| WM3: Spelling Standard Score | 131 | 88.2 | 88.3 | 0.1 |
| WM3: Applied Problems Standard Score | 95 | 82.5 | 82.8 | 0.3 |
| Story and Print Concepts IRT Scale Score | 94 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 0.9* |
| PPVT-4 W Score | 25 | 70.9 | 80.6 | 9.7** |
| WM3: Letter Word Identification W Ability Score | 49 | 284.2 | 302.8 | 18.7*** |
| WM3: Spelling W Ability Score | 131 | 323.5 | 341.1 | 17.6*** |
| WM3: Applied Problems W Ability Score | 95 | 357.0 | 370.2 | 13.2*** |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.

Some children were administered the cognitive assessments in Spanish (or not at all) in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007 (N=233). Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal on the PPVT-4 in the fall but were able to by the spring ( $\mathrm{N}=236$ ). Data in this table reflect the performance of children assessed in Spanish in both fall 2006 and spring 2007. In addition, mean scores are only reported for those with valid scores at both occasions (for example, those who established a basal on the PPVT-4 at both waves).

The WM3 scoring program does not provide standard scores for cases with 0 or very low raw scores, but it does provide W scores for such cases. In this table, we only present WM W scores for cases with a valid WM standard score. Excluded cases have mean fall, spring, and fall-spring change scores of 269.4, 281.6, and 12.2 on Letter-Word ( $\mathrm{N}=99$ ); 238.4, 313.7, and 30.4 on Spelling ( $\mathrm{N}=20$ ); and 325.1, 339.2, and 14.1 on Applied Problems ( $\mathrm{N}=55$ ), respectively.

Standard scores allow for comparisons of an individual's performance to others of the same age (or grade). These scores have a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15 .

The possible range is from 0-14 on the Story and Print Concepts IRT score.
W scores allow for measurement of change or growth in performance on the same scale over time. Like raw scores, W scores are an indicator of absolute rather than relative performance. The WM W scale is centered on 500, which approximates the average score of a 10-year-old child. PPVT-4 Growth Score Value (GSV) scores are similar to W scores and can range from 12 to 271.
-Children who take the assessment in Spanish at the beginning and end of their first Head Start year score below norms across measures of language, literacy, and math development in both the fall and spring. These children only make progress toward norms in the area of letter-word knowledge during the year. In fact, children gain more than 10 standard score points in this area during the year. On the other hand, children demonstrate losses relative to peersin their Spanish receptive vocabulary skills and score about 3 points lower in this area in the spring.
-In terms of absolute performance, children make progress across developmental areas. For example, children score on average in the low range on the Story and Print Concepts task in both the fall and spring, but they can answer about one more question correctly in this area by the end of the program year.

Table B.8b. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES TVIP Scores
$\left.\begin{array}{lcccc}\hline & & & & \text { Spring }\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Fall-Spring } \\ \text { Change }\end{array}\right]$

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.

Some children were administered the cognitive assessments in Spanish (or not at all) in fall 2006 and then in English in spring $2007(\mathrm{~N}=233)$. Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal on the PPVT-4 in the fall but were able to by the spring $(\mathrm{N}=236)$. Data in this table reflect the performance of children assessed in English or Spanish in fall 2006 and spring 2007, English in both fall 2006 and spring 2007, and Spanish in fall 2006 and spring 2007. In addition, mean scores are only reported for those with valid scores at both occasions (for example, those who established a basal on the PPVT-4 at both waves).

Standard scores allow for comparisons of an individual's performance to others of the same age (or grade). These scores have a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15 .
-Children from Spanish language households move away from norms in the area of Spanish receptive vocabulary and score 2 to 3 points lower in the spring. This includes children assessed in Spanish in both fall and spring and those assessed in English in both fall and spring.

Table B.9a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Scores by Age For Children Taking the Assessment in Spanish at Both Waves


Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
! Interpret data with caution. Standard error is large due to small sample size
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
Some children were administered the cognitive assessments in Spanish (or not at all) in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007 (N=233).Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal on the PPVT-4 in the fall but were able to by the spring ( $\mathrm{N}=236$ ). Data in this table reflect the performance of children assessed in Spanish in both fall 2006 and spring 2007. In addition, mean scores are only reported for those with valid scores at both occasions (for example, those who established a basal on the PPVT-4 at both waves).

The WM3 scoring program does not provide standard scores for cases with 0 or very low raw scores, but it does provide W scores for such cases. In this table, we only present WM W scores for cases with a valid WM standard score.

Standard scores allow for comparisons of an individual's performance to others of the same age (or grade). These scores have a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15.

The possible range is from $0-14$ on the Story and Print Concepts IRT score.
W scores allow for measurement of change or growth in performance on the same scale over time. Like raw scores, W scores are an indicator of absolute rather than relative performance. The WM W scale is centered on 500, which approximates the average score of a 10 -year-old child. PPVT-4 Growth Score Value (GSV) scores are similar to W scores and can range from 12 to 271.
-Both 3- and 4-year-old children assessed in Spanish score below national norms across measures of language, literacy, and math development in both the fall and spring of their first year of Head Start. In the area of letter-word knowledge, both groups of children make progress toward these norms during the year, with 3 -yearolds gaining 11 standard score points and 4 -year-olds gaining nearly 9 points during this period. Four-year-old children also make progress towards norms in applied problems ( 6.5 points). Notably, 3-year-old children demonstrate losses in the area ofSpanish receptive vocabulary relative to peers. In both the fall and spring, compared to same-age peers, 3 -year-olds who took the assessment in English generally perform closer to their same-age peers (nationally) than 4 -year-olds across measures.
-In terms of absolute performance, both 3- and 4-year old children make progress across developmental areas. However, children score on average in the low range on the Story and Print Concepts task in both the fall and spring, and only 3- year-olds demonstrate progress in the number of qustions they can answer correctly in this area by the end of the program year.

Table B.11a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Scores by Gender For Children Taking the Assessment in English or Spanish at Both Waves

| Scales | Girls |  |  |  |  | Boys |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | FallSpring Change |  | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | FallSpring Change |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number of } \\ \text { cases } \end{gathered}$ | Mean | Mean | Mean |
| PPVT-4 Standard Score | 1187 | 85.1 | 87.6 | 2.5*** | 1230 | 83.1 | 85.6 | 2.4*** |
| TVIP Standard Score | 269 | 86.2 | 83.8 | -2.4 | 245 | 85.1 | 82.8 | -2.3* |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification Standard Score | 1041 | 95.9 | 102.0 | 6.1*** | 1060 | 93.0 | 98.0 | 5.0*** |
| WJ3: Spelling Standard Score | 1101 | 96.4 | 99.4 | 3.0*** | 1122 | 93.9 | 93.5 | -0.4 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems Standard Score | 1006 | 90.6 | 92.9 | 2.3** | 1012 | 88.8 | 90.3 | 1.5 |
| WM: Letter Word Identification Standard Score | 29 | 76.3 | 88.6 | 12.3*** | $20!$ | 76.7 | 83.9 | 7.2** |
| WM: Spelling Standard Score | 76 | 91.1 | 90.5 | -0.6 | 55 | 84.5 | 85.3 | 0.9 |
| WM: Applied Problems Standard Score | 61 | 83.9 | 85.1 | 1.2 | 34 | 79.8 | 78.5 | -1.3 |
| ECLS-B Math IRT Score | 1140 | 7.6 | 9.9 | 2.3*** | 1194 | 7.2 | 9.5 | 2.2 |
| ECLS-B Number/Shape Proficiency Probability Score | 1140 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.2*** | 1194 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.2 |
| Combined ECLS-B/WJ3 Applied Problems IRT Score | 1140 | 14.3 | 19.5 | 5.2*** | 1194 | 13.3 | 18.5 | 5.2 |
| Story and Print Concepts IRT Scale Score | 1091 | 3.9 | 4.9 | 1.1*** | 1082 | 3.4 | 4.6 | 1.1 |
| PPVT-4 W Ability Score | 1187 | 97.2 | 107.8 | 10.6*** | 1230 | 95.5 | 106.0 | 10.5*** |
| WJ: Letter Word Identification W Ability Score | 1041 | 306.8 | 325.7 | 18.9*** | 1060 | 304.5 | 321.4 | 16.9*** |
| WJ: Spelling W Ability Score | 1101 | 346.9 | 368.5 | 21.6*** | 1122 | 343.8 | 359.1 | 15.3*** |
| WJ: Applied Problems W Ability Score | 1006 | 375.6 | 391.5 | 16.0*** | 1012 | 374.3 | 389.1 | 14.8*** |
| WM: Letter Word Identification W Ability Score | 29 | 284.3 | 305.6 | 21.3*** | $20!$ | 284.1 | 298.7 | 14.6*** |
| WM: Spelling W Ability Score | 76 | 327.7 | 344.6 | 16.9*** | 55 | 318.1 | 336.6 | 18.4*** |
| WM: Applied Problems W Ability Score | 61 | 358.9 | 373.6 | 14.7*** | 34 | 353.6 | 364.0 | 10.5** |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
! Interpret data with caution. Standard error is large due to small sample size

Some children were administered the cognitive assessments in Spanish (or not at all) in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007 ( $\mathrm{N}=233$ ). Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal on the PPVT-4 in the fall but were able to by the spring ( $\mathrm{N}=236$ ). Data in this table reflect the performance of children assessed in English in both fall 2006 and spring 2007, along with those assessed in Spanish in both fall 2006 and spring 2007. In addition, mean scores are only reported for those with valid scores at both occasions (for example, those who established a basal on the PPVT-4 at both waves).

The WM3 scoring program does not provide standard scores for cases with 0 or very low raw scores, but it does provide W scores for such cases. In this table, we only present WM W scores for cases with a valid WM standard score.

Standard scores allow for comparisons of an individual's performance to others of the same age (or grade). These scores have a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15.

The ECLS-B IRT scores represent estimates of the number of items children would have answered correctly if they had taken all 22 of the ECLS-B items and all 44 of the FACES ( 22 WJ plus 22 ECLS-B) items, respectively. The ECLS-B number/shape proficiency probability scores indicate the probability that a child would have passed the proficiency level and can be interpreted as the percent of the population who have "mastered" this skill or skill set (e.g., $.25 \times 100=25 \%$ of Head Start children are able to demonstrate these skills at the start of the program year). These scores can take on any value from zero to one. The possible range is from $0-14$ on the Story and Print Concepts score.

W scores allow for measurement of change or growth in performance on the same scale over time. Like raw scores, W scores are an indicator of absolute rather than relative performance. The WJ/WM W scale is centered on 500, which approximates the average score of a 10 -year-old child. PPVT-4 Growth Score Value (GSV) scores are similar to W scores and can range from 12 to 271.
-With the exception of letter-word knowledge and early writing skills, girls assessed in English score below national norms across measures of language, literacy, and math development in both the fall and spring of their first year of Head Start. However, in the areas of English receptive vocabulary, letter-word knowledge, early writing, and applied problems girls make progress toward these norms during the year. In fact, girls assessed in English gain 6 standard score points in the area of letterword knowledge during this period and score above the national average in this area by the spring (102.0). They also score at the national mean in early writing by the spring (99.4). Girls assessed in Spanish in both the fall and spring show significant progress towards norms in letter word knowledge (12.3 points) during the year, but they score below norms across measures. Across measures and regardless of language of assessment, boys score below norms at both the beginning and end of the year. However, boys assessed in English make progress towards norms in the areas of English receptive vocabulary ( 2.4 points) and letter-word knowledge ( 5.0 poins). Similarly, boys assessed in Spanish in fall and spring make gains in letter-word knowledge ( 7.2 points). Boys demonstrate declines in their Spanish receptive vocabulary skills relative to peers during the year ( 2.3 points).
-In terms of absolute performance, both boys and girls make progress across developmental areas. For example, children score on average in the low range on the Story and Print Concepts task in both the fall and spring, but both girls and boys can answer about one more question correctly in this area by the end of the program year.

- On the ECLS-B math items, both girls and boys make progress during the program year and can correctly answer more items. For example, while less than 30 percent of girls are able to demonstrate number and shape skills at the start of the program year, by the spring 51 percent are able to. The percentage increases from 24 percent to 46 percent among boys. In the ECLS-B national sample, the average number/shape proficiency probability score was 0.63 .

Table B.13a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Scores by Race/Ethnicity For Children Taking the Assessment in English at Both Waves


Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$
Some children were administered the cognitive assessments in Spanish (or not at all) in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007 (N=233). Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal on the PPVT-4 in the fall but were able to by the spring ( $\mathrm{N}=236$ ). Data in this table reflect the performance of children assessed in English in both fall 2006 and spring 2007. In addition, mean scores are only reported for those with valid scores at both occasions (for example, those who established a basal on the PPVT-4 at both waves).

Standard scores allow for comparisons of an individual's performance to others of the same age (or grade). These scores have a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15 .
The ECLS-B IRT scores represent estimates of the number of items children would have answered correctly if they had taken all 22 of the ECLS-B items and all 44 of the FACES ( 22 WJ plus 22 ECLS-B) items, respectively. The ECLS-B number/shape proficiency probability scores indicate the probability that a child would have passed the proficiency level and can be interpreted as the percent of the population who have "mastered" this skill or skill set (e.g., $.25 \times 100=25 \%$ of Head Start children are able to demonstrate these skills at the start of the program year). These scores can take on any value from zero to one. The possible range is from $0-14$ on the Story and Print Concepts score.

W scores allow for measurement of change or growth in performance on the same scale over time. Like raw scores, W scores are an indicator of absolute rather than relative performance. The WJ/WM W scale is centered on 500 , which approximates the average score of a 10-year-old child. PPVT-4 Growth Score Value (GSV) scores are similar to W scores and can range from 12 to 271.
-With the exception of letter-word knowledge, children score below national norms across measures of language, literacy, and math development in both the fall and spring of their first year of Head Start. However, in the areas of English receptive vocabulary and letter-word knowledge children make progress toward these norms during the year. In fact, children from all racial/ethnic groups score at or near norms in letter word by the end of the program year, with African American making the greatest gains ( 7.4 points) and scoring above norms by spring (102.5). Only White and African American children make progress in applied problems during the program year.
-In terms of absolute performance, children from all racial/ethnic backgrounds make progress across developmental areas. For example, children score on average in the low range on the Story and Print Concepts task in both the fall and spring, but all children can answer at least one more question correctly in this area by the end of the program year.
-On the ECLS-B math items, all children make progress during the program year and can correctly answer more items. For example, while 35 percent of White children are able to demonstrate number and shape skills at the start of the program year, by the spring 59 percent are able to. The percentage increases from 21 percent to 41 percent among African American children, from 23 percent to 48 percent among Latino children, and from 30 percent to 52 percent among Other race children.

Table B. 15a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Child Assessment Scores by Number of Family Risks For Children Taking the Assessment in English or Spanish at Both Waves

| Scales | 0 risks |  |  |  | 1 risk |  |  |  | 2 or more risks |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | Spring <br> 2007 | Fall- <br> Spring <br> Change |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | Spring $2007$ | Fall- Spring Change |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | Spring $2007$ | Fall- Spring Change |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean |
| PPVT-4 Standard Score | 374 | 88.9 | 91.0 | 2.1** | 823 | 84.6 | 87.2 | 2.6*** | 1010 | 81.4 | 83.9 | 2.6*** |
| TVIP Standard Score | 60 | 87.5 | 81.2 | -6.3 | 162 | 84.4 | 82.0 | -2.4* | 265 | 86.0 | 84.6 | -1.4 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification Standard Score | 342 | 98.5 | 102.9 | 4.35* | 722 | 95.2 | 101.2 | 6.0*** | 851 | 91.6 | 97.4 | $5.8 * * *$ |
| WJ3: Spelling Standard Score | 347 | 96.8 | 98.3 | 1.5 | 767 | 94.8 | 97.8 | 3.0* | 913 | 94.8 | 94.8 | 0.0 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems Standard Score | 322 | 90.4 | 94.4 | 4.0** | 703 | 90.7 | 91.8 | 1.1 | 812 | 88.6 | 90.1 | 1.6 |
| WM: Letter Word Identification Standard Score | 8 ! | 81.8 | 91.7 | 10.0** | 15 ! | 76.7 | 88.7 | 12.0* | 22 ! | 74.0 | 84.5 | 10.5** |
| WM: Spelling Standard Score | $19!$ | 90.7 | 87.7 | -3.0 | 41 | 87.9 | 89.5 | 1.6 | 64 | 88.6 | 89.3 | 0.7 |
| WM: Applied Problems Standard Score | 16 ! | 79.9 | 85.2 | 5.3 | 33 | 86.1 | 83.1 | -3.0 | 42 | 81.3 | 81.6 | 0.3 |
| ECLS-B Math IRT Score | 368 | 7.7 | 10.1 | $2.4 * * *$ | 802 | 7.7 | 9.9 | 2.2*** | 954 | 7.1 | 9.3 | 2.2 *** |
| ECLS-B Number/Shape Proficiency Probability Score | 368 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.3*** | 802 | 0.3 | 0.5 | $0.2 * * *$ | 954 | 0.2 | 0.4 | $0.2 * * *$ |
| Combined ECLS-B/WJ3 Applied Problems IRT Score | 368 | 14.4 | 20.0 | 5.5*** | 802 | 14.4 | 19.5 | 5.1 *** | 954 | 13.0 | 18.1 | 5.1 *** |
| Story and Print Concepts IRT Scale Score | 326 | 4.2 | 5.1 | 0.9 *** | 748 | 3.7 | 4.9 | 1.3 *** | 914 | 3.4 | 4.5 | 1.1 *** |
| PPVT-4 W Ability Score | 374 | 100.9 | 111.1 | 10.2*** | 823 | 97.1 | 107.8 | 10.7*** | 1010 | 93.2 | 103.9 | 10.7*** |
| WJ: Letter Word Identification W Ability Score | 342 | 308.7 | 326.8 | 18.0*** | 722 | 307.0 | 325.6 | 18.6*** | 851 | 302.4 | 319.4 | 17.0*** |
| WJ: Spelling W Ability Score | 347 | 347.0 | 365.8 | 18.8*** | 767 | 345.0 | 366.6 | 21.6*** | 913 | 344.8 | 360.7 | 16.0*** |
| WJ: Applied Problems W Ability Score | 322 | 374.4 | 392.8 | 18.5*** | 703 | 376.4 | 390.6 | 14.2*** | 812 | 373.6 | 388.4 | 14.8*** |
| WM: Letter Word Identification W Ability Score | 8 ! | 289.7 | 310.5 | 20.7*** | 15! | 283.6 | 303.6 | 20.1** | 22 ! | 281.2 | 299.4 | 18.2*** |
| WM: Spelling W Ability Score | 19! | 326.3 | 338.3 | 12.1 | 41 | 323.1 | 343.5 | 20.4*** | 64 | 323.2 | 341.9 | 18.7*** |
| WM: Applied Problems W Ability Score | 16 ! | 353.2 | 373.5 | 20.3*** | 33 | 362.3 | 370.7 | 8.5* | 42 | 353.6 | 366.9 | 13.3** |

## Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.

## ! Interpret data with caution. Standard error is large due to small sample size

Number of family risks is based on three family characteristics: whether the child resides in a single parent household, whether the household income is below the poverty threshold, and whether the mother has less than a high school diploma.

Some children were admınistered the cognitıve assessments in Spanish (or not at all) in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007 (N=233). Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal on the PPVT-4 in the fall but were able to by the spring ( $\mathrm{N}=236$ ). Data in this table reflect the performance of children assessed in English in both fall 2006 and spring 2007 , along with those assessed in Spanish in fall 2006 and spring 2007. In addition, mean scores are only reported for those with valid scores at both occasions (for example, those who established a basal on the PPVT-4 at both waves).

The WM3 scoring program does not provide standard scores for cases with 0 or very low raw scores, but it does provide W scores for such cases. In this table, we only present WM W scores for cases with a valid WM standard score.

Standard scores allow for comparisons of an individual's performance to others of the same age (or grade). These scores have a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15 .
W scores allow for measurement of change or growth in performance on the same scale over time. Like raw scores, W scores are an indicator of absolute rather than relative performance. The WJ/WM W scale is centered on 500, which approximates the average score of a 10-year-old child. PPVT-4 Growth Score Value (GSV) scores are similar to W scores and can range from 12 to 271.

The ECLS-B IRT scores represent estimates of the number of items children would have answered correctly if they had taken all 22 of the ECLS-B items and all 44 of the FACES ( 22 WJ plus 22 ECLS-B) items, respectively. The ECLS-B number/shape proficiency probability scores indicate the probability that a child would have passed the proficiency level and can be interpreted as the percent of the population who have "mastered" this skill or skill set (e.g., . $25 \times 100=25 \%$ of Head Start children are able to demonstrate these skills at the start of the program year). These scores can take on any value from zero to one. The possible range is from 0-14 on the Story and Print Concepts score.

W scores allow for measurement of change or growth in performance on the same scale over time. Like raw scores, W scores are an indicator of absolute rather than relative performance. The WJ/WM W scale is centered on 500, which approximates the average score of a 10-year-old child. PPVT-4 Growth Score Value (GSV) scores are similar to W scores and can range from 12 to 271
-With the exception of letter-word knowledge, children assessed in English score below national norms across measures of language, literacy, and math development in both the fall and spring of their first year of Head Start. However, regardless of number of family risks, in the areas of English receptive vocabulary and letter-word knowledge children make progress toward these norms during the year. In fact, children with no (102.9) or 1 family risks (101.2) score above norms in letter word by the end of the program year. Only children with 1 risk make progress in early writing during the program year. These children also demonstrate declines in their Spanish receptive vocabulary relative to peers during the year. Children assessed in Spanish in both the fall and spring show significant progress towards norms in letter word knowledge during the year, but they score below norms across measures. These children gain an average of 10 to 12 standard score points during the program year.
-Children score on average in the low range on the Story and Print Concepts task in both the fall and spring, but all children, regardless of number of family risks, can answer about one more question correctly in this area by the end of the program year. In terms of absolute performance, children with different numbers of family risks make similar progress across developmental areas -- with one exception. Children with no family risks do not make significant progress in the area of early writing.
-On the ECLS-B math items, all children make progress during the program year and can correctly answer more items. For example, while 29 percent of children with no family risks are able to demonstrate number and shape skills at the start of the program year, by the spring about 53 percent are able to. The percentage increases from 28 percent to 50 percent among children with 1 risk and from 23 percent to 44 percent among children with 2 or more risks. In the ECLS-B national sample, the average number/shape proficiency probability score was 0.63 .

Table B.17a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent and Teacher Child Report Data Selected Measures

|  |  |  | Fall 2006 |  | Spring 2007 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scales | Number of cases |  | Mean | Mean | Mean |
| Child Literacy Behaviors (Teacher Report) | 2546 | 2.7 | 4.5 | $1.8^{* * *}$ |  |
| Emergent Literacy Scale (Parent Report) | 2497 | 2.0 | 3.3 | $1.3^{* * *}$ |  |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview and Teacher Child Report.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
-Both teachers and parents report that children have more literacy skills by the end of the program year.

Table B.18a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent and Teacher Child Report Data Selected Measures by Age

|  | 3 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  | 4 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Fall 2006 | Spring <br> 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |  | Fall 2006 | Spring <br> 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| Scales | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean |
| Child Literacy Behaviors (Teacher Report) | 1652 | 2.2 | 3.9 | 1.7*** | 894 | 3.6 | 5.5 | 1.8*** |
| Emergent Literacy Scale (Parent Report) | 1606 | 1.7 | 3.0 | $1.3 * * *$ | 891 | 2.7 | 4.0 | 1.3 *** |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview and Teacher Child Report.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Age as of September 1, 2006
-Both teachers and parents report that 3- and 4-year-old children have more literacy skills by the end of the program year.

Table B.19a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent and Teacher Child Report Data Selected Measures by Gender

|  | Girls |  |  |  | Boys |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Fall 2006 | Spring $2007$ | Fall-Spring Change |  | Fall 2006 | Spring <br> 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| Scales | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean | Number o cases | Mean | Mean | Mean |
| Child Literacy Behaviors (Teacher Report) | 1246 | 2.9 | 4.7 | 1.9*** | 1300 | 2.6 | 4.2 | 1.7*** |
| Emergent Literacy Scale (Parent Report) | 1212 | 2.2 | 3.6 | 1.3 *** | 1285 | 1.9 | 3.1 | 1.3 *** |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview and Teacher Child Report.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
$\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\sim} \quad$ •Both teachers and parents report that girls and boys have more literacy skills by the end of the program year.

Table B.20a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent and Teacher Child Report Data Selected Measures by Race/Ethnicity

|  | White |  |  |  | African-American, Non-Hispanic |  |  |  | Hispanic |  |  |  | Other |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | Spring 2007 | Fall- <br> Spring <br> Change |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | Spring 2007 | Fall- <br> Spring <br> Change |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | Spring 2007 | Fall- <br> Spring <br> Change |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | Spring 2007 | Fall- <br> Spring <br> Change |
| Scales | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean | Number <br> of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean |
| Child Literacy Behaviors (Teacher Report) | 533 | 2.7 | 4.5 | 1.8*** | 822 | 2.6 | 4.3 | 1.7*** | 978 | 2.8 | 4.7 | 1.9*** | 210 | 2.9 | 4.4 | 1.5*** |
| Emergent Literacy Scale (Parent Report) | 494 | 2.3 | 3.4 | $1.1^{* * *}$ | 826 | 2.1 | 3.5 | $1.4 * * *$ | 967 | 1.8 | 3.2 | $1.4{ }^{* * *}$ | 207 | 2.3 | 3.2 | 0.8*** |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview and Teacher Child Report.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007 . All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05$; ${ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
-Both teachers and parents report that children from all racial/ethnic groups have more literacy skills by the end of the program year.

Table B.21a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent and Teacher Child Report Data Selected Measures by Number of Family Risks

|  | 0 risks |  |  |  | 1 risk |  |  |  | 2 or more risks |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Spring } \\ & 2007 \end{aligned}$ | Fall- Spring Change |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Spring } \\ & 2007 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Scales | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean |
| Child Literacy Behaviors (Teacher Report) | 396 | 3.0 | 4.5 | 1.5*** | 863 | 2.8 | 4.6 | 1.8*** | 1092 | 2.5 | 4.3 | 1.9*** |
| Emergent Literacy Scale (Parent Report) | 398 | 2.1 | 3.4 | 1.3*** | 867 | 2.2 | 3.5 | 1.3 *** | 1086 | 1.9 | 3.2 | 1.3 *** |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview and Teacher Child Report.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$
Number of family risks is based on three family characteristics: whether the child resides in a single parent household, whether the household income is below the poverty號, and whether the mother has less than a high school diploma.

- Both teachers and parents report that all children, regardless of number of family risks, have more literacy skills by the end of the program year.

Table B.23a. Summary Statistics for FACES Child Assessment Standardized Score Data For Children with Teacher Reported Disabilities ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Taking the Assessment in English in Fall and Spring

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.

Some children were administered the cognitive assessments in Spanish (or not at all) in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007. Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal on the PPVT-4 in the fall but were able to by the spring. Data in this table reflect the performance of children assessed in English in both fall 2006 and spring 2007. In addition, mean scores are only reported for those with valid scores at both occasions (for example, those who established a basal on the PPVT-4 at both waves).

Standard scores allow for comparisons of an individual's performance to others of the same age (or grade). These scores have a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15 .
${ }^{a}$ In this table, identification of child disability is based on spring 2007 teacher reports.

Table B.24a. Summary Statistics for Fall and Spring FACES Parent and Teacher Child Report Data Selected Measures for Children with Teacher Reported Disabilities ${ }^{\text {a }}$

|  |  | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scales | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean |
| Child Literacy Behaviors (Teacher Report) | 361 | 1.99 | 3.57 | $1.57^{* *}$ |
| Emergent Literacy Scale (Parent Report) | 337 | 1.44 | 2.56 | $1.12^{* * *}$ |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview and Teacher Child Report.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006. All reported differences are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{a}$ In this table, identification of child disability is based on spring 2007 teacher reports.

Table C.2a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent, Teacher, and Assessor Child Report Data Measures

| Scales | Fall 2006 |  | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean |
| Teacher Report |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills | 2672 | 15.6 | 17.3 | 1.8*** |
| Total Behavior Problems | 2673 | 6.9 | 6.5 | -0.5** |
| Aggressive Behavior | 2669 | 1.5 | 1.5 | -0.1 |
| Hyperactive Behavior | 2673 | 3.1 | 2.8 | -0.3 *** |
| Withdrawn Behavior | 2669 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 0.0 |
| PLBS - Total ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2672 | 50.5 | 51.0 | 0.5 |
| PLBS - Attitude toward Learning ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2672 | 50.3 | 51.0 | 0.5 |
| PLBS - Competence Motivation ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2672 | 50.5 | 51.0 | 0.3 |
| PLBS - Attention/Persistence ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2672 | 50.4 | 51.4 | 1.0 *** |
| Parent Report |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills/Positive Approaches to Learning | 2602 | 11.9 | 12.2 | 0.3*** |
| Total Behavior Problems | 2597 | 5.8 | 5.4 | $-0.4 * * *$ |
| Assessor Rating |  |  |  |  |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Raw Score | 2748 | 54.6 | 55.6 | 1.01 |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Standard Score ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 2748 | 89.9 | 89.3 | -0.6 |
| Attention | 2748 | 19.3 | 19.7 | 0.5 |
| Organization/Impulse Control | 2749 | 15.4 | 15.8 | 0.4 |
| Activity Level | 2749 | 8.1 | 8.2 | 0.1 |
| Sociability | 2749 | 11.9 | 11.9 | 0.1 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview, Teacher Child Report, and Assessor Rating.

Note: $\quad$ Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ; * * \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.

Data in this table are only reported for children with valid scores in both fall 2006 and spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ This score is a T-score set to have a mean of 50 and standard deviation of 10 . T-scores illustrate a child's performance relative to the population as a whole. A high T-score for a subgroup indicates that the subgroup's mastery level is greater than other groups in the population. Scores are anchored to allow comparison with children's performance in fall 2006.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ This standard score has a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15.
-Teachers report that children demonstrate more social skills, fewer problem behaviors, and more attention and persistence with tasks on average by the end of the program year. They also report children as demonstrating fewer hyperactive behaviors in the spring.

- Similarly, parents report that children demonstrate more social skills and positive approaches to learning and fewer problem behaviors on average in the spring.

Table C.3a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent, Teacher, and Assessor Child Report Data Measures by Age

|  | 3 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  | 4 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change |
| Scales | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean |
| Teacher Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills | 1746 | 14.8 | 16.6 | 1.8*** | 926 | 16.8 | 18.6 | 1.7*** |
| Total Behavior Problems | 1748 | 7.7 | 7.1 | -0.6** | 925 | 5.7 | 5.4 | -0.3 |
| Aggressive Behavior | 1747 | 1.7 | 1.6 | -0.1 | 922 | 1.3 | 1.2 | -0.1 |
| Hyperactive Behavior | 1748 | 3.5 | 3.1 | $-0.3^{* * *}$ | 925 | 2.4 | 2.2 | -0.2* |
| Withdrawn Behavior | 1747 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 0.0 | 922 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 0.0 |
| PLBS - Total ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 1747 | 48.9 | 49.6 | 0.7 | 925 | 53.1 | 53.5 | 0.3 |
| PLBS - Attitude toward Learning ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 1747 | 49.0 | 49.6 | 0.6 | 925 | 52.6 | 52.9 | 0.3 |
| PLBS - Competence Motivation ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 1747 | 49.0 | 49.3 | 0.3 | 925 | 53.0 | 53.2 | 0.2 |
| PLBS - Attention/Persistence ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 1747 | 48.9 | 50.1 | $1.2{ }^{* * *}$ | 925 | 52.9 | 53.5 | 0.6 |
| Parent Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills/Positive Approaches to Learning | 1685 | 11.8 | 12.1 | 0.3*** | 917 | 12.0 | 12.5 | 0.5*** |
| Total Behavior Problems | 1682 | 5.7 | 5.4 | -0.2* | 915 | 6.0 | 5.4 | -0.6 *** |
| Assessor Rating |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Raw Score | 1775 | 50.2 | 51.9 | 1.7 | 972 | 62.0 | 61.8 | -0.2 |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Standard Score ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 1775 | 88.3 | 87.2 | -1.1 | 972 | 92.8 | 93.0 | 0.2 |
| Attention | 1775 | 17.4 | 18.2 | 0.9 | 972 | 22.5 | 22.3 | -0.2 |
| Organization/Impulse Control | 1776 | 14.0 | 14.6 | 0.6 | 972 | 17.7 | 17.8 | 0.1 |
| Activity Level | 1776 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 0.2 | 972 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 0.0 |
| Sociability | 1776 | 11.4 | 11.5 | 0.1 | 972 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 0.0 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview, Teacher Child Report, and Assessor Rating.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
Data in this table are only reported for children with valid scores in both fall 2006 and spring 2007.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ This score is a T-score set to have a mean of 50 and standard deviation of 10 . T-scores illustrate a child's performance relative to the population as a whole. A high T-score for a subgroup indicates that the subgroup's mastery level is greater than other groups in the population. Scores are anchored to allow comparison with children's performance in fall 2006.
${ }^{\mathrm{c}}$ This standard score has a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15.
-Teachers report that both 3- and 4-year-old children demonstrate more social skills on average by the end of the program year. However, they only report 3-year-old children as demonstrating fewer problem behaviors and greater attention and persistence with tasks by the spring. They report both age cohorts as demonstrating fewer hyperactive behaviors on average in the spring.
-Parents report that both 3- and 4-year-olds demonstrate more social skills and positive approaches to learning and fewer problem behaviors on average in the spring.

Table C.4a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent, Teacher, and Assessor Child Report Data Measures by Gender

|  | Girls |  |  |  | Boys |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change |
| Scales | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean |
| Teacher Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills | 1310 | 16.4 | 18.2 | 1.7*** | 1362 | 14.8 | 16.6 | 1.8*** |
| Total Behavior Problems | 1310 | 5.6 | 5.2 | -0.4* | 1363 | 8.2 | 7.7 | 0.6** |
| Aggressive Behavior | 1307 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 1362 | 1.9 | 1.8 | -0.1 |
| Hyperactive Behavior | 1310 | 2.4 | 2.2 | -0.2** | 1363 | 3.7 | 3.3 | -0.4*** |
| Withdrawn Behavior | 1307 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 0.0 | 1307 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 0.0 |
| PLBS - Total ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1309 | 52.4 | 52.8 | 0.3 | 1309 | 52.4 | 52.8 | 0.3 |
| PLBS - Attitude toward Learning ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1309 | 52.1 | 52.3 | 0.2 | 1309 | 52.1 | 52.3 | 0.2 |
| PLBS - Competence Motivation ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1309 | 51.8 | 52.0 | 0.2 | 1363 | 49.2 | 49.6 | 0.4 |
| PLBS - Attention/Persistence ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1309 | 52.6 | 53.4 | 0.8** | 1363 | 48.3 | 49.5 | 1.2 *** |
| Parent Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills/Positive Approaches to Learning | 1265 | 12.1 | 12.5 | 0.4*** | 1265 | 12.1 | 12.5 | 0.4*** |
| Total Behavior Problems | 1262 | 5.5 | 5.0 | $-0.5 * * *$ | 1335 | 6.1 | 5.8 | -0.3** |
| Assessor Rating |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Raw Score | 1348 | 58.1 | 58.5 | 0.4 | 1400 | 51.3 | 52.9 | 1.6 |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Standard Score ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 1348 | 92.8 | 91.6 | -1.3 | 1400 | 87.2 | 87.2 | 0.1 |
| Attention | 1348 | 20.6 | 20.9 | 0.3 | 1400 | 18.0 | 18.7 | 0.7 |
| Organization/Impulse Control | 1348 | 16.4 | 16.6 | 0.2 | 1401 | 14.3 | 14.9 | 0.6 |
| Activity Level | 1348 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 0.1 | 1401 | 7.6 | 7.7 | 0.2 |
| Sociability | 1348 | 12.4 | 12.3 | -0.1 | 1401 | 11.4 | 11.6 | 0.2 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview, Teacher Child Report, and Assessor Rating.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
Data in this table are only reported for children with valid scores in both fall 2006 and spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ This score is a T-score set to have a mean of 50 and standard deviation of 10 . T-scores illustrate a child's performance relative to the population as a whole. A high T-score for a subgroup indicates that the subgroup's mastery level is greater than other groups in the population. Scores are anchored to allow comparison with children's performance in fall 2006.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ This standard score has a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15 .
-Teachers report that both boys and girls demonstrate more social skills and fewer problem behaviors on average by the end of the program year. They also report boys and girls as demonstrating fewer hyperactive behaviors and greater attention and persistence with tasks in the spring.
-Similarly, parents report that boys and girls demonstrate more social skills and positive approaches to learning and fewer problem behaviors on average in the spring.

Table C.5a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent, Teacher, and Assessor Child Report Data Measures by Race/Ethnicity

|  | White |  |  |  | African-American, non-Hispanic |  |  |  | Hispanic/Latino |  |  |  | Other |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | Spring $2007$ | Fall- <br> Spring <br> Change |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | Spring $2007$ | Fall-Spring Change |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change |
| Scales | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean |
| Teacher Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills | 571 | 15.8 | 17.2 | 1.4*** | 863 | 15.4 | 17.1 | 1.7*** | 1010 | 15.7 | 17.9 | 2.2*** | 225 | 15.2 | 16.3 | 1.1** |
| Total Behavior Problems | 571 | 7.3 | 7.3 | -0.1 | 864 | 7.0 | 6.8 | -0.3 | 1010 | 6.6 | 5.4 | -1.1*** | 225 | 7.1 | 7.3 | 0.2 |
| Aggressive Behavior | 569 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 0.0 | 863 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 0.1 | 1009 | 1.6 | 1.3 | -0.3*** | 225 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 0.3* |
| Hyperactive Behavior | 571 | 3.1 | 3.0 | -0.1 | 864 | 3.4 | 3.0 | -0.3*** | 1010 | 2.8 | 2.4 | -0.5*** | 225 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 0.1 |
| Withdrawn Behavior | 569 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 0.1 | 863 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 0.1 | 1009 | 1.4 | 1.3 | -0.1 | 225 | 1.9 | 1.7 | -0.2 |
| PLBS - Total ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 571 | 50.9 | 50.8 | -0.1 | 863 | 49.9 | 50.3 | 0.5 | 1010 | 50.9 | 52.2 | 1.3** | 225 | 49.8 | 49.3 | -0.5 |
| PLBS - Attitude toward Learning ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 571 | 50.9 | 51.0 | 0.1 | 863 | 49.6 | 49.8 | 0.2 | 1010 | 50.7 | 52.1 | 1.4** | 225 | 50.1 | 48.8 | -1.2 |
| PLBS - Competence Motivation ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 571 | 51.0 | 50.7 | -0.3 | 863 | 50.4 | 50.5 | 0.1 | 1010 | 50.6 | 51.4 | 0.9 | 225 | 49.1 | 49.3 | 0.2 |
| PLBS - Attention/Persistence ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 571 | 50.5 | 51.0 | 0.5 | 863 | 49.5 | 50.5 | 1.1*** | 1010 | 51.0 | 52.7 | 1.7*** | 225 | 50.6 | 50.0 | -0.7 |
| Parent Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills/Positive Approaches to Learning | 524 | 11.7 | 12.0 | 0.3*** | 865 | 12.0 | 12.3 | 0.3*** | 993 | 11.9 | 12.3 | 0.5*** | 217 | 11.7 | 12.0 | 0.3 |
| Total Behavior Problems | 522 | 6.1 | 5.4 | $-0.7 * * *$ | 864 | 5.2 | 4.9 | -0.3 | 992 | 6.3 | 6.0 | -0.3* | 216 | 5.3 | 4.9 | -0.4 |
| Assessor Rating |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Raw Score | 558 | 58.6 | 57.5 | -1.2 | 905 | 53.0 | 55.4 | 2.4 | 1043 | 53.1 | 54.5 | 1.4 | 239 | 56.4 | 56.0 | -0.4 |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Standard Score ${ }^{\text {v }}$ | 558 | 92.8 | 90.7 | -2.1 | 905 | 89.1 | 89.7 | 0.6 | 1043 | 88.4 | 88.2 | -0.2 | 239 | 91.8 | 89.1 | -2.7 |
| Attention | 558 | 21.1 | 20.7 | -0.4 | 905 | 18.7 | 19.6 | 0.9 | 1043 | 18.5 | 19.2 | 0.7 | 239 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 0.0 |
| Organization/Impulse Control | 558 | 16.5 | 16.5 | -0.1 | 906 | 14.9 | 15.7 | 0.8 | 1043 | 14.9 | 15.4 | 0.5 | 239 | 16.1 | 15.8 | -0.4 |
| Activity Level | 558 | 8.5 | 8.1 | -0.4 | 906 | 7.7 | 8.2 | 0.4 | 1043 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 0.2 | 239 | 8.3 | 8.2 | -0.1 |
| Sociability | כנס | 12.6 | 12.3 | -0. 5 | yob | 11.8 | 12.0 | 0.5 | 1045 | 11.5 | 11.6 | 0.1 | 239 | 12.0 | 12.1 | 0.1 |

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the . 05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
Data in this table are only reported for children with valid scores in both fall 2006 and spring 2007.

This score is a T-score set to have a mean of 50 and standard deviation of 10 . T -scores illustrate a child's performance relative to the population as a whole. A high T -score for a subgroup indicates that the subgroup's mastery level is greater than other groups in the population. Scores are anchored to allow comparison with children's performance in fall 2006.
${ }^{\circ}$ This standard score has a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15 .
-Teachers report that all children demonstrate more social skills on average by the end of the program year. However, they only report Latino children as having fewer problem behaviors, fewer aggressive behaviors, more positive approaches to learning, and more positive attitudies toward learning in the spring. They also report African American and Latino children as demonstrating fewer hyperactive behaviors and greater attention and persistence with tasks in the spring. In contrast, teachers report that Other race children have more aggressive behaviors in the spring.
-Parents report that White, African American, and Latino children demonstrate more social skills and positive approaches to learning on average in the spring. They report that White and Latino children have fewer problem behaviors by the end of the program year.

Table C.6a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent, Teacher, and Assessor Child Report Data Measures by Number of Family Risks

|  | 0 risks |  |  |  | 1 risk |  |  |  | 2 or more risks |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fall 2006 |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change |  | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change |
| Scales | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean | Number of cases | Mean Mean |  | Mean | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean |
| Teacher Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills | 410 | 15.8 | 17.7 | 1.9*** | 906 | 15.9 | 17.5 | 1.5*** | 1150 | 15.2 | 17.2 | 2.0*** |
| Total Behavior Problems | 411 | 6.5 | 5.8 | -0.8* | 907 | 6.5 | 6.0 | -0.5* | 1150 | 7.2 | 6.8 | -0.4* |
| Aggressive Behavior | 411 | 1.4 | 1.3 | -0.2 | 906 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 0.0 | 1147 | 1.6 | 1.5 | -0.1 |
| Hyperactive Behavior | 411 | 2.8 | 2.5 | -0.3* | 907 | 2.9 | 2.6 | -0.3** | 1150 | 3.2 | 2.9 | -0.3 *** |
| Withdrawn Behavior | 411 | 1.5 | 1.4 | -0.2 | 906 | 1.4 | 1.4 | -0.1 | 1147 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 0.1 |
| PLBS - Total ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 410 | 51.0 | 51.7 | 0.7 | 907 | 51.2 | 51.9 | 0.7 | 1150 | 49.9 | 50.4 | 0.4 |
| PLBS - Attitude toward Learning ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 410 | 50.6 | 51.8 | 1.2 | 907 | 50.8 | 51.1 | 0.3 | 1150 | 50.1 | 50.4 | 0.4 |
| PLBS - Competence Motivation ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 410 | 50.8 | 51.2 | 0.4 | 907 | 51.2 | 51.7 | 0.5 | 1150 | 50.0 | 50.1 | 0.1 |
| PLBS - Attention/Persistence ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 410 | 51.1 | 52.1 | 1.0 | 907 | 51.1 | 52.2 | 1.0** | 1150 | 49.8 | 50.8 | $1.1{ }^{* * *}$ |
| Parent Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills/Positive Approaches to Learning | 408 | 12.0 | 12.2 | 0.3* | 905 | 12.0 | 12.3 | 0.3 | 1137 | 11.7 | 12.2 | 0.4*** |
| Total Behavior Problems | 408 | 5.2 | 4.8 | -0.5* | 902 | 5.5 | 5.2 | -0.3** | 1136 | 6.0 | 5.6 | -0.4* |
| Assessor Rating |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Raw Score | 419 | 55.0 | 55.3 | 0.2 | 935 | 55.5 | 56.5 | 1.0 | 1178 | 54.1 | 55.5 | 1.4 |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Standard Score ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 419 | 90.7 | 89.1 | -1.5 | 935 | 90.7 | 90.1 | -0.6 | 1178 | 89.5 | 89.2 | -0.3 |
| Attention | 419 | 19.4 | 20.0 | 0.6 | 935 | 19.8 | 20.0 | 0.2 | 1178 | 18.9 | 19.6 | 0.6 |
| Organization/Impulse Control | 419 | 15.6 | 15.6 | -0.1 | 936 | 15.6 | 16.1 | 0.5 | 1178 | 15.1 | 15.7 | 0.5 |
| Activity Level | 419 | 7.9 | 8.0 | 0.0 | 936 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 0.1 | 1178 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 0.2 |
| Sociability | 419 | 12.1 | 11.8 | -0.4 | 936 | 11.8 | 12.0 | 0.2 | 1178 | 11.9 | 12.0 | 0.1 |

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the . 05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
Data in this table are only reported for children with valid scores in both fall 2006 and spring 2007.
${ }^{4}$ This score is a T-score set to have a mean of 50 and standard deviation of 10 . T-scores illustrate a child's performance relative to the population as a whole. A high T-score for a subgroup indicates that the subgroup's mastery level is greater than other groups in the population. Scores are anchored to allow comparison with children's performance in fall 2006.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ This standard score has a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15 .
Number of family risks is based on three family characteristics: whether the child resides in a single parent household, whether the household income is below the poverty threshold, and whether the mother has less than a high school diploma.
-Regardless of number of family risks, teachers report that all children demonstrate more social skills and fewer problem behaviors on average by the end of the program year. They also report all children as demonstrating fewer hyperactive behaviors in the spring. Teachers only report children with one or more risks as having greater attention and persistence with tasks by spring.
-Parents report that children with no and 2 or more risks demonstrate more social skills and positive approaches to learning on average in the spring. They report that all groups have fewer problem behaviors by the end of the program year.

Table C.7a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent, Teacher, and Assessor Child Report Data Measures for Children with Teacher Reported Disabilities ${ }^{\text {a }}$

| Scales | Fall 2006 |  | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring <br> Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean |
| Teacher Report |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills | 363 | 12.9 | 15.0 | 2.1*** |
| Total Behavior Problems | 363 | 10.9 | 9.7 | -1.1* |
| Aggressive Behavior | 362 | 2.1 | 1.9 | -0.2 |
| Hyperactive Behavior | 363 | 4.5 | 3.8 | -0.6** |
| Withdrawn Behavior | 362 | 2.4 | 2.3 | -0.1 |
| PLBS - Total ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 363 | 45.7 | 46.9 | 1.3 |
| PLBS - Attitude toward Learning ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 363 | 46.4 | 48.4 | 2.0* |
| PLBS - Competence Motivation ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | $363$ | $46.4$ | $46.7$ | $0.3$ |
| PLBS - Attention/Persistence ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 363 | 45.4 | 47.3 | 1.9* |
| Parent Report |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills/Positive Approaches to Learning | $339$ | $11.1$ | $11.9$ | $0.7^{* *}$ |
| Total Behavior Problems | $338$ | $6.7$ | $6.3$ | $-0.4$ |
| Assessor Rating |  |  |  |  |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Raw Score | 346 | 44.1 | 47.4 | 3.4 |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Standard Score ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 346 | 81.5 | 83.2 | 1.7 |
| Attention | 346 | 15.1 | 16.5 | 1.4 |
| Organization/Impulse Control | 347 | 11.8 | 13.2 | 1.4* |
| Activity Level | 347 | 6.5 | 6.8 | 0.3 |
| Sociability | 347 | 10.6 | 10.9 | 0.3 |

Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview, Teacher Interview, and Assessor Rating.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007 All reported differences are statistically significant at the .05 level
*p $<.05 ; * * \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ In this table, identification of child disability is based on spring 2007 teacher reports.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ This score is a T-score set to have a mean of 50 and standard deviation of 10 T -scores illustrate a child's performance relative to the population as a wholeA high T-score for a subgroup indicates that the subgroup's mastery level is greater than other groups in the population.
${ }^{\mathrm{c}}$ This standard score has a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15 .

Table C.13a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Child Height and Weight Data

| Scales | Fall 2006 |  | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { Number } \\ \text { cases } \end{array}$ | Mean | Mean | Mean |
| Height (in inches) | 2700 | 39.9 | 41.4 | 1.5*** |
| Weight (in pounds) | 2659 | 37.8 | 40.5 | 2.7*** |
| Body Mass Index (BMI) | 2596 | 16.5 | 16.5 | 0.0 |
| Percent of Children |  |  |  |  |
| Child is Underweight | 2577 | 3.2 | 2.7 | -0.4 |
| Child is Normal Weight | 2577 | 62.8 | 62.3 | -0.6 |
| Child is Overweight | 2577 | 17.8 | 18.6 | 0.8 |
| Child is Obese | 2577 | 16.3 | 16.4 | 0.2 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
*p<.05; **p<.01; ***p<.001.
Data in this table are only reported for children with valid estimates in both fall 2006 and spring 2007.

- On average, children grew just under 2 inches and gained more than 2 pounds during their first program year. There were no changes in their BMI between the beginning and end of the year.

Table C.14a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Child Height and Weight Data by Age

| Scales | 3 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  | 4 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Fall- } \\ \text { Spring } \\ \text { Change } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Fall 2006 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Spring } \\ & 2007 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall- } \\ \text { Spring } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean |
| Height (in inches) | 1746 | 39.0 | 40.5 | 1.5*** | 953 | 41.5 | 42.9 | 1.4*** |
| Weight (in pounds) | 1724 | 36.1 | 38.7 | $2.7 * * *$ | 934 | 40.6 | 43.5 | $2.9 * * *$ |
| Body Mass Index (BMI) | 1686 | 16.5 | 16.5 | 0.0 | 909 | 16.5 | 16.5 | 0.0 |
| Percent of Children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child is Underweight | 1670 | 3.5 | 3.0 | -0.5 | 907 | 2.6 | 2.2 | -0.4 |
| Child is Normal Weight | 1670 | 63.4 | 63.5 | 0.1 | 907 | 61.8 | 60.1 | -1.6 |
| Child is Overweight | 1670 | 17.7 | 17.4 | -0.3 | 907 | 17.9 | 20.5 | 2.6 |
| Child is Obese | 1670 | 15.4 | 16.0 | 0.6 | 907 | 17.7 | 17.1 | -0.6 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
$\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\circ}$ Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
Data in this table are only reported for children with valid estimates in both fall 2006 and spring 2007.

- On average, both 3- and 4-year-old children grew just under 2 inches and gained more than 2 pounds during their first program year. There were no changes in children's BMI between the beginning and end of the year.

Table C.15a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Child Height and Weight Data by Gender


Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ; * * \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
Data in this table are only reported for children with valid estimates in both fall 2006 and spring 2007.

- On average, both girls and grew just under 2 inches and gained more than 2 pounds during their first program year. There were no changes in children's BMI between the beginning and end of the year. However, a smaller percentage of girls met criteria for underweight status at the end of the first Head Start year.

Table C.16a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Child Height and Weight Data by Race/Ethnicity


Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the . 05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ; * * * \mathrm{p}<.001$
Data in this table are only reported for children with valid estimates in both fall 2006 and spring 2007
-Regardless of race/ethnicity, on average all children grew just under 2 inches and gained more than 2 pounds during their first program year. On average, there were no changes in children's BMI between the beginning and end of the year. However, a smaller percentage of Latino children met criteria for underweight status at the end of the first Head Start year.

Table C.17a. Summary Statistics for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Child Height and Weight Data by Number of Family Risks

| Scales | 0 risks |  |  |  | 1 risk |  |  |  | 2 or more risks |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fall 2006 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Spring } \\ & 2007 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Fall- } \\ \text { Spring } \\ \text { Change } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Fall 2006 | Spring <br> 2007 | Fall- Spring Change |  | Fall 2006 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Spring } \\ & 2007 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall- } \\ \text { Spring } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Number of cases | Mean Mean |  | Mean | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean | Number of cases | Mean | Mean | Mean |
| Height (in inches) | 414 | 39.8 | 41.2 | 1.4*** | 913 | 40.1 | 41.5 | 1.5*** | 1160 | 39.9 | 41.3 | 1.4*** |
| Weight (in pounds) | 407 | 37.4 | 40.0 | 2.6*** | 902 | 38.1 | 40.9 | 2.8*** | 1138 | 37.6 | 40.4 | 2.7*** |
| Body Mass Index (BMI) | 397 | 16.4 | 16.3 | 0.0 | 880 | 16.5 | 16.5 | 0.0 | 1114 | 16.5 | 16.5 | 0.0 |
| Percent of Children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child is Underweight | 395 | 4.2 | 3.2 | -1.0 | 872 | 3.3 | 2.2 | -1.1 | 1109 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 0.2 |
| Child is Normal Weight | 395 | 64.5 | 62.7 | -1.9 | 872 | 62.7 | 63.0 | 0.4 | 1109 | 62.6 | 61.8 | -0.8 |
| Child is Overweight | 395 | 18.0 | 20.5 | 2.5 | 872 | 17.6 | 17.5 | -0.1 | 1109 | 17.5 | 18.8 | 1.3 |
| Child is Obese | 395 | 13.3 | 13.6 | 0.3 | 872 | 16.5 | 17.2 | 0.8 | 1109 | 17.1 | 16.4 | -0.7 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
Data in this table are only reported for children with valid estimates in both fall 2006 and spring 2007.
Number of family risks is based on three family characteristics: whether the child resides in a single parent household, whether the household income is below the poverty threshold, and whether the mother has less than a high school diploma.
-Regardless of number of family risks, on average all children grew just under 2 inches and gained more than 2 pounds during their first program year. On average, there were no changes in children's BMI between the beginning and end of the year.

Table C.18a. Child Health Status as Reported by Parents

|  |  |  |  | Percentage |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Excellent/Very Good |  |  | Fair |  |  | Poor |  |  |
|  | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change |
| All Children | 77.4 | 78.1 | 0.6 | 16.5 | 16.6 | 0.0 | 6.0 | 5.4 | -0.7 |
| 3 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 77.2 | 77.8 | 0.5 | 16.1 | 16.2 | 0.1 | 6.6 | 6.0 | -0.6 |
| 4 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 77.8 | 78.6 | 0.8 | 17.2 | 17.2 | -0.1 | 5.0 | 4.3 | -0.8 |
| Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 84.1 | 86.0 | 1.9 | 12.4 | 10.7 | -1.8 | 3.5 | 3.4 | -0.1 |
| African American, non-Hispanic | 80.8 | 80.0 | -0.8 | 13.5 | 14.8 | 1.3 | 5.7 | 5.2 | -0.5 |
| Hispanic/Latino | 70.0 | 70.6 | 0.6 | 21.8 | 22.8 | 1.0 | 8.2 | 6.6 | -1.6 |
| Other | 79.6 | 81.9 | 2.4 | 15.9 | 12.2 | -3.7 | 4.6 | 5.9 | 1.4 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Female | $80.3$ | 80.7 | 0.5 | $13.7$ | $14.4$ | $0.7$ | $6.0$ | $4.9$ | -1.1 |
| Male | 74.8 | 75.6 | 0.8 | 19.2 | 18.6 | -0.6 | 6.1 | 5.9 | -0.2 |
| Family Risk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 82.8 | 81.4 | -1.4 | 15.4 | 15.7 | 0.3 | 1.8 | 2.9 | 1.1 |
| 1 | 81.7 | 78.3 | -3.5* | 14.4 | 16.9 | 2.5 | 3.9 | 4.9 | 1.0 |
| 2 or More | 72.3 | 76.5 | 4.3* | 18.4 | 17.1 | -1.4 | 9.3 | 6.4 | -2.9* |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05$; ** $\mathrm{p}<.01$; *** $\mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.
Data in this table are only reported for children with valid estimates in both fall 2006 and spring 2007.
Number of family risks is based on three family characteristics: whether the child resides in a single parent household, whether the household income is below the poverty threshold, and whether the mother has less than a high school diploma.

- At the end of the first program year, fewer children with 1 family risk were reported by their parents to be in excellent or very good health. In addition, more children with 2 or more family risks were reported as being in excellent or very good health and fewer were reported in poor health by the end of the program year.


## EXPLORING RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN QUALITY AND CHILD OUTCOMES: ANALYTIC APPROACH

## Correlates of Classroom Quality and Teacher Attitudes

We used two-level hierarchical linear models (HLM), with classrooms nested within programs, to examine the teacher and program characteristics associated with classroom quality and teacher attitudes. The use of HLM recognizes that teachers/classrooms in the same program are not independent of each other because of shared resource levels, policies, and program practices.

As measures of quality, we used the CLASS Instructional Support domain and one of its dimensions, the Language Modeling subscale, and the ECERS-R Teaching and Interactions and Provisions for Learning subscales. We also examined correlates of teacher attitudes, including the teacher's level of satisfaction with teaching as a career, and the teacher's developmentally appropriate practice attitudes (DAP attitudes), as these may be mediators that link education levels or professional development with quality of practice.

Program-level covariates in each of these analyses included program SES, percentage of English language learners, percentage of teachers using a consistent curriculum/assessment package, teacher turnover, and adjusted program mean salary. Covariates at the teacher/classroom level included teacher education, experience, reported depressive symptoms, frequency of mentoring, and perceived management support. The analyses of classroom quality also include DAP attitudes and teacher satisfaction with teaching as a career).

We calculated intraclass correlations (ICCs) to measure the proportion of the total variation in classroom quality or teacher attitudes that is associated with program-level characteristics. An ICC closer to 1.0 indicates that more of the variation is associated with program-level variation, with greater homogeneity of outcomes
among classrooms within a program. An ICC closer to 0 indicates the reverse: that programs do not vary as much as do classrooms within those programs.

The ICCs indicate that program-level variation is relatively high for one measure of quality, ECERS-R Provisions for Learning at .62, but lower for the other quality and teacher attitude measures (ranging from . 05 to .22 ). Since ECERS-R Provisions for Learning may be more influenced by program decisions about resources and materials to offer in classrooms rather than by individual teacher decisions, the relatively high proportion of variation across programs is reasonable. The ICC for teacher satisfaction was particularly low, at . 05, suggesting that teacher satisfaction varies substantially within programs, and very little across programs. The ICCs for CLASS Language Modeling and Instructional Support were .17 and .12 respectively, and for ECERS-R Teaching and Interactions, the ICC was 21 .

The measured teacher/classroom variables in the model explained 5 to 6 percent of the available within-program variation in quality (CLASS Instructional Support, Language Modeling, and ECERS-R Teaching and Interactions) and 2 to 5 percent of the betweenprogram variation in quality. For ECERS-R Provisions for Learning, the teacher/classroom variables in the model explained 10 percent of the available within-program variation and 15 percent of the available between-program variation in quality.

## Associations between Observed Quality and Children's Developmental Status

We used three-level HLM to examine the relationships between classroom quality and children's outcomes, controlling for child/family, teacher/classroom, and program characteristics. These analyses account for the clustering of children within classrooms and classrooms within programs because children in the same classroom and program share a common set of preschool experiences and thus their outcomes are not independent.

We estimated models of children's developmental status in the spring, controlling for their initial status measured in the fall. Outcomes include language and literacy (PPVT, Woodcock-Johnson [WJ] Letter-Word Identification), mathematics (WJ Applied Problems, ECLS-B mathematics), and socialemotional development (teacher ratings of children's social skills and behavior problems). The language, literacy, and mathematics outcomes were measured using equal-interval W-scores to facilitate interpretation of variation across scores. Then, all outcomes were zscored so that the coefficients may be interpreted as the change in the child outcome in standard deviation units for each 1 point increase in the respective variable.

The child/family level covariates included child age, gender, race/ethnicity, household language, poverty ratio, maternal education, maternal depressive symptoms, fall score, and time interval between the fall and spring assessments. The teacher/classroom level covariates included the quality measures discussed previously (Instructional Support, Language Modeling, Teaching and Interactions), teacher education, full-day class, mean peer abilities, variation in peer abilities, and teacher DAP attitudes. The program level covariates included program socio-economic status (SES), percentage of English language learners, percentage of teachers using a consistent curriculum/assessment package, teacher turnover, and adjusted program mean salary.

We estimated a series of models in the analysis. In Model 1 we included child/family characteristics in level-1. In Model 2 we added classroom quality and teacher/classroom characteristics. In Model 3, we added program characteristics. In order to test whether there is a non-linear relationship between classroom quality and children's outcomes, we included both a linear and a quadratic term in the model and dropped the quadratic term if it was not significant.

We calculated ICCs at the teacher/classroom level and the program level to measure the
proportion of the total variation in children's outcomes that is associated with teacher/classroom characteristics and programlevel characteristics. An ICC closer to 1.0 indicates that more of the total variation is associated with that leveI. An ICC closer to 0 indicates the reverse: that the outcomes do not vary as much across that level relative to the other levels.

The variance in children's outcomes in the spring is predominantly associated with variation across children within classrooms and programs. The proportion of variance in children's cognitive outcomes associated with classroom-level variation within programs is 5 to 7 percent; and the proportion associated with variation across programs is 9 to 12 percent. The proportion of variance in children's socialemotional outcomes associated with classroomlevel variation within programs is 18 to 23 percent and the proportion associated with variation across programs is 6 to 7 percent. The higher proportion of variation in social-emotional outcomes associated with the classroom level (as compared with cognitive outcomes) may partly reflect the fact that the social-emotional outcomes were reported by teachers, who may have different interpretations of children's behavior.

The proportion of the available variance in child outcomes at each level that was explained by variables in the model was highest for the childlevel variables and lowest for the program-level variables. Models specified with only child/family characteristics explained 36 to 65 percent of the variance in the outcomes. When teacher/classroom characteristics were added to the models, an additional 1 to 7 percent of the variance was explained. Program characteristics in the models explained approximately 1 percent more of the variance for each of the outcomes (except for problem behaviors, for which the program-level variables explained 0.1 percent of the variance).

Table E.1. CLASS Instructional Support

|  | Model 1 | Model 2 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Teacher/classroom level <br> Teacher education <br> High school or less (referent) |  |  |
| AA | -.158 | -.138 |
| BA | -.138 | -.099 |
| Teacher experience |  |  |
| $\quad==3$ years (referent) | -.013 | -.004 |
| 4-10 years | -.151 | -.132 |
| 11-12 years | -.054 | -.081 |
| $>20$ | -.047 | -.048 |
| Depressive symptoms | .014 | .020 |
| Mentoring | .019 | .009 |
| Management support | .041 | .042 |
| DAP attitudes | .078 | .071 |
| Satisfaction |  |  |
| Program level |  | -.145 |
| Program SES |  | -.039 |
| Percentage ELL |  | .074 |
| Percentage C/A package |  | -.001 |
| Teacher turnover |  | -.012 |
| Salary |  |  |

Table E.2. CLASS Language Modeling

|  | Model 1 | Effect Sizes (ES) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 1 | Model 2 | Effect Sizes (ES) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less (referent) |  |  |  |  |
| AA | -. 146 |  | -. 124 |  |
| BA | -. 137 |  | -. 094 |  |
| Teacher experience |  |  |  |  |
| $4-10$ years | . 010 |  | . 010 |  |
| 11-12 years | -. 097 |  | -. 078 |  |
| >20 | -. 048 |  | -. 091 |  |
| Depressive symptoms | -. 088 |  | -.093* | -. 119 |
| Mentoring | . 009 |  | . 015 |  |
| Management support | . 014 |  | . 006 |  |
| DAP attitudes | .060* | . 148 | .059* | . 148 |
| Satisfaction | . 085 |  | . 079 |  |
| Program level |  |  |  |  |
| Program SES |  |  | -. 149 |  |
| Percentage ELL |  |  | -. 146 |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  | . 059 |  |
| Teacher turnover |  |  | -. 002 |  |
| Salary |  |  | -. 016 |  |
| * p < 05 . |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Of significant predictors in the model. |  |  |  |  |
| NOTE: The effect size shows the binary independent variable, or the dependent variable (that is, one sta of a standard deviation change in the | ed mean diff zed associati ation chang ent variable) | nce in the depen between a contin the independent | variable bet independe able is relat | two groups for riable and the some percenta |

Table E.3. ECERS Teaching and Interactions

|  | Model 1 | Effect Sizes (ES) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 1 | Model 2 | Effect Sizes (ES) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less (referent) |  |  |  |  |
| AA | -. 101 |  | -. 135 |  |
| BA | -. 243 |  | -. 304 |  |
| Teacher experience |  |  |  |  |
| 4-10 years | . 089 |  | . 075 |  |
| 11-12 years | . 037 |  | . 026 |  |
| >20 | . 018 |  | . 054 |  |
| Depressive symptoms | . 005 |  | -. 004 |  |
| Mentoring | . 003 |  | -. 002 |  |
| Management support | . 022 |  | . 032 |  |
| DAP attitudes | . 030 |  | . 028 |  |
| Satisfaction | . $247 * * *$ | . 174 | . $258 * * *$ | . 182 |
| Program level |  |  |  |  |
| Program SES |  |  | .493** | . 171 |
| Percentage ELL |  |  | -. 141 |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  | . 142 |  |
| Teacher turnover |  |  | . 001 |  |
| Salary |  |  | . 026 |  |

${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Of significant predictors in the model.
NOTE: The effect size shows the standardized mean difference in the dependent variable between two groups for a binary independent variable, or the standardized association between a continuous independent variable and the dependent variable (that is, one standard deviation change in the independent variable is related to some percentage of a standard deviation change in the dependent variable).

Table E.4. ECERS Provisions for Learning

|  | Model 1 | Effect Sizes (ES) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 1 | Model 2 | Effect Sizes (ES) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less (referent) |  |  |  |  |
| AA | . 116 |  | . 137 |  |
| BA | -. 037 |  | -. 018 |  |
| Teacher experience |  |  |  |  |
| 4-10 years | . 129 |  | . 120 |  |
| 11-12 years | -. 008 |  | . 002 |  |
| >20 | -. 164 |  | -. 164 |  |
| Depressive symptoms | . 015 |  | . 008 |  |
| Mentoring | -. 034 |  | -. 021 |  |
| Management support | . 109 |  | . 104 |  |
| DAP attitudes | .070** | . 157 | .065** | . 145 |
| Satisfaction | . 022 |  | . 022 |  |
| Program level |  |  |  |  |
| Program SES |  |  | .846* | . 363 |
| Percentage ELL |  |  | -. 208 |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  | . 102 |  |
| Teacher turnover |  |  | -. 002 |  |
| Salary |  |  | -. 002 |  |

* $\mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01$.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Of significant predictors in the model.
NOTE: The effect size shows the standardized mean difference in the dependent variable between two groups for a binary independent variable, or the standardized association between a continuous independent variable and the dependent variable (that is, one standard deviation change in the independent variable is related to some percentage of a standard deviation change in the dependent variable).

Table E.5. Teacher satisfaction with teaching as a career

|  | Model 1 | Effect Sizes <br> $(\text { ES })^{\text {a }}$ from <br> Model 1 | Model 2 | Effect Sizes <br> $(\text { ES })^{\text {a }}$ from <br> Model 2 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less |  |  |  |  |
| (referent) | $.242^{*}$ | .370 | $.300^{*}$ | .459 |
| AA | .101 |  | .165 |  |
| BA |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher experience | -.201 |  | -.179 |  |
| $\quad=3$ years (referent) | .039 |  | .080 | .003 |
| 4-10 years | -.020 |  | -.032 |  |
| 11-12 years | -.029 |  | -.004 |  |
| >20 | -.032 |  | $.330^{* * *}$ | .413 |
| Depressive symptoms | $.347^{* * *}$ | .435 | .021 |  |
| Mentoring | .026 |  | .024 |  |
| Management support |  |  | .140 |  |
| DAP attitudes |  |  | .112 |  |
| Program level |  |  | .001 |  |
| Program SES |  |  |  |  |
| Percentage ELL |  |  |  |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher turnover |  |  |  |  |
| Salary |  |  |  |  |

[^2]${ }^{\text {a }}$ Of significant predictors in the model.

NOTE: The effect size shows the standardized mean difference in the dependent variable between two groups for a binary independent variable, or the standardized association between a continuous independent variable and the dependent variable (that is, one standard deviation change in the independent variable is related to some percentage of a standard deviation change in the dependent variable).

Table E.6. Teacher DAP attitudes

|  | Model 1 | Effect Sizes (ES) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 1 | Model 2 | Effect Sizes (ES) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less |  |  |  |  |
| AA | . 145 |  | . 275 |  |
| BA | . 222 |  | . 307 |  |
| <=3 years (referent) |  |  |  |  |
| 4-10 years | . 534 |  | . 506 |  |
| 11-12 years | .859** | . 512 | .913** | . 545 |
| >20 | 1.549*** | . 924 | 1.481*** | . 883 |
| Depressive symptoms | -. 086 |  | -. 128 |  |
| Mentoring | -.161* | -. 155 | -. 075 |  |
| Management support | . 106 |  | . 104 |  |
| Teacher satisfaction | . 028 |  | . 024 |  |
| Program level |  |  |  |  |
| Program SES |  |  | .919** | . 177 |
| Percentage ELL |  |  | -. 217 |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  | . 351 |  |
| Teacher turnover |  |  | . 000 |  |
| Salary |  |  | -. 024 |  |

${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ; * * * \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Of significant predictors in the model.
NOTE: The effect size shows the standardized mean difference in the dependent variable between two groups for a binary independent variable, or the standardized association between a continuous independent variable and the dependent variable (that is, one standard deviation change in the independent variable is related to some percentage of a standard deviation change in the dependent variable).

Table E.7. Association between PPVT and ECERS Teaching and Interactions

|  | Model 1 | ES ${ }^{\text {a from }}$ Model 1 | Model 2 | $E S^{a}$ from Model 2 | Model 3 | $E S^{\text {a }}$ from Model 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Child level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | . 030 *** | . 192 | . $028^{* * *}$ | . 178 | . $028^{* * *}$ | . 178 |
| Gender (boy) | -. 050 |  | -. 047 |  | -. 047 |  |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black | -.234*** | -. 234 | $-.212 * * *$ | -. 212 | $-.221 * * *$ | -. 221 |
| Hispanic | -. 176** | -. 176 | -.171** | -. 171 | -.184*** | -. 184 |
| Asian | -. 160 |  | -. 146 |  | -. 171 |  |
| Multiracial | -. 060 |  | -. 060 |  | -. 066 |  |
| Other | -.287*** | -. 287 | -.285** | -. 285 | -. $274 * *$ | -. 274 |
| Household language | $-.217 * * *$ | -. 217 | -. $224 * * *$ | -. 224 | -. 239 *** | -. 239 |
| Poverty ratio | . 017 |  | . 017 |  | $.017$ |  |
| Maternal education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school/GED | .092* | . 092 | .092* | . 092 | .090* | . 090 |
| Some college | . 163 *** | . 163 | .160*** | . 160 | .158*** | . 158 |
| BA | .243*** | . 243 | .236** | . 236 | .232*** | . 232 |
| Maternal depressive | . 001 |  | . 001 |  | . 001 |  |
| symptoms |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PPVT score in the fall | . 583 *** | . 583 | . 588 *** | . 588 | $.585 * * *$ | . 585 |
| Assessment time interval | .021* | . 058 | . 023 ** | . 064 | . 021 ** | . 061 |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AA |  |  | . 018 |  | . 037 |  |
| BA |  |  | . 051 |  | . 057 |  |
| Fulltime class |  |  | -. 056 |  | -. 058 |  |
| Peer abilities |  |  | . 058 |  | . 064 |  |
| Variation of peer abilities |  |  | .284*** | . 101 | .278*** | . 099 |
| ECERS Teaching and |  |  | . 050 ** | . 045 | .049** | . 045 |
| Interactions |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DAP attitudes |  |  | . 016 |  | . 015 |  |
| Program level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program SES |  |  |  |  | . 023 |  |
| Percentage ELL |  |  |  |  | . 100 |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  |  |  | .109* | . 040 |
| Teacher turnover |  |  |  |  | . 001 |  |
| Mean salary |  |  |  |  | . 000 |  |

Note. ES=Effect size.
${ }^{a}$ Of significant predictors in the model.
NOTE: The effect size shows the standardized mean difference in the dependent variable between two groups for a binary independent variable, or the standardized association between a continuous independent variable and the dependent variable (that is, one standard deviation change in the independent variable is related to some percentage of a standard deviation change in the dependent variable).

Table E.8. Association between PPVT and CLASS Instructional Support

|  | Model 1 | ES ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 1 | Model 2 | ES $^{\text {a }}$ from Model 2 | Model 3 | ES ${ }^{\text {a from }}$ Model 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Child level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | . 030 *** | . 192 | . 028 *** | . 180 | . 028 *** | . 180 |
| Gender (boy) | -. 050 |  | -. 048 |  | -. 047 |  |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black | $-.234^{* * *}$ | -. 234 | -.218*** | -. 218 | -.226*** | -. 226 |
| Hispanic | -.176** | -. 176 | -.172** | -. 172 | -.183*** | -. 183 |
| Asian | -. 160 |  | -. 164 |  | -. 187 |  |
| Multiracial | -. 060 |  | -. 065 |  | -. 072 |  |
| Other | $-.287^{* * *}$ | -. 287 | -.278** | -. 278 | -.269** | -. 269 |
| Household language | $-.217^{* *}$ | -. 217 | -.224*** | -. 224 | -.239*** | -. 239 |
| Poverty ratio | . 017 |  | . 020 |  | . 017 |  |
| Maternal education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school/GED | .092* | . 092 | .089* | . 089 | .088* | . 088 |
| Some college | .163*** | . 163 | .161*** | . 161 | .160*** | . 160 |
| BA | .243*** | . 243 | .235*** | . 235 | .230*** | . 230 |
| Maternal depressive symptoms | . 001 |  | . 001 |  | . 001 |  |
| PPVT score in the fall | . 583 *** | . 583 | .588*** | . 588 | .584*** | . 584 |
| Assessment time interval | .021* | . 058 | .023** | . 064 | .020** | . 058 |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AA |  |  | . 026 |  | . 043 |  |
| BA |  |  | . 056 |  | . 058 |  |
| Fulltime class |  |  | -. 063 |  | -. 061 |  |
| Peer abilities |  |  | . 061 |  | . 061 |  |
| Variation of peer abilities |  |  | .287*** | . 102 | .281*** | . 100 |
| Instructional Support |  |  | -. 187 |  | -. 177 |  |
| Squared Instructional |  |  | .056* | . 124 | .054* | . 120 |
| Support |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DAP attitudes |  |  | . 016 |  | . 015 |  |
| Program level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program SES |  |  |  |  | . 053 |  |
| Percentage ELL |  |  |  |  | . 081 |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  |  |  | . 100 |  |
| Teacher turnover |  |  |  |  | . 001 |  |
| Mean salary |  |  |  |  | . 002 |  |

Note. ES=Effect size.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Of significant predictors in the model.
NOTE: The effect size shows the standardized mean difference in the dependent variable between two groups for a binary independent variable, or the standardized association between a continuous independent variable and the dependent variable (that is, one standard deviation change in the independent variable is related to some percentage of a standard deviation change in the dependent variable).

Table E.9. Association between PPVT and CLASS Language Modeling

|  | Model 1 | ES ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 1 | Model 2 | $\mathrm{ES}^{\text {a }}$ from Model 2 | Model 3 | ES ${ }^{\text {a from }}$ Model 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Child level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | .030*** | . 192 | .028*** | . 181 | .028*** | . 182 |
| Gender (boy) | -. 050 |  | -. 048 |  | -. 048 |  |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black | -.234*** | -. 234 | -.219*** | -. 219 | $-.227^{* * *}$ | -. 227 |
| Hispanic | -.176** | -. 176 | -.171** | -. 171 | $-.181^{* * *}$ | -. 181 |
| Asian | -. 160 |  | -. 160 |  | -. 182 |  |
| Multiracial | -. 060 |  | -. 063 |  | -. 070 |  |
| Other | $-.287^{* * *}$ | -. 287 | -.277** | -. 277 | -.269** | -. 269 |
| Household language | -.217*** | -. 217 | -.229*** | -. 229 | -.243*** | -. 243 |
| Poverty ratio | . 017 |  | . 018 |  | . 018 |  |
| Maternal education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school/GED | .092* | . 092 | .086* | . 086 | .085* | . 085 |
| Some college | .163*** | . 163 | .160*** | . 160 | .158*** | . 158 |
| BA | .243*** | . 243 | .235*** | . 235 | .232*** | . 232 |
| Maternal depressive symptoms | . 001 |  | . 001 |  | . 001 |  |
| PPVT score in the fall | .583*** | . 583 | .586*** | . 586 | .583*** | . 583 |
| Assessment time interval | .021* | . 058 | .022** | . 061 | .019** | . 055 |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AA |  |  | . 029 |  | . 045 |  |
| BA |  |  | . 062 |  | . 063 |  |
| Fulltime class |  |  | -. 064 |  | -. 062 |  |
| Peer abilities |  |  | . 060 |  | . 060 |  |
| Variation of peer abilities |  |  | .290*** | . 104 | .284*** | . 101 |
| Language Modeling |  |  | -.314** | -. 197 | -.307** | -. 193 |
| Squared Language |  |  | .076*** | . 219 | .075*** | . 216 |
| Modeling |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DAP attitudes |  |  | . 017 |  | . 015 |  |
| Program level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program SES |  |  |  |  | . 056 |  |
| Percentage ELL |  |  |  |  | . 076 |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  |  |  | . 100 |  |
| Teacher turnover |  |  |  |  | . 001 |  |
| Mean salary |  |  |  |  | . 002 |  |

Note. ES=Effect size.
${ }^{a}$ Of significant predictors in the model.
NOTE: The effect size shows the standardized mean difference in the dependent variable between two groups for a binary independent variable, or the standardized association between a continuous independent variable and the dependent variable (that is, one standard deviation change in the independent variable is related to some percentage of a standard deviation change in the dependent variable).

Table E.10. Association between WJ Letter Word (LW) and ECERS Teaching and Interactions

|  | Model 1 | ES ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 1 | Model 2 | $E S^{a}$ from Model 2 | Model 3 | ES ${ }^{\text {a from }}$ Model 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Child level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | .028*** | . 183 | .029*** | . 187 | .028*** | . 184 |
| Gender (boy) | -.174** | -. 174 | -.175** | -. 175 | -.173** | -. 173 |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black | . 114 |  | . 111 |  | . 091 |  |
| Hispanic | -. 054 |  | -. 059 |  | -. 088 |  |
| Asian | . 231 |  | . 218 |  | . 198 |  |
| Multiracial | -. 008 |  | . 007 |  | . 001 |  |
| Other | -. 153 |  | -. 140 |  | -. 111 |  |
| Household language | .181** | . 181 | .180** | . 180 | .161* | . 161 |
| Poverty ratio | .026* | . 039 | .027* | . 040 | .029* | . 044 |
| Maternal education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school/GED | .160* | . 160 | .148* | . 148 | .144* | . 144 |
| Some college | .165* | . 165 | .151* | . 151 | .155* | . 155 |
| BA | . 119 |  | . 110 |  | . 111 |  |
| Maternal depressive symptoms | -. 001 |  | -. 001 |  | -. 001 |  |
| LW score in the fall | .478*** | . 478 | .468*** | . 468 | .467*** | . 467 |
| Assessment time interval | .032** | . 090 | .032** | . 089 | .028** | . 079 |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AA |  |  | -. 001 |  | -. 002 |  |
| BA |  |  | . 062 |  | . 051 |  |
| Fulltime class |  |  | . 001 |  | . 011 |  |
| Peer abilities |  |  | -. 091 |  | -. 087 |  |
| Variation of peer abilities |  |  | .436*** | . 163 | .405*** | . 153 |
| ECERS Teaching and |  |  | -. 001 |  | . 003 |  |
| Interactions |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DAP attitudes |  |  | . 034 |  | . 041 |  |
| Program level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program SES |  |  |  |  | -.192* | -. 060 |
| Percentage ELL |  |  |  |  | . 099 |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  |  |  | -. 036 |  |
| Teacher turnover |  |  |  |  | . 001 |  |
| Mean salary |  |  |  |  | . 002 |  |

Note. ES=Effect size.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Of significant predictors in the model.
NOTE: The effect size shows the standardized mean difference in the dependent variable between two groups for a binary independent variable, or the standardized association between a continuous independent variable and the dependent variable (that is, one standard deviation change in the independent variable is related to some percentage of a standard deviation change in the dependent variable).

Table E.11. Associations between WJ Letter Word (LW) and CLASS Instructional Support

|  | Model 1 | ES ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 1 | Model 2 | ES ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 2 | Model 3 | ES ${ }^{\text {a from }}$ Model 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Child level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | .028*** | . 183 | .029*** | . 187 | .028*** | . 184 |
| Gender (boy) | -.174** | -. 174 | -.175** | -. 175 | -.173** | -. 173 |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black | . 114 |  | . 112 |  | . 091 |  |
| Hispanic | -. 054 |  | -. 058 |  | -. 087 |  |
| Asian | . 231 |  | . 218 |  | . 198 |  |
| Multiracial | -. 008 |  | . 007 |  | . 001 |  |
| Other | -. 153 |  | -. 138 |  | -. 110 |  |
| Household language | .181** | . 181 | .180** | . 180 | .161* | . 161 |
| Poverty ratio | .026* | . 039 | .027* | . 040 | .029* | . 043 |
| Maternal education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school/GED | .160* | . 160 | .148* | . 148 | .144* | . 144 |
| Some college | .165* | . 165 | .152* | . 152 | .155* | . 155 |
| BA | . 119 |  | . 109 |  | . 111 |  |
| Maternal depressive symptoms | -. 001 |  | -. 001 |  | -. 001 |  |
| LW score in the fall | .478*** | . 478 | .468*** | . 468 | .467*** | . 467 |
| Assessment time interval | .032** | . 090 | .032** | . 089 | .028** | . 079 |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AA |  |  | . 002 |  | -. 002 |  |
| BA |  |  | . 064 |  | . 051 |  |
| Fulltime class |  |  | . 000 |  | . 010 |  |
| Peer abilities |  |  | -. 091 |  | -. 088 |  |
| Variation of peer abilities |  |  | .434*** | . 162 | .404*** | . 152 |
| CLASS Instructional |  |  | . 012 |  | . 007 |  |
| Support |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DAP attitudes |  |  | . 033 |  | . 040 |  |
| Program level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program SES |  |  |  |  | -.189* | -. 060 |
| Percentage ELL |  |  |  |  | . 099 |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  |  |  | -. 037 |  |
| Teacher turnover |  |  |  |  | . 001 |  |
| Mean salary |  |  |  |  | . 003 |  |

Note. ES=Effect size.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Of significant predictors in the model.
NOTE: The effect size shows the standardized mean difference in the dependent variable between two groups for a binary independent variable, or the standardized association between a continuous independent variable and the dependent variable (that is, one standard deviation change in the independent variable is related to some percentage of a standard deviation change in the dependent variable).

Table E.12. Associations between WJ Letter Word (LW) and CLASS Language Modeling

|  | Model 1 | ES ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from <br> Model 1 | Model 2 | $E S^{a}$ from Model 2 | Model 3 | $\mathrm{ES}^{\mathrm{a}}$ from Model 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Child level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | .028*** | . 183 | .029*** | . 187 | .028*** | . 184 |
| Gender (boy) | -.174** | -. 174 | -.175** | -. 175 | -.173** | -. 173 |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black | . 114 |  | . 112 |  | . 092 |  |
| Hispanic | -. 054 |  | -. 057 |  | -. 086 |  |
| Asian | . 231 |  | . 220 |  | . 199 |  |
| Multiracial | -. 008 |  | . 008 |  | . 001 |  |
| Other | -. 153 |  | -. 137 |  | -. 110 |  |
| Household language | .181** | . 181 | .179** | . 179 | .161* | . 161 |
| Poverty ratio | .026* | . 039 | .027* | . 040 | .029* | . 044 |
| Maternal education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school/GED | .160* | . 160 | .148* | . 148 | .144* | . 144 |
| Some college | .165* | . 165 | .151* | . 151 | .155* | . 155 |
| BA | . 119 |  | . 110 |  | . 111 |  |
| Maternal depressive symptoms | -. 001 |  | -. 001 |  | . 000 |  |
| LW score in the fall | .478*** | . 478 | .468*** | . 468 | .467*** | . 467 |
| Assessment time interval | .032** | . 090 | .032** | . 089 | .028* | . 079 |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AA |  |  | . 002 |  | -. 001 |  |
| BA |  |  | . 064 |  | . 052 |  |
| Fulltime class |  |  | . 000 |  | . 010 |  |
| Peer abilities |  |  | -. 091 |  | -. 087 |  |
| Variation of peer abilities |  |  | .434*** | . 162 | .405*** | . 152 |
| CLASS Language |  |  | . 012 |  | . 010 |  |
| Modeling |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DAP attitudes |  |  | . 033 |  | . 040 |  |
| Program level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program SES |  |  |  |  | -.189* | -. 060 |
| Percentage ELL |  |  |  |  | . 098 |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  |  |  | -. 037 |  |
| Teacher turnover |  |  |  |  | . 001 |  |
| Mean salary |  |  |  |  | . 003 |  |

Note. ES=Effect size.
${ }^{a}$ Of significant predictors in the model.
NOTE: The effect size shows the standardized mean difference in the dependent variable between two groups for a binary independent variable, or the standardized association between a continuous independent variable and the dependent variable (that is, one standard deviation change in the independent variable is related to some percentage of a standard deviation change in the dependent variable).

Table E.13. Associations between WJ Applied Problems (AP) and ECERS Teaching and Interactions

|  | Model 1 | $E S^{\text {a }}$ from Model 1 | Model 2 | $\mathrm{ES}^{\mathrm{a}}$ from Model 2 | Model 3 | $E S^{\text {a }}$ from Model 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Child level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | .054*** | . 354 | .053*** | . 344 | .052*** | . 336 |
| Gender (boy) | -.119* | -. 119 | -.122* | -. 122 | -. 122* | -. 122 |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black | -. $424 * * *$ | -. 424 | -.408*** | -. 408 | -. 421 *** | -. 421 |
| Hispanic | -.380** | -. 380 | -.374** | -. 374 | -.414** | -. 414 |
| Asian | -. 256 |  | -. 265 |  | -. 325 |  |
| Multiracial | -. 019 |  | -. 023 |  | -. 041 |  |
| Other | -. 420 |  | -. 423 |  | -. 407 |  |
| Household language | -. 106 |  | -. 104 |  | -. 134 |  |
| Poverty ratio | . 007 |  | . 006 |  | . 005 |  |
| Maternal education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school/GED | .127* | . 127 | . 129 |  | . 123 |  |
| Some college | .131** | . 131 | .135** | . 135 | .129** | . 129 |
| BA | .219** | . 219 | .219** | . 219 | .208** | . 208 |
| Maternal depressive | . 002 |  | . 002 |  | . 002 |  |
| symptoms |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AP score in the fall | .196*** | . 196 | .183*** | . 183 | .183*** | . 183 |
| Assessment time interval | . 014 |  | . 017 |  | . 007 |  |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AA |  |  | . 062 |  | . 078 |  |
| BA |  |  | . 066 |  | . 057 |  |
| Fulltime class |  |  | -. 050 |  | -. 032 |  |
| Peer abilities |  |  | .104* | . 062 | .117* | . 068 |
| Variation of peer abilities |  |  | . 071 |  | . 069 |  |
| ECERS Teaching and |  |  | -. 024 |  | -. 032 |  |
| Interactions |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DAP attitudes |  |  | . 017 |  | . 020 |  |
| Program level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program SES |  |  |  |  | . 072 |  |
| Percentage ELL |  |  |  |  | . 219 |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  |  |  | . 078 |  |
| Teacher turnover |  |  |  |  | .002** | . 064 |
| Mean salary |  |  |  |  | . 007 |  |

Note. ES=Effect size.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Of significant predictors in the model.
NOTE: The effect size shows the standardized mean difference in the dependent variable between two groups for a binary independent variable, or the standardized association between a continuous independent variable and the dependent variable (that is, one standard deviation change in the independent variable is related to some percentage of a standard deviation change in the dependent variable).

Table E.14. Associations between WJ Applied Problems (AP) and CLASS Instructional Support

|  | Model 1 | ES ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 1 | Model 2 | $E S^{\text {a }}$ from Model 2 | Model 3 | ES ${ }^{\text {a from }}$ Model 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Child level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | .054*** | . 354 | .053*** | . 347 | .052*** | . 339 |
| Gender (boy) | -.119* | -. 119 | -.121* | -. 121 | -.121* | -. 121 |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black | $-.424^{* * *}$ | -. 424 | -. $411{ }^{* * *}$ | -. 411 | -. $424^{* * *}$ | -. 424 |
| Hispanic | -. 380 ** | -. 380 | -. 375 ** | -. 375 | -. 412 ** | -. 412 |
| Asian | -. 256 |  | -. 277 |  | -. 333 |  |
| Multiracial | -. 019 |  | -. 022 |  | -. 039 |  |
| Other | -. 420 |  | -. 434 |  | -. 413 |  |
| Household language | -. 106 |  | -. 105 |  | -. 136 |  |
| Poverty ratio | . 007 |  | . 006 |  | . 006 |  |
| Maternal education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school/GED | .127* | . 127 | . 130 |  | . 124 |  |
| Some college | .131** | . 131 | .135** | . 135 | .130** | . 130 |
| BA | .219** | . 219 | .218** | . 218 | .207** | . 207 |
| Maternal depressive | . 002 |  | . 002 |  | . 002 |  |
| symptoms |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AP score in the fall | .196*** | . 196 | .182*** | . 182 | .183*** | . 183 |
| Assessment time interval | . 014 |  | . 016 |  | . 008 |  |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AA |  |  | . 065 |  | . 085 |  |
| BA |  |  | . 078 |  | . 073 |  |
| Fulltime class |  |  | -. 035 |  | -. 021 |  |
| Peer abilities |  |  | .109* | . 064 | .122* | . 071 |
| Variation of peer abilities |  |  | . 080 |  | . 079 |  |
| Instructional Support |  |  | -. 295 |  | -. 268 |  |
| Squared Instructional |  |  | . 055 |  | . 049 |  |
| Support |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DAP attitudes |  |  | . 017 |  | . 020 |  |
| Program level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program SES |  |  |  |  | . 046 |  |
| Percentage ELL |  |  |  |  | . 198 |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  |  |  | . 089 |  |
| Teacher turnover |  |  |  |  | . 002 ** | . 061 |
| Mean salary |  |  |  |  | . 006 |  | *p $<.05 ; * * \mathrm{p}<.01 ; * * * \mathrm{p}<.001$.

Note. ES=Effect size.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Of significant predictors in the model.
NOTE: The effect size shows the standardized mean difference in the dependent variable between two groups for a binary independent variable, or the standardized association between a continuous independent variable and the dependent variable (that is, one standard deviation change in the independent variable is related to some percentage of a standard deviation change in the dependent variable).

Table E.15. Associations between WJ Applied Problems (AP) and CLASS Language Modeling

|  | Model 1 | $\mathrm{ES}^{\mathrm{a}}$ from Model 1 | Model 2 | $E S^{\mathrm{a}}$ from Model 2 | Model 3 | $\mathrm{ES}^{\mathrm{a}}$ from Model 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Child level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | .054*** | . 354 | .053*** | . 347 | .052*** | . 338 |
| Gender (boy) | -.119* | -. 119 | -.123* | -. 123 | -.122* | -. 122 |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black | -. $424 * * *$ | -. 424 | -. 416 *** | -. 416 | $-.429 * * *$ | -. 429 |
| Hispanic | -. 380 ** | -. 380 | -. 379 ** | -. 379 | -.416** | -. 416 |
| Asian | -. 256 |  | -. 295 |  | -. 348 |  |
| Multiracial | -. 019 |  | -. 025 |  | -. 041 |  |
| Other | -. 420 |  | -. 439 |  | -. 419 |  |
| Household language | -. 106 |  | -. 107 |  | -. 136 |  |
| Poverty ratio | . 007 |  | . 006 |  | . 006 |  |
| Maternal education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school/GED | .127* | . 127 | . 127 |  | . 122 |  |
| Some college | .131** | . 131 | .133** | . 133 | .128** | . 128 |
| BA | .219** | . 219 | .207** | . 207 | .197* | . 197 |
| Maternal depressive | . 002 |  | . 002 |  | . 002 |  |
| symptoms |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AP score in the fall | .196*** | . 196 | .182*** | . 182 | .183*** | . 183 |
| Assessment time interval | . 014 |  | . 015 |  | . 006 |  |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AA |  |  | . 067 |  | . 086 |  |
| BA |  |  | . 083 |  | . 075 |  |
| Fulltime class |  |  | -. 036 |  | -. 022 |  |
| Peer abilities |  |  | .111* | . 066 | .125* | . 072 |
| Variation of peer |  |  | . 079 |  | . 078 |  |
| abilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Language Modeling |  |  | -.339* | -. 216 | -.309* | -. 197 |
| Squared Language |  |  | .059* | . 171 | . 053 |  |
| Modeling |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DAP attitudes |  |  | . 020 |  | . 021 |  |
| Program level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program SES |  |  |  |  | . 050 |  |
| Percentage ELL |  |  |  |  | . 198 |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  |  |  | . 090 |  |
| Teacher turnover |  |  |  |  | . 002 ** | . 059 |
| Mean salary |  |  |  |  | . 006 |  |
| ${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ; * * \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Note. ES=Effect size. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Of significant predictors in the model. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NOTE: The effect size shows the standardized mean difference in the dependent variable between two groups for a binary independent variable, or the standardized association between a continuous independent variable and the dependent variable (that is, one standard deviation change in the independent variable is related to some percentage of a standard deviation change in the dependent variable). |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table E.16. Association between ECLS-B Mathematics and ECERS Teaching and Interactions

|  | Model 1 | ES ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 1 | Model 2 | ES ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 2 | Model 3 | ES ${ }^{\text {a from }}$ Model 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Child level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | .029*** | . 189 | .027*** | . 175 | . 027 *** | . 174 |
| Gender (boy) | -.092* | -. 092 | -.095* | -. 095 | -.093* | -. 093 |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black | -.203*** | -. 203 | -.192*** | -. 192 | -.206*** | -. 206 |
| Hispanic | -. 122 |  | -. 112 |  | -. 136 |  |
| Asian | . 023 |  | . 018 |  | -. 010 |  |
| Multiracial | -. 056 |  | -. 047 |  | -. 054 |  |
| Other | -. 176 |  | -. 183 |  | -. 168 |  |
| Household language | . 084 |  | . 071 |  | . 055 |  |
| Poverty ratio | -. 002 |  | -. 002 |  | -. 002 |  |
| Maternal education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school/GED | . 032 |  | . 030 |  | . 024 |  |
| Some college | .096** | . 096 | .098** | . 098 | .097** | . 097 |
| BA | .198** | . 198 | .189** | . 189 | .182** | . 182 |
| Maternal depressive symptoms | . 004 |  | . 004 |  | . 004 |  |
| Math score in the fall | .584*** | . 584 | .573*** | . 573 | . 571 *** | . 571 |
| Assessment time interval | . 017 |  | .017* | . 048 | .016* | . 045 |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AA |  |  | . 091 |  | .105* | . 105 |
| BA |  |  | . 085 |  | . 085 |  |
| Fulltime class |  |  | . 010 |  | -. 001 |  |
| Peer abilities |  |  | .103*** | . 051 | .098** | . 049 |
| Variation of peer abilities |  |  | . 005 |  | . 009 |  |
| ECERS Teaching and |  |  | -. 166 |  | -. 150 |  |
| Interactions |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Squared ECERS |  |  | .024* | . 173 | . 022 |  |
| DAP attitudes |  |  | . 006 |  | . 006 |  |
| Program level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program SES |  |  |  |  | -. 032 |  |
| Percentage ELL |  |  |  |  | . 094 |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  |  |  | . 056 |  |
| Teacher turnover |  |  |  |  | . 001 |  |
| Mean salary |  |  |  |  | . 000 |  |

*p<.05; **p<.01; ***p<.001.
Note. ES=Effect size.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Of significant predictors in the model.
NOTE: The effect size shows the standardized mean difference in the dependent variable between two groups for a binary independent variable, or the standardized association between a continuous independent variable and the dependent variable (that is, one standard deviation change in the independent variable is related to some percentage of a standard deviation change in the dependent variable).

Table E.17. Association between ECLS-B Mathematics and CLASS Instructional Support

|  | Model 1 | ES ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 1 | Model 2 | ES ${ }^{\text {a from }}$ Model 2 | Model 3 | ES ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Child level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | .029*** | . 189 | .027*** | . 175 | .026*** | . 174 |
| Gender (boy) | -.092* | -. 092 | -.096* |  | -.094* |  |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black | -. 203 *** | -. 203 | $-.192 * * *$ | -. 192 | -.206*** | -. 206 |
| Hispanic | -. 122 |  | -. 112 |  | -. 138 |  |
| Asian | . 023 |  | . 014 |  | -. 017 |  |
| Multiracial | -. 056 |  | -. 050 |  | -. 056 |  |
| Other | -. 176 |  | -. 180 |  | -. 165 |  |
| Household language | . 084 |  | . 081 |  | . 062 |  |
| Poverty ratio | -. 002 |  | -. 003 |  | -. 002 |  |
| Maternal education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school/GED | . 032 |  | . 031 |  | . 024 |  |
| Some college | .096** | . 096 | .099** | . 099 | .097** | . 097 |
| BA | .198** | . 198 | .187** | . 187 | .180** | . 180 |
| Maternal depressive | . 004 |  | . 004 |  | . 004 |  |
| symptoms |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Math score in the fall | .584*** | . 584 | . $573 * * *$ | . 573 | . $571 * * *$ | . 571 |
| Assessment time interval | . 017 |  | .019* | . 019 | .017* | . 017 |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AA |  |  | . 094 |  | .109* |  |
| BA |  |  | . 080 |  | . 080 |  |
| Fulltime class |  |  | -. 005 |  | -. 014 |  |
| Peer abilities |  |  | .099** | . 049 | .094** | . 046 |
| Variation of peer |  |  | . 007 |  | . 011 |  |
| CLASS Instructional |  |  | . 053 |  | . 052 |  |
| Support |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DAP attitudes |  |  | . 005 |  | . 005 |  |
| Program level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program SES |  |  |  |  | -. 021 |  |
| Percentage ELL |  |  |  |  | . 103 |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  |  |  | . 054 |  |
| Teacher turnover |  |  |  |  | .001* | . 043 |
| Mean salary |  |  |  |  | . 000 |  |

Note. ES=Effect size.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Of significant predictors in the model.
NOTE: The effect size shows the standardized mean difference in the dependent variable between two groups for a binary independent variable, or the standardized association between a continuous independent variable and the dependent variable (that is, one standard deviation change in the independent variable is related to some percentage of a standard deviation change in the dependent variable).

Table E.18. Association between ECLS-B Mathematics and CLASS Language Modeling

|  | Model 1 | ES ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from <br> Model 1 | Model 2 | ES ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 2 | Model 3 | $E S^{a}$ from Model 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Child level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | . 029 *** | . 189 | . 027 *** | . 178 | . 027 *** | . 177 |
| Gender (boy) | -.092* | -. 092 | -.096* | -. 096 | -.094* | -. 094 |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black | -.203*** | -. 203 | -.194*** | -. 194 | -.208*** | -. 208 |
| Hispanic | -. 122 |  | -. 112 |  | -. 135 |  |
| Asian | . 023 |  | . 008 |  | -. 020 |  |
| Multiracial | -. 056 |  | -. 048 |  | -. 055 |  |
| Other | -. 176 |  | -. 183 |  | -. 167 |  |
| Household language | . 084 |  | . 077 |  | . 060 |  |
| Poverty ratio | -. 002 |  | -. 002 |  | -. 001 |  |
| Maternal education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school/GED | . 032 |  | . 027 |  | . 022 |  |
| Some college | .096** | . 096 | .098** | . 098 | .096** | . 096 |
| BA | .198** | . 198 | .187** | . 187 | .180** | . 180 |
| Maternal depressive symptoms | . 004 |  | . 004 |  | . 004 |  |
| Math score in the fall | .584*** | . 584 | . 572 *** | . 572 | . 571 *** | . 571 |
| Assessment time interval | . 017 |  | .018* | . 050 | .017* | . 047 |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AA |  |  | . 098 |  | .112* | . 112 |
| BA |  |  | . 087 |  | . 086 |  |
| Fulltime class |  |  | . 002 |  | -. 008 |  |
| Peer abilities |  |  | .104*** | . 051 | .098** | . 098 |
| Variation of peer abilities |  |  | . 009 |  | . 013 |  |
| Language Modeling |  |  | -. 174 |  | -. 155 |  |
| Squared Language |  |  | . 043 |  | . 039 |  |
| Modeling |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DAP attitudes |  |  | . 005 |  | . 005 |  |
| Program level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program SES |  |  |  |  | -. 024 |  |
| Percentage ELL |  |  |  |  | . 091 |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  |  |  | . 056 |  |
| Teacher turnover |  |  |  |  | . 001 |  |
| Mean salary |  |  |  |  | . 001 |  |

${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ; * * \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
Note. ES=Effect size.
${ }^{a}$ Of significant predictors in the model. NOTE: The effect size shows the standardized mean difference in the dependent variable between two groups for a binary independent variable, or the standardized association between a continuous independent variable and the dependent variable (that is, one standard deviation change in the independent variable is related to some percentage of a standard deviation change in the dependent variable).

Table E.19. Association between Social Skills and ECERS Teaching and Interactions (covariateadjusted models)

|  | Model 1 | ES $^{\text {a }}$ from Model 1 | Model 2 | $\mathrm{ES}^{\text {a }}$ from Model 2 | Model 3 | $E S^{\text {a }}$ from Model 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Child level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | .019*** | . 119 | .018*** | . 118 | .018*** | . 118 |
| Gender (boy) | $-.164^{* * *}$ | -. 164 | $-.175 * * *$ | -. 175 | -.174*** | -. 174 |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black | . 048 |  | . 081 |  | . 074 |  |
| Hispanic | . 043 |  | . 065 |  | . 059 |  |
| Asian | . 022 |  | -. 084 |  | -. 080 |  |
| Multiracial | . 155 |  | . 152 |  | . 145 |  |
| Other | -. 109 |  | -. 094 |  | -. 112 |  |
| Household language | . 105 |  | . 111 |  | . 111 |  |
| Poverty ratio | . 009 |  | . 006 |  | . 006 |  |
| Maternal education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school/GED | . 010 |  | . 016 |  | . 014 |  |
| Some college | . 026 |  | . 035 |  | . 033 |  |
| BA | -. 103 |  | -. 099 |  | -. 100 |  |
| Maternal depressive symptoms | . 002 |  | . 002 |  | . 002 |  |
| SSRS score in the fall | .504*** | . 504 | .487*** | . 487 | .487*** | . 487 |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AA |  |  | -.257** | -. 257 | -.300** | -. 300 |
| BA |  |  | -.207** | -. 207 | -.241** | -. 241 |
| Fulltime class |  |  | -. 082 |  | -. 070 |  |
| Peer social skills |  |  | .160* | . 095 | .166* | . 099 |
| Variation of peer social skills |  |  | -. 077 |  | -. 086 |  |
| Peer abilities (PPVT) |  |  | . 071 |  | . 063 |  |
| Variation of peer abilities |  |  | . 252 |  | .242* | . 084 |
| Teaching and |  |  | -. 019 |  | -. 028 |  |
| Interactions |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DAP attitudes |  |  | .079* | . 133 | .082* | . 138 |
| Program level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program SES |  |  |  |  | . 013 |  |
| Percentage ELL |  |  |  |  | -. 069 |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  |  |  | -. 166 |  |
| Teacher turnover |  |  |  |  | . 001 |  |
| Mean salary |  |  |  |  | . 008 |  |

${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ; * * \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
Note. ES=Effect size.
${ }^{a}$ Of significant predictors in the model.
NOTE: The effect size shows the standardized mean difference in the dependent variable between two groups for a binary independent variable, or the standardized association between a continuous independent variable and the dependent variable (that is, one standard deviation change in the independent variable is related to some percentage of a standard deviation change in the dependent variable).

Table E.20. Association between Social Skills and CLASS Instructional Support (covariateadjusted models)

|  | Model 1 | $E S^{a}$ from Model 1 | Model 2 | ES ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 2 | Model 3 | ES ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Child level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | .019*** | . 119 | .018*** | . 116 | .018*** | . 115 |
| Gender (boy) | $-.164^{* * *}$ | -. 164 | -.174*** | -. 174 | -.173*** | -. 173 |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black | . 048 |  | . 086 |  | . 080 |  |
| Hispanic | . 043 |  | . 073 |  | . 068 |  |
| Asian | . 022 |  | -. 079 |  | -. 075 |  |
| Multiracial | . 155 |  | . 152 |  | . 144 |  |
| Other | -. 109 |  | -. 086 |  | -. 103 |  |
| Household language | . 105 |  | . 110 |  | . 109 |  |
| Poverty ratio | . 009 |  | . 006 |  | . 006 |  |
| Maternal education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school/GED | . 010 |  | . 016 |  | . 014 |  |
| Some college | . 026 |  | . 036 |  | . 035 |  |
| BA | -. 103 |  | -. 101 |  | -. 103 |  |
| Maternal depressive symptoms | . 002 |  | . 002 |  | . 002 |  |
| SSRS score in the fall | . $504 * * *$ | . 504 | .487*** | . 487 | 487*** | 487 |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AA |  |  | -.248** | -. 248 | -.290** | -. 290 |
| BA |  |  | -.198** | -. 198 | -.230** | -. 230 |
| Fulltime class |  |  | -. 082 |  | -. 068 |  |
| Peer social skills |  |  | .162* | . 097 | .169* | . 101 |
| Variation of peer social skills |  |  | -. 091 |  | -. 101 |  |
| Peer abilities (PPVT) |  |  | . 067 |  | . 059 |  |
| Variation of peer abilities |  |  | . 233 |  | . 221 |  |
| CLASS Instructional |  |  | . 097 |  | . 105 |  |
| Support |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DAP attitudes |  |  | .075* | . 126 | .078* | . 130 |
| Program level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program SES |  |  |  |  | . 010 |  |
| Percentage ELL |  |  |  |  | -. 069 |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  |  |  | -. 171 |  |
| Teacher turnover |  |  |  |  | . 001 |  |
| Mean salary |  |  |  |  | . 008 |  |

${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ; * * \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
Note. ES=Effect size.
${ }^{a}$ Of significant predictors in the model. NOTE: The effect size shows the standardized mean difference in the dependent variable between two groups for a binary independent variable, or the standardized association between a continuous independent variable and the dependent variable (that is, one standard deviation change in the independent variable is related to some percentage of a standard deviation change in the dependent variable).

Table E.21. Association between Social Skills and CLASS Language Modeling (covariateadjusted models)

|  | Model 1 | ES ${ }^{\text {a from }}$ Model 1 | Model 2 | ES ${ }^{\text {a from }}$ <br> Model 2 | Model 3 | ES ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Child level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | .019*** | . 119 | .018*** | . 117 | .018*** | . 117 |
| Gender (boy) | -.164*** | -. 164 | -. 174*** | -. 174 | -.175*** | -. 175 |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black | . 048 |  | . 086 |  | . 085 |  |
| Hispanic | . 043 |  | . 072 |  | . 071 |  |
| Asian | . 022 |  | -. 077 |  | -. 073 |  |
| Multiracial | . 155 |  | . 153 |  | . 147 |  |
| Other | -. 109 |  | -. 089 |  | -. 102 |  |
| Household language | . 105 |  | . 110 |  | . 109 |  |
| Poverty ratio | . 009 |  | . 006 |  | . 006 |  |
| Maternal education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school/GED | . 010 |  | . 016 |  | . 015 |  |
| Some college | . 026 |  | . 035 |  | . 034 |  |
| BA | -. 103 |  | -. 098 |  | -. 099 |  |
| Maternal depressive symptoms | . 002 |  | . 002 |  | . 002 |  |
| SSRS score in the fall | .504*** | . 504 | .487*** | . 487 | .487*** | . 487 |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AA |  |  | -.252** | -. 252 | -.293** | -. 293 |
| BA |  |  | -.201** | -. 201 | -.238** | -. 238 |
| Fulltime class |  |  | -. 079 |  | -. 070 |  |
| Peer social skills |  |  | .159* | . 095 | .178* | . 106 |
| Variation of peer social skills |  |  | -. 091 |  | -. 086 |  |
| Peer abilities (PPVT) |  |  | . 070 |  | . 065 |  |
| Variation of peer abilities |  |  | . 244 |  | .255* | . 089 |
| CLASS Language |  |  | . 049 |  | . 047 |  |
| Modeling |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DAP attitudes |  |  | .076* | . 127 | .081* | . 135 |
| Program level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program SES |  |  |  |  | -. 005 |  |
| Percentage ELL |  |  |  |  | -. 070 |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  |  |  | -. 152 |  |
| Teacher turnover |  |  |  |  | . 000 |  |
| Mean salary |  |  |  |  | . 008 |  |
| ${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ; * * \mathrm{p}<.01 ; * * * \mathrm{p}<.001$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{a}$ Of significant predictors in the model. NOTE: The effect size shows the standardized mean difference in the dependent variable between two groups for a binary independent variable, or the standardized association between a continuous independent variable and the dependent variable (that is, one standard deviation change in the independent variable is related to some percentage of a standard deviation change in the dependent variable). |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table E.22. Association between Problem Behaviors and ECERS Teaching and Interactions (covariate-adjusted models)

|  | Model 1 | $E S^{\text {a }}$ from Model 1 | Model 2 | ES ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from Model 2 | Model 3 | $E S^{\text {a }}$ from Model 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Child level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | -. 006 |  | -. 005 |  | -. 005 |  |
| Gender (boy) | .182*** | . 182 | .182*** | . 182 | .182*** | . 182 |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black | -. 019 |  | -. 036 |  | -. 041 |  |
| Hispanic | . 039 |  | . 041 |  | . 037 |  |
| Asian | -. 156 |  | -. 059 |  | -. 067 |  |
| Multiracial | -.145* | -. 145 | -.146* | -. 146 | -.147* | -. 147 |
| Other | -. 063 |  | -. 067 |  | -. 051 |  |
| Household language | -.264* | -. 264 | -.273* | -. 273 | -.276* | -. 276 |
| Poverty ratio | . 000 |  | . 001 |  | . 001 |  |
| Maternal education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school/GED | -. 043 |  | -. 035 |  | -. 037 |  |
| Some college | . 044 |  | . 066 |  | . 066 |  |
| BA | . 077 |  | . 101 |  | . 099 |  |
| Maternal depressive symptoms | . 000 |  | . 000 |  | . 000 |  |
| Problem Behaviors score in the fall | .612*** | . 612 | .604*** | . 604 | .604*** | . 604 |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AA |  |  | . 077 |  | . 085 |  |
| BA |  |  | . 044 |  | . 039 |  |
| Fulltime class |  |  | . 043 |  | . 039 |  |
| Peer social skills |  |  | -.140* | -. 084 | -.142* | -. 085 |
| Variation of peer social skills |  |  | . 130 |  | . 132 |  |
| Peer abilities (PPVT) |  |  | . 002 |  | . 009 |  |
| Variation of peer abilities |  |  | -. 130 |  | -. 141 |  |
| ECERS Teaching and |  |  | -. 012 |  | -. 011 |  |
| Interactions |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DAP attitudes |  |  | -. 035 |  | -. 034 |  |
| Program level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program SES |  |  |  |  | -. 064 |  |
| Percentage ELL |  |  |  |  | -. 010 |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  |  |  | . 047 |  |
| Teacher turnover |  |  |  |  | . 000 |  |
| Mean salary |  |  |  |  | . 002 |  |

*p $<.05 ; * * \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
Note. ES=Effect size.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Of significant predictors in the model.
NOTE: The effect size shows the standardized mean difference in the dependent variable between two groups for a binary independent variable, or the standardized association between a continuous independent variable and the dependent variable (that is, one standard deviation change in the independent variable is related to some percentage of a standard deviation change in the dependent variable).

Table E.23. Problem Behaviors and CLASS Instructional Support (covariate-adjusted models)

|  | Model 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{ES}^{\mathrm{a}} \text { from } \\ & \text { Model } 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Model 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ES }^{\mathrm{a}} \text { from } \\ & \text { Model } 2 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Model 3 | ES ${ }^{\text {a from }}$ Model 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Child level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | -. 006 |  | -. 005 |  | -. 005 |  |
| Gender (boy) | .182*** | . 182 | .180*** | . 180 | .181*** | . 181 |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black | -. 019 |  | -. 037 |  | -. 041 |  |
| Hispanic | . 039 |  | . 037 |  | . 033 |  |
| Asian | -. 156 |  | -. 060 |  | -. 068 |  |
| Multiracial | -.145* | -. 145 | -.144* | -. 144 | -.145* | -. 145 |
| Other | -. 063 |  | -. 075 |  | -. 057 |  |
| Household language | -.264* | -. 264 | -.272* | -. 272 | -.274* | -. 274 |
| Poverty ratio | . 000 |  | . 000 |  | . 001 |  |
| Maternal education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school/GED | -. 043 |  | -. 035 |  | -. 037 |  |
| Some college | . 044 |  | . 065 |  | . 065 |  |
| BA | . 077 |  | . 103 |  | . 102 |  |
| Maternal depressive symptoms | . 000 |  | . 000 |  | . 000 |  |
| Problem Behaviors score in the fall | .612*** | . 612 | .604*** | . 604 | .604*** | . 604 |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AA |  |  | . 071 |  | . 083 |  |
| BA |  |  | . 038 |  | . 037 |  |
| Fulltime class |  |  | . 047 |  | . 041 |  |
| Peer social skills |  |  | -.145** | -. 086 | -.147* | -. 088 |
| Variation of peer social skills |  |  | . 142 |  | . 143 |  |
| Peer abilities (PPVT) |  |  | . 006 |  | . 013 |  |
| Variation of peer abilities |  |  | -. 116 |  | -. 126 |  |
| CLASS Instructional Support |  |  | -. 076 |  | -. 079 |  |
| DAP attitudes |  |  | -. 033 |  | -. 032 |  |
| Program level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program SES |  |  |  |  | -. 076 |  |
| Percentage ELL |  |  |  |  | . 000 |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  |  |  | . 060 |  |
| Teacher turnover |  |  |  |  | . 000 |  |
| Mean salary |  |  |  |  | . 000 |  |
| ${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ; * * \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Note. ES=Effect size. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Of significant predictors in the model. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NOTE: The effect size shows the standardized mean difference in the dependent variable between two groups for a binary independent variable, or the standardized association between a continuous independent variable and the dependent variable (that is, one standard deviation change in the independent variable is related to some percentage of a standard deviation change in the dependent variable). |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table E.24. Association between Problem Behaviors and CLASS Language Modeling (covariate-adjusted models)

|  | Model 1 | ES ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from <br> Model 1 | Model 2 | $\mathrm{ES}^{\mathrm{a}}$ from <br> Model 2 | Model 3 | ES ${ }^{\text {a }}$ from <br> Model 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Child level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | -. 006 |  | -. 005 |  | -. 005 |  |
| Gender (boy) | . 182 *** | . 182 | . 181 *** | . 181 | .181*** | . 181 |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black | -. 019 |  | -. 038 |  | -. 042 |  |
| Hispanic | . 039 |  | . 037 |  | . 033 |  |
| Asian | -. 156 |  | -. 063 |  | -. 071 |  |
| Multiracial | -.145* | -. 145 | -.146* | -. 146 | -.147* | -. 147 |
| Other | -. 063 |  | -. 074 |  | -. 056 |  |
| Household language | -.264* | -. 264 | -.272* | -. 272 | -.274* | -. 274 |
| Poverty ratio | . 000 |  | . 000 |  | . 001 |  |
| Maternal education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school/GED | -. 043 |  | -. 035 |  | -. 036 |  |
| Some college | . 044 |  | . 065 |  | . 066 |  |
| BA | . 077 |  | . 100 |  | . 099 |  |
| Maternal depressive symptoms | . 000 |  | . 000 |  | . 000 |  |
| Problem Behaviors score in the fall | . $612 * * *$ | . 612 | . $604 * * *$ | . 604 | .604*** | . 604 |
| Teacher/classroom level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teacher education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High school or less (referent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AA |  |  | . 074 |  | . 085 |  |
| BA |  |  | . 040 |  | . 039 |  |
| Fulltime class |  |  | . 045 |  | . 039 |  |
| Peer social skills |  |  | -.142* | -. 085 | -.144* | -. 086 |
| Variation of peer social skills |  |  | . 143 |  | . 145 |  |
| Peer abilities (PPVT) |  |  | . 003 |  | . 010 |  |
| Variation of peer abilities |  |  | -. 124 |  | -. 133 |  |
| CLASS Language Modeling |  |  | -. 046 |  | -. 048 |  |
| DAP attitudes |  |  | -. 034 |  | -. 033 |  |
| Program level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program SES |  |  |  |  | -. 074 |  |
| Percentage ELL |  |  |  |  | -. 010 |  |
| Percentage C/A package |  |  |  |  | . 056 |  |
| Teacher turnover |  |  |  |  | . 000 |  |
| Mean salary |  |  |  |  | . 001 |  |

${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ; * * \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
Note. ES=Effect size.
${ }^{a}$ Of significant predictors in the model.
NOTE: The effect size shows the standardized mean difference in the dependent variable between two groups for a binary independent variable, or the standardized association between a continuous independent variable and the dependent variable (that is, one standard deviation change in the independent variable is related to some percentage of a standard deviation change in the dependent variable).

Table F.1. Standard Deviations for Fall and Spring FACES Child Assessment Standardized Score Data For Children Taking the Assessment in English

|  |  | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scales | Number of cases | SD | SD | SD |
| PPVT-4 Standard Score | 2266 | 14.40 | 13.57 | 11.00 |
| TVIP Standard Score | 212 | 15.02 | 15.65 | 16.25 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification Standard Score | 2101 | 17.17 | 16.79 | 17.22 |
| WJ3: Spelling Standard Score | 2223 | 15.96 | 14.92 | 18.84 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems Standard Score | 2018 | 17.51 | 14.21 | 18.28 |
| ECLS-B Math IRT Score | 2334 | 2.85 | 3.19 | 2.01 |
| ECLS-B Number/Shape Proficiency Probability Score | 2334 | 0.28 | 0.33 | 0.23 |
| Combined ECLS-B/WJ3 Applied Problems IRT Score | 2334 | 6.71 | 7.17 | 4.67 |
| Story and Print Concepts IRT Scale Score | 1941 | 2.38 | 2.41 | 2.45 |
| PPVT-4 W Score | 2266 | 17.21 | 16.27 | 11.86 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification W Ability Score | 2101 | 21.37 | 25.76 | 22.16 |
| WJ3: Spelling W Ability Score | 2223 | 29.22 | 31.34 | 34.37 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems W Ability Score | 2018 | 25.07 | 22.01 | 26.36 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table F.2. Standard Deviations for Fall and Spring FACES Child Standardized Score Data by Age For Children Taking the Assessment in English

|  |  |  | year-old |  |  |  | year-ol |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Fall 2006 | Spring $2007$ | Fall-Spring Change |  | Fall 2006 | Spring $2007$ | Fall-Spring Change |
| Scales | Number of cases | SD | SD | SD | Number of cases | SD | SD | SD |
| PPVT-4 Standard Score | 1400 | 13.37 | 13.41 | 10.70 | 851 | 15.68 | 13.79 | 11.20 |
| TVIP Standard Score | 96 | 12.47 | 14.68 | 16.61 | 113 | 16.38 | 16.08 | 15.97 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification Standard Score | 1252 | 18.85 | 18.16 | 19.82 | 834 | 14.41 | 14.05 | 12.69 |
| WJ3: Spelling Standard Score | 1351 | 15.50 | 14.68 | 18.53 | 857 | 15.24 | 15.24 | 18.35 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems Standard Score | 1184 | 17.46 | 14.67 | 19.06 | 819 | 16.51 | 13.12 | 17.01 |
| ECLS-B Math IRT Score | 1451 | 2.30 | 2.80 | 1.96 | 868 | 2.91 | 2.95 | 2.09 |
| ECLS-B Number/Shape Proficiency Probability Score | 1451 | 0.21 | 0.30 | 0.22 | 868 | 0.31 | 0.30 | 0.25 |
| Combined ECLS-B/WJ3 Applied Problems IRT Score | 1451 | 5.56 | 6.45 | 4.65 | 868 | 6.63 | 6.41 | 4.69 |
| Story and Print Concepts IRT Scale Score | 1194 | 2.13 | 2.19 | 2.52 | 735 | 2.32 | 2.23 | 2.33 |
| PPVT-4 W Score | 1400 | 15.23 | 14.64 | 11.64 | 851 | 17.32 | 15.45 | 12.18 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification W Ability Score | 1252 | 19.08 | 24.46 | 22.68 | 834 | 22.51 | 25.89 | 21.43 |
| WJ3: Spelling W Ability Score | 1351 | 28.38 | 28.89 | 33.79 | 857 | 28.44 | 28.09 | 33.90 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems W Ability Score | 1184 | 24.40 | 21.73 | 27.04 | 819 | 24.51 | 19.38 | 25.27 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a A Age as of September 1, } 2006 . ~}$

Table F.3. Standard Deviations for Fall and Spring FACES Child Assessment Standardized Score Data For Children Taking the Assessment in Spanish

|  | Fall 2007 |  | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scales | Number of cases | SD | SD | SD |
| PPVT-4 Standard Score | 25 | 10.36 | 10.52 | 9.84 |
| TVIP Standard Score | 132 | 10.02 | 11.98 | 10.35 |
| WM3: Letter Word Identification Standard Score | 49 | 10.03 | 12.07 | 14.32 |
| WM3: Spelling Standard Score | 131 | 10.66 | 12.11 | 12.73 |
| WM3: Applied Problems Standard Score | 95 | 13.60 | 14.98 | 15.65 |
| Story and Print Concepts IRT Scale Score | 94 | 2.06 | 1.97 | 2.66 |
| PPVT-4 W Score | 25 | 6.56 | 10.3 | 10.07 |
| WM3: Letter Word Identification W Ability Score | 49 | 11.28 | 18.17 | 18.64 |
| WM3: Spelling W Ability Score | 131 | 22.74 | 24.03 | 24.19 |
| WM3: Applied Problems W Ability Score | 95 | 20.17 | 22.91 | 23.05 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table F.4. Standard Deviations for Fall and Spring FACES Child Assessment Standardized Score Data by Age For Children Taking the Assessment in Spanish


Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Table F.5. Standard Deviations for Fall and Spring FACES Child Assessment Standardized Score Data by Gender For Children Taking the Assessment in English or Spanish


Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table F.6. Standard Deviations for Fall and Spring FACES Child Assessment Standardized Score Data by Race/Ethnicity For Children Taking the Assessment in English

|  | White |  |  |  | African American, non-Hispanic |  |  |  | Hispanic/Latino |  |  |  | Other |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Scales | Number of cases | SD | SD | SD | Number of cases | SD | SD | SD | Number of cases | SD | SD | SD | Number of cases | SD | SD | SD |
| PPVT-4 Standard Score | 534 | 13.99 | 13.04 | 12.00 | 863 | 12.66 | 12.43 | 9.80 | 638 | 14.47 | 12.89 | 11.01 | 213 | 13.72 | 12.97 | 12.32 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification Standard Score | 504 | 16.88 | 16.40 | 17.55 | 786 | 18.56 | 17.39 | 18.20 | 593 | 14.95 | 15.86 | 15.90 | 200 | 17.26 | 16.64 | 15.04 |
| WJ3: Spelling Standard Score | 521 | 16.32 | 15.98 | 18.53 | 835 | 15.24 | 14.11 | 17.40 | 633 | 15.78 | 14.78 | 19.95 | 217 | 17.77 | 15.08 | 21.36 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems Standard Score | 501 | 18.73 | 13.94 | 19.20 | 742 | 16.17 | 13.81 | 17.26 | 564 | 16.67 | 13.81 | 18.17 | 193 | 19.09 | 13.91 | 19.44 |
| ECLS-B Math IRT Score | 542 | 3.11 | 3.42 | 1.98 | 885 | 2.65 | 2.94 | 1.94 | 664 | 2.48 | 2.95 | 2.15 | 225 | 3.21 | 3.33 | 1.93 |
| ECLS-B Number/Shape Proficiency Probability Score | 542 | 0.32 | 0.34 | 0.23 | 885 | 0.26 | 0.32 | 0.22 | 664 | 0.25 | 0.32 | 0.24 | 225 | 0.32 | 0.34 | 0.22 |
| Combined ECLS-B/WJ3 Applied Problems IRT Score | 542 | 7.16 | 7.55 | 4.51 | 885 | 6.29 | 6.72 | 4.56 | 664 | 5.95 | 6.65 | 4.99 | 225 | 7.46 | 7.44 | 4.42 |
| Story and Print Concepts IRT Scale Score | 437 | 2.24 | 2.53 | 2.36 | 788 | 2.37 | 2.34 | 2.43 | 527 | 2.35 | 2.17 | 2.54 | 177 | 2.31 | 2.27 | 2.41 |
| PPVT-4 W Score | 534 | 16.58 | 15.49 | 12.68 | 863 | 15.76 | 15.30 | 10.76 | 638 | 16.54 | 15.14 | 11.98 | 213 | 16.86 | 15.93 | 13.12 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification W Ability Score | 504 | 20.73 | 25.78 | 22.15 | 786 | 22.16 | 25.43 | 22.38 | 593 | 19.65 | 25.66 | 22.48 | 200 | 23.51 | 26.95 | 19.55 |
| WJ3: Spelling W Ability Score | 521 | 29.63 | 31.89 | 34.14 | 835 | 27.83 | 29.72 | 31.81 | 633 | 29.08 | 32.10 | 36.40 | 217 | 31.57 | 31.57 | 38.10 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems W Ability Score | 501 | 25.80 | 21.77 | 27.31 | 742 | 23.75 | 21.32 | 25.11 | 564 | 23.68 | 21.21 | 26.70 | 193 | 26.90 | 20.72 | 27.10 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table F.7. Standard Deviations for Fall and Spring FACES Child Assessment Standardized Score Data by Number of Family Risks For Children Taking the Assessment in English or Spanish

| Scales | 0 risks |  |  |  | 1 risk |  |  |  | 2 or more risks |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Fall 2006 | Spring $2007$ | Fall- <br> Spring <br> Change |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Spring $2007$ | Fall- <br> Spring <br> Change |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall- <br> Spring <br> Change |
|  | Number of cases | SD | SD | SD | Number of cases | SD | SD | SD | Number of cases | SD | SD | SD |
| PPVT-4 Standard Score | 374 | 14.26 | 14.29 | 11.78 | 823 | 15.44 | 13.87 | 10.79 | 1010 | 14.59 | 13.44 | 10.77 |
| TVIP Standard Score | 60 | 12.77 | 16.65 | 19.67 | 162 | 13.57 | 13.41 | 14.50 | 265 | 13.09 | 13.96 | 13.45 |
| WJ3: Letter Word Identification Standard Score | 342 | 18.56 | 17.91 | 19.04 | 722 | 16.98 | 16.37 | 16.01 | 851 | 16.29 | 16.67 | 17.56 |
| WJ3: Spelling Standard Score | 347 | 16.07 | 14.95 | 18.00 | 767 | 15.68 | 14.89 | 18.49 | 913 | 16.35 | 14.66 | 19.29 |
| WJ3: Applied Problems Standard Score | 322 | 18.12 | 14.08 | 18.73 | 703 | 17.61 | 15.02 | 18.33 | 812 | 17.53 | 13.58 | 18.25 |
| WM: Letter Word Identification Standard Score | 8 | 10.97 | 11.87 | 10.65 | 15 | 8.17 | 12.57 | 16.74 | 22 | 10.38 | 11.94 | 14.38 |
| WM: Spelling Standard Score | 19 | 11.65 | 12.50 | 15.08 | 41 | 9.97 | 11.06 | 11.77 | 64 | 9.20 | 11.59 | 12.39 |
| WM: Applied Problems Standard Score | 16 | 13.87 | 17.65 | 13.22 | 33 | 13.10 | 14.87 | 15.84 | 42 | 13.27 | 14.28 | 15.56 |
| PPVT-4 W Ability Score | 374 | 16.62 | 16.60 | 12.39 | 823 | 17.70 | 16.22 | 11.47 | 1010 | 17.68 | 16.38 | 11.89 |
| WJ: Letter Word Identification W Ability Score | 342 | 20.42 | 26.88 | 23.42 | 722 | 22.27 | 25.58 | 20.74 | 851 | 20.21 | 25.14 | 23.09 |
| WJ: Spelling W Ability Score | 347 | 29.80 | 31.66 | 32.87 | 767 | 28.79 | 31.03 | 33.51 | 913 | 29.23 | 30.59 | 35.29 |
| WJ: Applied Problems W Ability Score | 322 | 26.88 | 22.20 | 26.98 | 703 | 25.14 | 23.37 | 26.18 | 812 | 24.43 | 21.01 | 26.44 |
| WM: Letter Word Identification W Ability Score | 8 | 12.37 | 17.54 | 16.16 | 15 | 9.23 | 19.36 | 21.34 | 22 | 10.59 | 17.52 | 18.43 |
| WM: Spelling W Ability Score | 19 | 21.90 | 27.60 | 28.40 | 41 | 22.49 | 23.84 | 21.16 | 64 | 21.20 | 21.91 | 24.35 |
| WM: Applied Problems W Ability Score | 16 | 22.18 | 24.39 | 19.38 | 33 | 19.37 | 24.31 | 22.53 | 42 | 18.61 | 19.69 | 23.58 |
| Story and Print Concepts IRT Scale Score | 326 | 2.19 | 2.55 | 2.54 | 748 | 2.43 | 2.33 | 2.39 | 914 | 2.31 | 2.32 | 2.48 |
| ECLS-B Math IRT Score | 368 | 2.83 | 3.26 | 2.11 | 802 | 3.00 | 3.35 | 2.07 | 954 | 2.65 | 2.99 | 1.94 |
| ECLS-B Number/Shape Proficiency Probability Score | 368 | 6.65 | 7.29 | 4.85 | 802 | 6.99 | 7.48 | 4.78 | 954 | 6.30 | 6.79 | 4.52 |
| Combined ECLS-B/WJ3 Applied Problems IRT Score | 368 | 0.29 | 0.34 | 0.25 | 802 | 0.30 | 0.34 | 0.23 | 954 | 0.26 | 0.33 | 0.23 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Number of family risks is based on three family characteristics: whether the child resides in a single parent household, whether the household income is below the poverty threshold, and whether the mother has less than a high school diploma.

Table F.13. Standard Deviations for Fall and Spring FACES TVIP Standard Scores

|  |  |  | Spring | Fall-Spring |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Change |  |  |  |  |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table F.8. Standard Errors for Fall and Spring FACES Parent and Teacher Child Report Data Selected Measures

|  |  | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scales | Number of cases | SE | SE |  |
| Child Literacy Behaviors (Teacher Report) | 2546 | 0.10 | 0.09 | 0.08 |
| Emergent Literacy Scale (Parent Report) | 2497 | 0.06 | 0.07 |  |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview and Teacher Child Report.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table F.9. Standard Errors for Fall and Spring FACES Parent and Teacher Child Report Data Selected Measures by Age


Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview and Teacher Child Report.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Age as of September 1, 2006

Table F.10. Standard Errors for Fall and Spring FACES Parent and Teacher Child Report Data Selected Measures by Gender

|  | Girls |  |  |  | Boys |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | all 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |  | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| Scales | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE |
| Child Literacy Behaviors (Teacher Report) | 1246 | 0.10 | 0.08 | 0.09 | 1300 | 0.11 | 0.11 | 0.09 |
| Emergent Literacy Scale (Parent Report) | 1212 | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 1285 | 0.08 | 0.09 | 0.05 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview and Teacher Child Report.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table F.11. Standard Errors for Fall and Spring FACES Parent and Teacher Child Report Data Selected Measures by Race/Ethnicity

|  | White |  |  |  | African-American, Non-Hispanic |  |  |  | Hispanic |  |  |  | Other |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Fall 2006 | Spring $2007$ | Fall-Spring Change |  | Fall 2006 | Spring $2007$ | Fall-Spring Change |  | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |  | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| Scales | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE |
| Child Literacy Behaviors (Teacher Report) | 533 | 0.13 | 0.15 | 0.16 | 822 | 0.13 | 0.12 | 0.11 | 978 | 0.15 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 210 | 0.21 | 0.17 | 0.19 |
| Emergent Literacy Scale (Parent Report) | 494 | 0.14 | 0.16 | 0.05 | 826 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 967 | 0.09 | 0.12 | 0.07 | 207 | 0.18 | 0.20 | 0.13 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview and Teacher Child Report.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table F.12. Standard Errors for Fall and Spring FACES Parent and Teacher Child Report Data Selected Measures by Number of Family Risks


Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview and Teacher Child Report.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Number of family risks is based on three family characteristics: whether the child resides in a single parent household, whether the household income is below the poverty threshold, and whether the mother has less than a high school diploma.

Table F.14. Summary Statistics for FACES Child Assessment Standardized Score Data For Children with Teacher Reported Disabilities ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Taking the Assessment in English in Fall and Spring

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007. All reported gains are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.

Some children were administered the cognitive assessments in Spanish (or not at all) in fall 2006 and then in English in spring 2007. Similarly, some children were unable to achieve a basal on the PPVT-4 in the fall but were able to by the spring. Data in this table reflect the performance of children assessed in English in both fall 2006 and spring 2007. In addition, mean scores are only reported for those with valid scores at both occasions (for example, those who established a basal on the PPVT-4 at both waves).

Standard scores allow for comparisons of an individual's performance to others of the same age (or grade). These scores have a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15 .
${ }^{a}$ In this table, identification of child disability is based on spring 2007 teacher reports.

Table F.15. Summary Statistics for Fall and Spring FACES Parent and Teacher Child Report Data Selected Measures for Children with Teacher Reported Disabilities ${ }^{\text {a }}$

|  |  | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scales | Number of cases | SE | SE |  |
| Child Literacy Behaviors (Teacher Report) | 361 | 0.10 | 0.12 |  |
| Emergent Literacy Scale (Parent Report) | 337 | 0.09 | 0.11 |  |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview and Teacher Child Report.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006. All reported differences are statistically significant at the .05 level.
${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<.05 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<.01 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<.001$.
${ }^{a}$ In this table, identification of child disability is based on spring 2007 teacher reports.

Table F. 16 Standard Errors for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent, Teacher, and Assessor Child Report Data Measures

|  |  |  |  | Fall-Spring <br> Change |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 |  |
| Scales | Number of |  |  |  |
| cases |  | SE | SE |  |
| Social Skills | 2672 | 0.15 | 0.22 | 0.16 |
| Total Behavior Problems | 2673 | 0.24 | 0.26 | 0.18 |
| Aggressive Behavior | 2669 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.05 |
| Hyperactive Behavior | 2673 | 0.10 | 0.12 | 0.07 |
| Withdrawn Behavior | 2669 | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.06 |
| PLBS - Total | 2672 | 0.44 | 0.53 | 0.31 |
| PLBS - Attitude toward Learning | 2672 | 0.38 | 0.48 | 0.33 |
| PLBS - Competence Motivation | 2672 | 0.45 | 0.51 | 0.33 |
| PLBS - Attention/Persistence | 2672 | 0.38 | 0.48 | 0.24 |
| Parent Report |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills/Positive Approaches to Learning | 2602 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.05 |
| Total Behavior Problems | 2597 | 0.11 | 0.11 | 0.08 |
| Assessor Rating |  |  |  |  |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Raw Score | 2748 | 0.94 | 1.18 | 0.96 |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Standard Score | 2748 | 0.73 | 1.02 | 0.85 |
| Attention | 2748 | 0.38 | 0.44 | 0.37 |
| Organization/Impulse Control | 2749 | 0.29 | 0.39 | 0.31 |
| Activity Level | 2749 | 0.15 | 0.18 | 0.15 |
| Sociability | 2749 | 0.17 | 0.21 | 0.20 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview, Teacher Interview, and Assessor Rating.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table F.17. Standard Errors for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent, Teacher, and Assessor Child Report Data Measures by Age

|  | 3 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  | 4-year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |  | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| Scales | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE |
| Teacher Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills | 1746 | 0.23 | 0.28 | 0.19 | 926 | 0.15 | 0.24 | 0.21 |
| Total Behavior Problems | 1748 | 0.30 | 0.30 | 0.19 | 925 | 0.32 | 0.34 | 0.22 |
| Aggressive Behavior | 1747 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 922 | 0.10 | 0.09 | 0.07 |
| Hyperactive Behavior | 1748 | 0.12 | 0.13 | 0.08 | 925 | 0.14 | 0.14 | 0.10 |
| Withdrawn Behavior | 1747 | 0.08 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 922 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 0.08 |
| PLBS - Total | 1747 | 0.55 | 0.62 | 0.35 | 925 | 0.46 | 0.57 | 0.36 |
| PLBS - Attitude toward Learning | 1747 | 0.45 | 0.57 | 0.41 | 925 | 0.42 | 0.55 | 0.37 |
| PLBS - Competence Motivation | 1747 | 0.58 | 0.61 | 0.37 | 925 | 0.44 | 0.53 | 0.39 |
| PLBS - Attention/Persistence | 1747 | 0.47 | 0.54 | 0.25 | 925 | 0.47 | 0.57 | 0.36 |
| Parent Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills/Positive Approaches to Learning | 1685 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 917 | 0.11 | 0.10 | 0.08 |
| Total Behavior Problems | 1682 | 0.14 | 0.13 | 0.12 | 915 | 0.12 | 0.13 | 0.11 |
| Assessor Rating |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Raw Score | 1775 | 1.13 | 1.31 | 1.09 | 972 | 0.88 | 1.01 | 1.20 |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Standard Score | 1775 | 0.92 | 1.14 | 0.97 | 972 | 0.81 | 0.98 | 1.08 |
| Attention | 1775 | 0.44 | 0.49 | 0.42 | 972 | 0.36 | 0.38 | 0.47 |
| Organization/Impulse Control | 1776 | 0.36 | 0.42 | 0.36 | 972 | 0.25 | 0.34 | 0.37 |
| Activity Level | 1776 | 0.16 | 0.20 | 0.16 | 972 | 0.18 | 0.19 | 0.20 |
| Sociability | 1776 | 0.21 | 0.24 | 0.23 | 972 | 0.15 | 0.18 | 0.22 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview, Teacher Interview, and Assessor Rating.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Table F.18. Standard Errors for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent, Teacher, and Assessor Child Report Data Measures by Gender

|  | Girls |  |  |  | Boys |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |  | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change |
| Scales | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE |
| Teacher Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills | 1310 | 0.22 | 0.20 | 0.18 | 1362 | 0.17 | 0.27 | 0.21 |
| Total Behavior Problems | 1310 | 0.24 | 0.29 | 0.20 | 1363 | 0.28 | 0.31 | 0.21 |
| Aggressive Behavior | 1307 | 0.09 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 1362 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 0.06 |
| Hyperactive Behavior | 1310 | 0.11 | 0.14 | 0.08 | 1363 | 0.12 | 0.13 | 0.09 |
| Withdrawn Behavior | 1307 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 1307 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.07 |
| PLBS - Total | 1309 | 0.44 | 0.56 | 0.34 | 1309 | 0.44 | 0.56 | 0.34 |
| PLBS - Attitude toward Learning | 1309 | 0.39 | 0.53 | 0.35 | 1309 | 0.39 | 0.53 | 0.35 |
| PLBS - Competence Motivation | 1309 | 0.43 | 0.51 | 0.38 | 1363 | 0.54 | 0.64 | 0.4 |
| PLBS - Attention/Persistence | 1309 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.27 | 1363 | 0.42 | 0.54 | 0.32 |
| Parent Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills/Positive Approaches to Learning | 1265 | 0.10 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 1265 | 0.10 | 0.09 | 0.10 |
| Total Behavior Problems | 1262 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.12 | 1335 | 0.16 | 0.15 | 0.11 |
| Assessor Rating |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Raw Score | 1348 | 0.89 | 1.18 | 1.10 | 1400 | 1.19 | 1.32 | 1.00 |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Standard Score | 1348 | 0.77 | 1.08 | 0.99 | 1400 | 0.87 | 1.07 | 0.88 |
| Attention | 1348 | 0.37 | 0.46 | 0.43 | 1400 | 0.49 | 0.49 | 0.40 |
| Organization/Impulse Control | 1348 | 0.28 | 0.38 | 0.35 | 1401 | 0.37 | 0.43 | 0.32 |
| Activity Level | 1348 | 0.15 | 0.18 | 0.17 | 1401 | 0.18 | 0.21 | 0.17 |
| Sociability | 1348 | 0.15 | 0.21 | 0.20 | 1401 | 0.20 | 0.24 | 0.22 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview, Teacher Interview, and Assessor Rating.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table F.19. Standard Errors for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent, Teacher, and Assessor Child Report Data Measures by Race/Ethnicity

|  | White |  |  |  | African-American, non-Hispanic |  |  |  | Hispanic/Latino |  |  |  | Other |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fall 2006 |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall-Spring } \\ \text { Change } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Fall 2006 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall-Spring } \\ \text { Change } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Fall 2006 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall-Spring } \\ \text { Change } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Fall 2006 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fall-Spring } \\ \text { Change } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Scales | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE |
| Teacher Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills | 571 | 0.27 | 0.41 | 0.29 | 863 | 0.34 | 0.43 | 0.21 | 1010 | 0.18 | 0.25 | 0.20 | 225 | 0.35 | 0.44 | 0.43 |
| Total Behavior Problems | 571 | 0.48 | 0.47 | 0.26 | 864 | 0.41 | 0.49 | 0.21 | 1010 | 0.48 | 0.47 | 0.28 | 225 | 0.45 | 0.51 | 0.33 |
| Aggressive Behavior | 569 | 0.16 | 0.13 | 0.08 | 863 | 0.11 | 0.14 | 0.07 | 1009 | 0.15 | 0.14 | 0.08 | 225 | 0.15 | 0.16 | 0.14 |
| Hyperactive Behavior | 571 | 0.21 | 0.23 | 0.12 | 864 | 0.20 | 0.19 | 0.08 | 1010 | 0.21 | 0.19 | 0.12 | 225 | 0.25 | 0.22 | 0.19 |
| Withdrawn Behavior | 569 | 0.09 | 0.1 | 0.09 | 863 | 0.09 | 0.15 | 0.11 | 1009 | 0.10 | 0.13 | 0.10 | 225 | 0.15 | 0.13 | 0.16 |
| PLBS - Total | 571 | 0.65 | 0.91 | 0.53 | 863 | 0.77 | 0.94 | 0.35 | 1010 | 0.93 | 0.87 | 0.5 | 225 | 0.59 | 0.89 | 0.71 |
| PLBS - Attitude toward Learning | 571 | 0.58 | 0.76 | 0.57 | 863 | 0.61 | 0.8 | 0.37 | 1010 | 0.86 | 0.78 | 0.49 | 225 | 0.63 | 1.03 | 0.81 |
| PLBS - Competence Motivation | 571 | 0.65 | 0.84 | 0.56 | 863 | 0.72 | 0.96 | 0.46 | 1010 | 0.89 | 0.84 | 0.55 | 225 | 0.73 | 0.79 | 0.70 |
| PLBS - Attention/Persistence | 571 | 0.68 | 0.84 | 0.41 | 863 | 0.78 | 0.82 | 0.27 | 1010 | 0.71 | 0.74 | 0.38 | 225 | 0.79 | 0.80 | 0.84 |
| Parent Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills/Positive Approaches to Learning | 524 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.07 | 865 | 0.19 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 993 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.08 | 217 | 0.25 | 0.34 | 0.26 |
| Total Behavior Problems | 522 | 0.33 | 0.32 | 0.14 | 864 | 0.14 | 0.16 | 0.17 | 992 | 0.16 | 0.17 | 0.15 | 216 | 0.33 | 0.24 | 0.25 |
| Assessor Rating |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Raw Score | 558 | 1.46 | 2.17 | 1.35 | 905 | 0.81 | 1.69 | 1.60 | 1043 | 2.25 | 2.05 | 1.59 | 239 | 2.54 | 1.85 | 1.90 |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Standard Score | 558 | 1.05 | 1.67 | 1.27 | 905 | 0.64 | 1.64 | 1.58 | 1043 | 1.60 | 1.63 | 1.26 | 239 | 2.03 | 1.51 | 1.63 |
| Attention | 558 | 0.63 | 0.83 | 0.49 | 905 | 0.35 | 0.65 | 0.58 | 1043 | 0.90 | 0.74 | 0.67 | 239 | 0.97 | 0.72 | 0.69 |
| Organization/Impulse Control | 558 | 0.53 | 0.76 | 0.45 | 906 | 0.26 | 0.57 | 0.54 | 1043 | 0.68 | 0.65 | 0.49 | 239 | 0.77 | 0.58 | 0.61 |
| Activity Level | 558 | 0.25 | 0.27 | 0.17 | 906 | 0.13 | 0.28 | 0.25 | 1043 | 0.37 | 0.33 | 0.25 | 239 | 0.42 | 0.35 | 0.36 |
| Sociability | 558 | 0.16 | 0.36 | 0.36 | 906 | 0.19 | 0.25 | 0.30 | 1043 | 0.33 | 0.35 | 0.27 | 239 | 0.49 | 0.28 | 0.40 |

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table F.20. Standard Errors for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent, Teacher, and Assessor Child Report Data Measures by Number of Family Risks

|  | 0 risks |  |  |  | 1 risk |  |  |  | 2 or more risks |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Fall } \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Spring 2007 | Fall-Spring Change |
| Scales | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE |
| Teacher Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills | 410 | 0.30 | 0.36 | 0.21 | 906 | 0.22 | 0.25 | 0.18 | 1150 | 0.22 | 0.26 | 0.17 |
| Total Behavior Problems | 411 | 0.43 | 0.44 | 0.32 | 907 | 0.23 | 0.27 | 0.24 | 1150 | 0.32 | 0.32 | 0.18 |
| Aggressive Behavior | 411 | 0.13 | 0.12 | 0.11 | 906 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 1147 | 0.10 | 0.09 | 0.06 |
| Hyperactive Behavior | 411 | 0.22 | 0.21 | 0.15 | 907 | 0.10 | 0.13 | 0.10 | 1150 | 0.15 | 0.13 | 0.09 |
| Withdrawn Behavior | 411 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 906 | 0.09 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 1147 | 0.08 | 0.11 | 0.07 |
| PLBS - Total | 410 | 0.68 | 0.76 | 0.62 | 907 | 0.46 | 0.58 | 0.36 | 1150 | 0.55 | 0.60 | 0.36 |
| PLBS - Attitude toward Learning | 410 | 0.66 | 0.68 | 0.76 | 907 | 0.43 | 0.53 | 0.45 | 1150 | 0.49 | 0.58 | 0.33 |
| PLBS - Competence Motivation | 410 | 0.61 | 0.68 | 0.56 | 907 | 0.50 | 0.60 | 0.33 | 1150 | 0.55 | 0.60 | 0.47 |
| PLBS - Attention/Persistence | 410 | 0.75 | 0.76 | 0.56 | 907 | 0.40 | 0.53 | 0.37 | 1150 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.29 |
| Parent Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Skills/Positive Approaches to Learning | 408 | 0.17 | 0.14 | 0.11 | 905 | 0.11 | 0.12 | 0.14 | 1137 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.09 |
| Total Behavior Problems | 408 | 0.26 | 0.21 | 0.17 | 902 | 0.14 | 0.14 | 0.10 | 1136 | 0.14 | 0.13 | 0.13 |
| Assessor Rating |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Raw Score | 419 | 1.54 | 1.69 | 1.42 | 935 | 1.07 | 1.13 | 1.15 | 1178 | 1.17 | 1.37 | 1.10 |
| Leiter Cognitive/ Social Standard Score | 419 | 1.13 | 1.42 | 1.21 | 935 | 0.82 | 1.02 | 1.10 | 1178 | 0.91 | 1.17 | 0.95 |
| Attention | 419 | 0.68 | 0.62 | 0.56 | 935 | 0.42 | 0.46 | 0.47 | 1178 | 0.48 | 0.52 | 0.43 |
| Organization/Impulse Control | 419 | 0.53 | 0.55 | 0.46 | 936 | 0.33 | 0.38 | 0.36 | 1178 | 0.37 | 0.44 | 0.37 |
| Activity Level | 419 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.24 | 936 | 0.17 | 0.16 | 0.19 | 1178 | 0.20 | 0.22 | 0.17 |
| Sociability | 419 | 0.22 | 0.31 | 0.35 | 936 | 0.21 | 0.17 | 0.22 | 1178 | 0.16 | 0.24 | 0.20 |

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007 All reported differences are statistically significant at
Number of family risks is based on three family characteristics: whether the child resides in a single parent household, whether the household income is below the poverty threshold, and whether the mother has less than a high school diploma.

Table F.21. Standard Errors for Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent, Teacher, and Assessor Child Report Data Measures for Children with Teacher Reported Disabilities ${ }^{\text {a }}$


Source: Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview, Teacher Interview, and Assessor Rating.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007 All reported differences are statistically significant at the .05 level
${ }^{a}$ In this table, identification of child disability is based on spring 2007 teacher reports.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ This score is a T-score set to have a mean of 50 and standard deviation of 10 T -scores illustrate a child's performance relative to the
${ }^{\text {c }}$ This standard score has a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15.

Table F.22. Standard Errors for Fall and Spring FACES Child Height and Weight Data

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Fall 2006 | Spring 2007 | Spring <br> Change |
| Scales | Number of <br> cases | SE | SE | SE |
| Height (in inches) | 2700 | 0.12 | 0.11 | 0.04 |
| Weight (in pounds) | 2659 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.13 |
| Body Mass Index (BMI) | 2596 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 |
| Percent of Children |  |  |  |  |
| Child is Underweight | 2577 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| Child is Normal Weight | 2577 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| Child is Overweight | 2577 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| Child is Obese | 2577 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table F.23. Standard Errors by Age for Fall and Spring FACES Child Height and Weight Data

|  |  | 3-yea | olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | 4-yea | olds $^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | all 2006 | Spring $2007$ | Fall- <br> Spring <br> Change |  | Fall 2006 | Spring $2007$ | Fall- <br> Spring <br> Change |
| Scales | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE |
| Height (in inches) | 1746 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 953 | 0.09 | 0.08 | 0.05 |
| Weight (in pounds) | 1724 | 0.19 | 0.23 | 0.15 | 934 | 0.26 | 0.26 | 0.16 |
| Body Mass Index (BMI) | 1686 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 909 | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.05 |
| Percent of Children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child is Underweight | 1670 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 907 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| Child is Normal Weight | 1670 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 907 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| Child is Overweight | 1670 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 907 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| Child is Obese | 1670 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 907 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |

$\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\omega} \quad$ Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Table F.24. Standard Errors by Gender for Fall and Spring FACES Child Height and Weight Data

| Scales | Girls |  |  |  | Boys |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fall 2006 |  | Spring 2007 | Fall- <br> Spring <br> Change | Fall 2006 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall- <br> Spring <br> Change |
|  | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE |
| Height (in inches) | 1328 | 0.11 | 0.11 | 0.05 | 1372 | 0.14 | 0.13 | 0.04 |
| Weight (in pounds) | 1315 | 0.26 | 0.27 | 0.14 | 1344 | 0.27 | 0.33 | 0.15 |
| Body Mass Index (BMI) | 1281 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 1315 | 0.04 | 0.06 | 0.06 |
| Percent of Children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child is Underweight | 1275 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 1302 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| Child is Normal Weight | 1275 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 1302 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| Child is Overweight | 1275 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 1302 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 |
| Child is Obese | 1275 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 1302 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table F.25. Standard Errors by Race/Ethnicity for Fall and Spring FACES Child Height and Weight Data

|  | White |  |  |  | African-American, non-Hispanic |  |  |  | Hispanic/Latino |  |  |  | Other |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fall 2006 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | FallSpring Change |  | Fall 2006 | Spring <br> 2007 | FallSpring Change |  | Fall 2006 | Spring <br> 2007 | FallSpring Change |  | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | FallSpring Change |
|  | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE | Number of cases | SE | SE | SE |
| Height (in inches) | 544 | 0.24 | 0.24 | 0.04 | 885 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.03 | 1030 | 0.18 | 0.18 | 0.06 | 238 | 0.27 | 0.23 | 0.12 |
| Weight (in pounds) | 539 | 0.52 | 0.60 | 0.16 | 876 | 0.27 | 0.36 | 0.14 | 1012 | 0.35 | 0.43 | 0.26 | 229 | 0.72 | 0.79 | 0.29 |
| Body Mass Index (BMI) | 535 | 0.06 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 853 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 980 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 225 | 0.14 | 0.22 | 0.14 |
| Percent of Children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child is Underweight | 531 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 850 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 977 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 216 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.04 |
| Child is Normal Weight | 531 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 850 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 977 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 216 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.06 |
| Child is Overweight | 531 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 850 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 977 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 216 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.03 |
| Child is Obese | 531 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 850 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 977 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 216 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.

Table F.26. Standard Errors by Number of Family Risks for Fall and Spring FACES Child Height and Weight Data


Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Direct Child Assessment.
ote. Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
Number of family risks is based on three family characteristics: whether the child resides in a single parent household, whether the household income is below the poverty threshold, and whether the mother has less than a high school diploma.

Table F.27. Standard Errors for Fall and Spring FACES Child Health as Reported by Parents

|  | Excellent/Very Good |  |  | Fair |  |  | Poor |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change | Fall 2006 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } \\ 2007 \end{gathered}$ | Fall-Spring Change |
| All Children | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.01 |
| 3 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 4 -year-olds ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| African American, non-Hispanic | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| Hispanic/Latino | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| Other | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Female | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| Male | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| Family Risk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 1 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 2 or More | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |

Source: Fall 2006 and Spring 2007 FACES Parent Interview.

Note: Statistics are weighted to represent all children entering Head Start for the first time in fall 2006 and who were still enrolled in spring 2007.
${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Age as of September 1, 2006.

Number of family risks is based on three family characteristics: whether the child resides in a single parent household, whether the household income is below the poverty threshold, and whether the mother has less than a high school diploma.

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[^0]:    ${ }^{\mathrm{d}}$ This composite is based on the 13 items listed above it. For each item, a response of "Never" contributed 1 point to the scal "Sometimes" contributed 2 points, "Often" contributed 3 points, and "Always" contributed 4 points to the scale.

[^1]:    ${ }^{e}$ Physical Impairment was not asked in a similar way across respondents. For parents, this category includes cerebral palsy, other physical impairment, and traumatic brain injury. Among teachers, the category includes motor impairment.

[^2]:    *p<.05; ***p<.001.

